



This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

Usage guidelines

Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

We also ask that you:

- + *Make non-commercial use of the files* We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + *Refrain from automated querying* Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + *Maintain attribution* The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + *Keep it legal* Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

About Google Book Search

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at <http://books.google.com/>

HN 21VB %

Mathematics for Common Schools

Walsh

KD34068

Digitized by Google

Digitized by Google

MATHEMATICS FOR COMMON SCHOOLS

PART I

A

PRIMARY ARITHMETIC

BY

JOHN H. WALSH

**ASSOCIATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
BROOKLYN, N.Y.**

BOSTON, U.S.A.

D. C. HEATH & CO., PUBLISHERS

1895

KD34268



COPYRIGHT, 1896,
BY JOHN H. WALSH.

Notwood Press:
J. S. Cushing & Co.—Berwick & Smith.
Boston, Mass., U.S.A.

CONTENTS.—PART I.



CHAPTER I.

	PAGE
ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION	1
NOTATION AND NUMERATION TO 99	3
Addition (no carrying)	3
Subtraction (no borrowing)	9
Addition (carrying)	15
NOTATION AND NUMERATION TO 999	18
Subtraction (borrowing)	25
Drills	28

CHAPTER II.

MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION	36
Multiplication by 2	36
Division by 2	38
NOTATION AND NUMERATION TO 9,999	42
Multiplication by 3	50
Drills	51
Division by 3	53
Multiplication by 4	56
Division by 4	58
Multiplication by 5	61
Division by 5	62
United States Money	63
Addition and Subtraction	64
Fractional Parts of Numbers	66
Roman Notation	67
Liquid Measure	68

CHAPTER III.

	PAGE
MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION—OUNCE AND POUND—TWO OPERATIONS—HALVES, THIRDS, FOURTHS—MULTIPLICATION BY A MIXED NUMBER	71
Multiplication by 6	71
Division by 6	73
Quotients and Remainders	78
Multiplication by a Mixed Number	79
NOTATION AND NUMERATION TO 99,999	81
Multiplication by 7	83
Division by 7	83
Multiplication by 8	88
Division by 8	88
Multiplication by 9	92
Division by 9	92
Multiplication by 10	96
Division by 10	96
Special Drills	97
Halves (Addition and Subtraction)	102
Fourths (Addition and Subtraction)	103
Thirds (Addition and Subtraction)	104

CHAPTER IV.

MULTIPLIERS AND DIVISORS OF TWO OR MORE FIGURES—MULTIPLIERS CONTAINING FRACTIONS—ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION OF EASY MIXED NUMBERS—INCH, FOOT, AND YARD	107
Halves and Fourths (Addition and Subtraction)	107
Multiplication by 11 and 12	110
Division by 11 and 12	111
Multipliers ending in 0	115
Divisors ending in 0	115
Long Measure	118
Multipliers of Two Digits	118

	PAGE
Long Division	120
Special Drills	123
Halves, Fourths, and Eighths	125
Multipliers ending with Ciphers	140
Halves, Thirds, and Sixths	141
Long Division Drills	144
Divisors ending with Ciphers	146
Thirds and Ninths	148
Special Drills	150
Multipliers of More than Two Figures	151

CHAPTER V.

MULTIPLIERS AND DIVISORS OF THREE OR MORE FIGURES—ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION OF EASY FRACTIONS—MULTIPLICATION BY A MIXED NUMBER—EASY DENOMINATE NUMBERS	154
Multiplication by a Mixed Number	154
Long Division	155
Special Drills	156
Mixed Numbers (Addition and Subtraction)	161
Dry Measure	164
NOTATION AND NUMERATION TO 999,999	166
More than One Operation	171
Easy Fractions (Addition and Subtraction)	173
Short Methods	175
Halves and Fifths	176
Fourths and Fifths	176
Long Division Drills	178
Thirds and Fourths	184
Denominate Numbers	186
Thirds and Fifths	192
Special Drills	194
Roman Notation	197

PRIMARY ARITHMETIC.

CHAPTER I.

ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION.

ADDITION.

1. Oral Problems.

1. A girl pays four cents for a slate and one cent for a pencil.
How much do both cost?
2. There are three pears on one plate and two on another.
How many are there on both plates?
3. John had two marbles. How many had he after buying
four more?
4. Mary is four years old, and Harry is two years older.
How old is Harry?
5. A boy lost three tops and had three tops left. How many
had he at first?
6. How many cents will it take to buy a five-cent ball and a
two-cent kite?
7. Ned has four large fire-crackers and four small ones. How
many fire-crackers has he?
8. How many wheels has a bicycle? How many has a
tricycle? How many have both together?

9. I paid six cents for Roman candles and three cents for torpedoes. How many cents did I spend?

10. William rode four miles to his uncle's and four miles home again. How many miles did he ride?

NOTATION AND NUMERATION.

2. The first nine numbers are written as follows:

One.	Two.	Three.	Four.	Five.	Six.	Seven.	Eight.	Nine.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

Zero, or nothing, is written 0.

3. Sight Exercises.

Add:

2	3	5	4	3	4	2	3	2	1	0
4	2	1	5	3	2	5	6	3	3	9
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	7	1	0	6	4	0	2	3	4	6
0	2	5	4	3	4	7	6	5	0	2
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0	8	4	9	1	7	2	3	8	1	4
0	1	3	0	6	1	0	4	0	1	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	7	6	0	5	3	2	0	6	5	0
1	0	1	6	2	0	1	8	0	3	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	1	0	1	2	1	0	1	2	1	0
4	2	5	8	2	7	3	0	7	4	2
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

NOTE. Brief drills should be given *regularly*, upon the preceding combinations, as well as upon those that follow. It is important, however, not to waste time by prolonging them too much.

NOTATION AND NUMERATION.

4. Ten is written 10.

Ten and one are eleven, written 11. Ten and two are twelve, written 12. Thirteen is written 13. Fourteen, 14. Fifteen, 15. Sixteen, 16. Seventeen, 17. Eighteen, 18. Nineteen, 19.

Twenty is written 20. Twenty-one, 21. Twenty-two, 22.

Thirty, 30. Forty, 40. Fifty, 50. Sixty, 60. Seventy, 70. Eighty, 80. Ninety, 90.

5. Write in figures:

Twenty-three. Thirty-one. Forty-two. Fifty-four. Sixty-five. Seventy-six. Eighty-seven. Ninety-eight.

Twenty-five. Thirty-six. Twenty-seven. Forty-eight. Twenty-nine. Fifty. Fifteen. Seventeen. Seventy. Ninety-nine. Eighty-four.

6. Read the following numbers:

11,	34,	45,	13,	10,	95,	16,	46,	19,
25,	94,	73,	90,	44,	60,	55,	21,	56,
83,	17,	54,	36,	50,	40,	33,	63,	72,
49,	74,	62,	47,	32,	71,	28,	52,	93,
75,	64,	48,	68,	18,	69,	12,	23,	57.

The right-hand figure is called the units' figure.

7. Slate Exercises.

If there are 12 boys in the first row and 11 boys in the second row, how many are there in both rows?

Write the numbers, placing the units' figure of the second under the units' figure of the first. Add the right-hand column, placing the total, 3, underneath. Then write the total of the other column. The answer is 23 boys. Use *b.* for boys.

12		b.
11		b.
		23

8. Add:

1. 22	2. 10	3. 31	4. 16	5. 25	6. 50
30	45	14	40	2	6
—	—	—	—	—	—
7. 13	8. 26	9. 15	10. 27	11. 48	12. 72
42	30	41	12	51	23
—	—	—	—	—	—
13. 29	14. 15	15. 63	16. 76	17. 27	18. 90
40	62	15	20	71	8
—	—	—	—	—	—
19. 63	20. 36	21. 20	22. 46	23. 57	24. 60
30	63	75	40	31	35
—	—	—	—	—	—
25. 71	26. 33	27. 44	28. 22	29. 96	30. 78
26	33	44	66	2	10
—	—	—	—	—	—
31. 35	32. 69	33. 28	34. 45	35. 74	36. 63
50	10	71	43	15	6
—	—	—	—	—	—
37. 35	38. 18	39. 43	40. 83	41. 25	42. 43
54	60	25	6	50	34
—	—	—	—	—	—
43. 26	44. 27	45. 39	46. 45	47. 63	48. 24
71	61	60	4	6	62
—	—	—	—	—	—

9. Slate Problems.

49. How many are 21 cows and 13 cows?

Write c. for cows.

50. 16 apples and 10 apples? 40 roses and 21 roses? 30 fire-crackers and 50 fire-crackers? 22 cents and 41 cents?

51. Mary paid 50 cents for a doll and 15 cents for a rubber ball. How much did both cost?

Write $\$$ for cents.

52. There were 16 horses in the field. A man put in 3 more. How many horses were then in the field?

53. Jane is 10 years old; her mother is 20 years older. How old is her mother?

54. A farmer sold 40 eggs on Monday. On Tuesday he sold 24 eggs. How many did he sell on both days?

55. There are 32 pages in John's book. In William's book there are 14 pages more than there are in John's. How many pages are there in William's book?

56. How much would you pay for a quart of ice-cream at 40 cents and a quart of strawberries at 15 cents?

57. If there are 50 boys in one class and 40 boys in another class, how many are there in the two classes?

58. A girl has read 25 pages in a primer and 40 pages in a first reader. How many pages has she read in both books?

59. There are 14 houses on one side of a street and 13 on the other side. How many houses are there on both sides?

10. Oral Problems.

1. A wheel-barrow has 1 wheel, a cart has 2 wheels, and a wagon has 4 wheels. How many wheels are there on all three?

2. A boy has 5 cents in his bank, 3 cents in his desk, and 1 cent in his pocket. How much money has he?

3. How much would I have to pay for a 5-cent ball, a 2-cent top, and a 1-cent kite?

4. Frank gave 3 cherries to Mary, 3 to Fred, and had 3 for himself. How many had he at first?

5. There are 3 pictures on one wall, 2 on another, 1 on another, and 2 on another. How many pictures are there on the four walls?

6. A girl pays 4 cents for a slate, 3 cents for a blank book, and 2 cents for a lead pencil. How much does she pay for all of them?

7. There are 3 books on the first shelf, 3 on the second shelf, and 3 on the third shelf. How many are there on the three shelves?

8. A boy reads 2 pages on Monday, 2 on Tuesday, 2 on Wednesday, and 2 on Thursday. How many pages does he read in four days?

9. There are 3 birds on one branch, 2 on another, 1 on another, 2 on another. How many birds are on the four branches?

10. William is 5 years old, James is 2 years older than William, Sarah is 2 years older than James. How old is Sarah?

11. Sight Exercises.

In adding these and subsequent examples, the pupils should use as few words as possible. In the first example, six—eight is said; three—six, in the second; five—nine, in the third; etc.

Add :

2	3	4	5	2	4	0	1	4	1
4	2	2	1	2	0	1	2	5	2
2	1	3	2	2	4	3	3	0	4
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1	8	9	2	1	3	4	7	6	
7	0	0	3	5	3	1	1	2	
1	1	0	2	2	3	1	0	1	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
1	2	3	1	0	3	5	3	0	
3	3	4	5	4	6	2	4	0	
2	4	0	2	4	0	2	0	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	

2	1	4	2	4	5	4	3	2
2	2	0	0	2	1	0	1	0
2	3	3	4	0	2	4	1	6
2	2	1	2	3	1	0	3	1
<hr/>								
1	8	0	2	1	3	4	2	1
7	0	9	3	5	3	1	2	1
1	0	0	2	2	3	1	2	1
0	1	0	1	0	0	3	3	5
<hr/>								

12. Slate Exercises.

Add :

1. 22	2. 43	3. 17	4. 6	5. 35	6. 11
12	5	20	21	21	55
5	20	41	30	12	22
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
7. 10	8. 35	9. 1	10. 95	11. 64	12. 27
14	4	3	2	5	10
15	50	34	1	30	61
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
13. 35	14. 33	15. 1	16. 13	17. 52	18. 17
13	33	16	42	4	60
41	33	50	34	12	1
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
19. 15	20. 47	21. 22	22. 13	23. 15	24. 43
4	20	22	23	3	32
20	10	22	33	60	11
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
25. 50	26. 4	27. 41	28. 53	29. 25	30. 65
31	60	42	2	10	31
7	5	3	4	3	2
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
31. 12	32. 23	33. 16	34. 32	35. 4	36. 12
12	23	8	32	12	3
12	23	20	32	60	62
12	30	40	2	1	2
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

37.	40	38.	64	39.	25	40.	50	41.	50	42.	72
	4		2		10		25		30		4
	5		3		2		10		5		2
	<u>20</u>		<u>10</u>		<u>1</u>		<u>2</u>		<u>3</u>		<u>1</u>
43.	21	44.	30	45.	35	46.	1	47.	13	48.	47
	21		30		13		16		40		20
	21		30		41		50		34		10
	<u>21</u>		<u>5</u>		<u>10</u>		<u>2</u>		<u>1</u>		<u>2</u>
49.	20	50.	22	51.	13	52.	41	53.	14	54.	21
	20		22		4		12		2		32
	20		22		20		13		60		43
	<u>20</u>		<u>22</u>		<u>2</u>		<u>20</u>		<u>12</u>		<u>2</u>
55.	14	56.	17	57.	44	58.	30	59.	1	60.	27
	3		20		11		3		3		30
	1		1		22		6		14		11
	<u>81</u>		<u>50</u>		<u>1</u>		<u>40</u>		<u>61</u>		<u>1</u>

13. Original Problems.

Make problems containing the following numbers:

2	3	4	5	2
4	2	2	1	2
<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

Thus: a duck has 2 feet, a cat has 4 feet, a hen has 2 feet. How many feet have they?

My father gave me 2 cents, my mother gave me 4 cents, uncle John gave me 2 cents. How many cents had I then?

14. Slate Problems.

- How much will I have to pay for a pound of 50-cent tea, a pound of 25-cent coffee, a pound of raisins at 10 cents, and a 3-cent orange?

2. There are 30 boys in the first class, 42 in the second class, and 24 in the third class. How many are there in the three classes?

3. 22 girls had the right answer, and 17 had wrong ones. How many girls were in the class?

4. Martha has a 25-cent piece, a 10-cent piece, and a 2-cent piece. How much money has she?

5. I bought a piece of muslin for 24 cents, some ribbon for 20 cents, and a spool of thread for 5 cents. How much did I pay?

6. There are 24 cherries on one branch, 20 on another, and 40 on another. How many are there on the three branches?

7. A hunter shot at a flock of blackbirds. He killed 16, and 10 flew away. How many were there in the flock?

8. There are 25 ducks in one pond, and 24 in another pond. How many are there in both?

9. Mrs. Jones bought a doll for Mary for 40 cents, and one for Sarah for 40 cents. How much did she pay for the dolls?

10. A boy paid 20 cents for fire-crackers, 10 cents for torpedoes, 5 cents for pin-wheels, 4 cents for sky-rockets. How much money did he spend?

SUBTRACTION.

15. Oral Problems.

1. A boy spent 9 cents for a blank book and a slate. The blank book cost 5 cents. How much did he pay for the slate?

2. Mary wishes to buy a 5-cent doll. She has 3 cents already. How many more cents does she need?

3. Sarah is 6 years old. In how many years will she be 8?

4. Thomas took out 6 marbles. He brought back 8. How many did he buy?

5. What number must we add to 4 to make 7?

16. Oral Exercises.

8 and what are 9?	3 and what are 5?
6 and what are 8?	7 and what are 7?
7 and what are 9?	2 and what are 4?
5 and what are 6?	1 and what are 4?
9 and what are 9?	7 and what are 8?
5 and what are 7?	3 and what are 3?
2 and what are 5?	3 and what are 6?
6 and what are 9?	8 and what are 8?
0 and what are 2?	4 and what are 7?
1 and what are 9?	0 and what are 8?
5 and what are 5?	4 and what are 6?
4 and what are 4?	2 and what are 6?
5 and what are 9?	4 and what are 8?
1 and what are 6?	0 and what are 9?
1 and what are 8?	3 and what are 7?
0 and what are 6?	4 and what are 5?
5 and what are 5?	2 and what are 7?
3 and what are 4?	2 and what are 9?
3 and what are 3?	1 and what are 5?
4 and what are 9?	4 and what are 4?

17. Give the missing numbers:

2	6	0	1	0	5	1	2
?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
8	6	7	7	2	8	1	3
?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
3	6	1	6	1	2	0	0
8	7	2	9	3	2	1	0

18. Oral Problems.

1. A girl has 6 cents. She spends 2 cents. How many cents has she left?

2. There were 5 pears on a plate. Some children ate 3. How many were on the plate then?

3. John had 8 marbles. How many had he after losing 4 marbles?

4. Harry is 6 years old. Mary is 2 years younger. How old is Mary?

5. A boy had 6 tops. He has 3 now. How many did he lose?

19. Sight Exercises.

Subtract:

9

We see that 8 and 1 are 9.

8

5

3 and 2 are 5.

1

The answer is 1.

2

The answer is 2.

8	7	9	4	6	4	9	8	7	3
6	7	7	2	5	1	9	7	5	0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5	6	9	8	1	7	9	8	5	6
2	3	6	8	0	4	1	0	5	4
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4	6	9	8	0	6	9	8	7	6
4	2	5	4	0	1	0	1	3	0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5	5	7	4	9	3	5	9	4	8
4	0	2	3	2	3	1	4	0	2
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
6	7	7	8	1	2	3	8	7	9
6	0	1	5	1	0	2	3	6	3
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

20. Original Problems.

Make problems in subtraction containing the following numbers:

Thus: there were 9 birds on a tree. 3 flew away. How many were left? A boy had 7 cents. He spent 4. How many cents had he then?

9

7

8

6

4

3

4

5

2

1

21. Slate Exercises.

A boy has 25 cents. He pays 15 cents for a ball. How much will he have then?

25¢ Write the larger number above the smaller, the units' figures in **15¢** a line. Begin at the units' column, and find the number which **10¢** must be added to 5 to make 5. Say 5 and 0 (writing the 0) are 5. 1 and 1 (writing 1) are 2. The answer is 10 cents.

In adding aloud, the word *and* should not be used. In subtracting, it indicates that the number said after *and* is to be written.

22. Subtract:

1. 64	2. 87	3. 55	4. 28	5. 57	6. 46
<u>52</u>	<u>76</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>5</u>
7. 79	8. 19	9. 35	10. 36	11. 94	12. 62
<u>18</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>10</u>
13. 70	14. 29	15. 18	16. 59	17. 66	18. 16
<u>30</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>6</u>
19. 88	20. 75	21. 69	22. 87	23. 99	24. 54
<u>44</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>98</u>	<u>10</u>
25. 35	26. 63	27. 59	28. 38	29. 96	30. 81
<u>4</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>30</u>
31. 17	32. 93	33. 85	34. 62	35. 38	36. 69
<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>23</u>
37. 88	38. 48	39. 75	40. 37	41. 29	42. 25
<u>43</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>10</u>
43. 64	44. 87	45. 28	46. 67	47. 55	48. 46
<u>32</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>15</u>
49. 79	50. 98	51. 49	52. 66	53. 98	54. 45
<u>27</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>11</u>

55. 62	56. 76	57. 29	58. 18	59. 59	60. 88
40	30	28	15	34	40

61. From 38 cows take 12 cows.
 62. From 84 apples take 40 apples.
 63. From 76 roses take 31 roses.
 64. From 62 cents take 10 cents.
 65. From 93 horses take 23 horses.

*ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION.***23. Slate Problems.**

66. A boy has 55 cents in his bank; his uncle gives him 10 cents more. How much money has he then?

67. James goes to the store with 75 cents; he buys 60 cents' worth of groceries. How much change does he bring home?

68. There are 32 boys in a class and 20 girls. How many more boys than girls are in the class?

69. There are 32 boys in a class and 20 girls. How many pupils are there in the class?

70. I did 60 problems last week; 40 were right. How many were wrong?

71. Sarah had 26 cherries; she ate 6. How many had she left?

72. There are 40 apples on one tree and 20 on another. How many apples are there on both trees?

73. Thomas wishes to buy a ball for 50 cents; he has saved 30 cents already. How many more cents does he need?

74. How much would a boy have to pay for a 25-cent ball and a 10-cent bat?

75. Ann buys a pound of 40-cent tea for her mother, and gets 10 cents change. How much money did she give the grocer?

24. Sight Exercises.

Add :

9	8	2	7	5	3	8	7	9
1	2	9	3	5	9	3	5	2
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4	1	4	3	9	5	4	9	6
8	9	7	8	3	6	9	4	6
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
6	3	2	5	5	8	6	8	9
4	7	8	7	8	5	7	4	5
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

25. The sign of addition is +.

2 + 3 = 5 is read, 2 plus 3 equals 5 ; or, 2 and 3 are 5.

26. Give answers :

7 + 6	9 + 8	9 + 4	6 + 5
7 + 8	9 + 5	8 + 9	8 + 8
6 + 5	9 + 6	5 + 9	9 + 9
9 + 7	7 + 7	4 + 6	8 + 0
6 + 9	6 + 8	8 + 6	0 + 9
7 + 9	8 + 7	7 + 9	3 + 8

27. Oral Problems.

1. Susan has 9 splints in one hand and 3 in the other. How many splints has she in both hands?
2. A boy buys a ball for 10 cents, and a bat for 5 cents. How much does he give for both?
3. There are 7 girls sitting in the first row, and 6 girls in the second row. How many are there in the two rows?
4. Samuel has 8 cents. How much will he have if his aunt gives him 5 cents?
5. A man pays \$10 for a coat, \$3 for a vest, and \$2 for a hat. How much does he pay for all of them?

ADDITION.

28. Add 28 and 7.—Write the numbers as before; add 7 and 8; the total is 15. Under the first column write the 5, carrying the 1 to the 2 in the second column, making the total 3. The answer is 35.

28	+ 7	35
----	-----	----

29. *The answer in addition is called the sum.*

30. Slate Exercises.

Find sums:

1. 16	2. 28	3. 39	4. 43	5. 65	6. 57
<u> 4</u>	<u> 17</u>	<u> 46</u>	<u> 37</u>	<u> 29</u>	<u> 16</u>
7. 78	8. 84	9. 23	10. 13	11. 23	12. 45
<u> 15</u>	<u> 9</u>	<u> 68</u>	<u> 77</u>	<u> 57</u>	<u> 54</u>
13. 36	14. 17	15. 58	16. 5	17. 23	18. 16
<u> 25</u>	<u> 82</u>	<u> 15</u>	<u> 18</u>	<u> 35</u>	<u> 54</u>
19. 27	20. 64	21. 14	22. 25	23. 33	24. 16
<u> 72</u>	<u> 16</u>	<u> 28</u>	<u> 65</u>	<u> 47</u>	<u> 79</u>
25. 24	26. 5	27. 16	28. 23	29. 20	30. 64
<u> 24</u>	<u> 23</u>	<u> 5</u>	<u> 64</u>	<u> 15</u>	<u> 32</u>
<u> 24</u>	<u> 64</u>	<u> 25</u>	<u> 5</u>	<u> 8</u>	<u> 3</u>
31. 45	32. 8	33. 60	34. 54	35. 15	36. 32
<u> 33</u>	<u> 27</u>	<u> 9</u>	<u> 33</u>	<u> 75</u>	<u> 38</u>
<u> 6</u>	<u> 4</u>	<u> 6</u>	<u> 7</u>	<u> 8</u>	<u> 34</u>
37. 27	38. 7	39. 15	40. 17	41. 27	42. 57
<u> 26</u>	<u> 5</u>	<u> 8</u>	<u> 19</u>	<u> 7</u>	<u> 14</u>
<u> 25</u>	<u> 14</u>	<u> 42</u>	<u> 3</u>	<u> 21</u>	<u> 2</u>
43. 35	44. 16	45. 13	46. 64	47. 7	48. 84
<u> 23</u>	<u> 8</u>	<u> 46</u>	<u> 3</u>	<u> 22</u>	<u> 7</u>
<u> 14</u>	<u> 20</u>	<u> 15</u>	<u> 5</u>	<u> 8</u>	<u> 3</u>

49. $15 + 3 + 12 + 36$

54. $11 + 9 + 33 + 20$

50. $20 + 30 + 6 + 29$

55. $64 + 25 + 10$

51. $84 + 6 + 6$

56. $50 + 20 + 10$

52. $24 + 24 + 24 + 24$

57. $36 + 52 + 1$

53. $18 + 14 + 12$

58. $75 + 24$

31. *The sign of subtraction is —.*

$5 - 3 = 2$ is read, 5 minus 3 equals 2; or, 5 less 3, equals 2.

32. Find answers:

$$\begin{array}{r} 59. \ 35 \\ - 20 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 60. \ 64 \\ - 14 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 61. \ 27 \\ - 21 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 62. \ 36 \\ - 15 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 63. \ 36 \\ + 15 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 64. \ 49 \\ + 25 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 65. \ 49 \\ - 25 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 66. \ 75 \\ + 20 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 67. \ 60 \\ - 60 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 68. \ 60 \\ - 40 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 69. \ 75 \\ - 50 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 70. \ 46 \\ + 53 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 71. \ 36 \\ - 25 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 72. \ 38 \\ + 27 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 73. \ 64 \\ + 32 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 74. \ 84 \\ - 42 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 75. \ 15 \\ - 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 76. \ 26 \\ + 26 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 77. \ 25 \\ - 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 78. \ 37 \\ + 18 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 79. \ 48 \\ - 33 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 80. \ 48 \\ + 33 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 81. \ 72 \\ + 18 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 82. \ 63 \\ - 30 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

33. Sight Exercises.

Give missing numbers:

1. $2 + ? = 9$

5. $3 + ? = 11$

9. $? - 2 = 7$

2. $8 - 4 = ?$

6. $8 + 7 = ?$

10. $8 - ? = 5$

3. $? - 5 = 4$

7. $9 - 6 = ?$

11. $9 + 3 = ?$

4. $? - 7 = 2$

8. $? + 5 = 12$

12. $? - 8 = 2$

34. Original Problems.

Make problems containing the following numbers:

$$\begin{array}{r} 1. \ 15 \\ + 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2. \ 9 \\ - 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3. \ 12 \\ + 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4. \ 6 \\ - 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5. \ 15 \\ + 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6. \ 8 \\ + 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7. \ 8 \\ - 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8. \ 9 \\ - 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9. \ 9 \\ + 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10. \ 8 \\ - 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

35. Oral Problems.

1. William has 8 jackstones, and Mary has 5 jackstones. How many jackstones have both?

2. A grocer has 8 barrels of flour. How many will he have if he sells 4 barrels?

3. A boy has saved 9 cents. If he spends 4 cents for a blank book, how much money will he have?

4. What will be the cost of a 9-cent copy book and a 5-cent bottle of ink?

5. A man buys a coat for \$8. He pays \$5 in bills, and the remainder in silver. How much does he pay in silver?

36. The sign \$ stands for "dollars," and is written before the number.

37. Slate Problems.

1. What will be the cost of a horse and a wagon if the horse costs \$75, and the wagon \$20? $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

N.B.—Write the proper sign in each case.

2. There are 24 hours in one day. How many hours are there in two days? $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3. We have 60 minutes for reading and spelling. If 60 m. we take 40 minutes for reading, how much time is left - 40 m. for spelling?

4. A woman pays 75 cents for tea and coffee. She 75¢ pays 50 cents for the tea. How much does the coffee - 50¢ cost?

5. What is the sum of 56 and 34?

6. A farmer had 37 cows. After he had sold 27 of them, how many did he have?

7. There are 45 trees in an orchard; 25 are apple trees, the rest are peach trees. How many peach trees are there?

8. There are 25 apple trees in an orchard, and 20 peach trees. How many trees are there in the orchard?

9. William had 26 cherries; he gave 13 to Mabel, and the remainder to Julia. How many did he give to Julia?

10. There are 50 yards in a piece of ribbon. How many yards are left after 20 yards are used?

NOTATION AND NUMERATION.

38. The numbers from 1 to 9 are written with one figure. How many figures do we use in writing the numbers from 10 to 99?

Ninety-nine and one make one hundred, written 100.

Two hundred is written 200; three hundred, 300.

39. Write in figures:

1. Four hundred.

4. Seven hundred.

2. Five hundred.

5. Eight hundred.

3. Six hundred.

6. Nine hundred.

40. Count from one hundred one to one hundred nine. One hundred one is written 101. In writing *hundreds*, we always use three figures.

41. Write in figures:

1. One hundred two.	5. One hundred six.
2. One hundred three.	6. One hundred seven.
3. One hundred four.	7. One hundred eight.
4. One hundred five.	8. One hundred nine.

42. Read the following:

1. 110	120	130	140	150
2. 160	170	180	190	200
3. 300	400	500	600	700
4. 800	900	111	112	113
5. 201	302	403	504	605
6. 706	807	908	121	232
7. 343	454	565	676	787
8. 898	909	123	334	345
9. 456	567	678	789	890

43. Write in figures:

1. Two hundred three.	6. Seven hundred nineteen.
2. Six hundred ninety-six.	7. Five hundred sixteen.
3. Three hundred one.	8. One hundred thirty-four.
4. Eighty-four.	9. Six hundred nine.
5. Four hundred forty.	10. Nineteen.
	11. Seven hundred seventy-seven.
	12. Eight hundred seventy-six.
13. Eight hundred five.	15. Nine hundred.
14. Five hundred ninety-nine.	16. Seventy-five.

17. Sixteen.	23. Nine hundred eighteen.
18. Seven hundred.	24. Six hundred forty-three.
19. Sixty-eight.	25. Two hundred sixty-one.
20. Seven hundred twenty.	26. Four hundred fifty-seven.
21. Six hundred eight.	27. Three hundred eighty-two.
22. Seven hundred three.	28. Nine hundred nine.

44. 1. Write the number that is one less than a hundred.
 2. Write the number that is one more than a hundred.
 3. Write the number that is one less than two hundred.
 4. Write the number that is one more than three hundred fifty.
 5. Write the number that is one less than four hundred twenty.

45. In the number 382, 2 is called the units' figure, 8 is called the tens' figure, 3 is called the hundreds' figure.

46. Slate Exercises.

Add:

1. 127	2. 306	3. 288	4. 612	5. 3
243	75	45	196	33
85	4	602	34	333
—	—	—	—	—
6. 219	7. 126	8. 175	9. 909	10. 449
62	250	184	44	81
105	484	600	30	314
—	—	—	—	—
11. 838	12. 331	13. 38	14. 244	15. 52
123	528	452	42	36
30	86	38	98	35
—	—	—	—	—

ADDITION.

21

16.	191	17.	864	18.	499	19.	733	20.	169
	117		36		32		94		162
	40		25		16		106		208
	6		50		200		25		40
	<hr/>								
21.	208	22.	875	23.	129	24.	43	25.	9
	198		104		421		56		17
	30		7		48		58		130
	3		11		60		620		91
	<hr/>								
26.	629	27.	97	28.	487	29.	141	30.	635
	80		406		110		155		298
	3		95		25		203		13
	55		201		3		237		43
	<hr/>								
31.	105	32.	162	33.	310	34.	133	35.	429
	610		214		875		233		52
	51		245		29		33		160
	23		104		2		133		41
	6		51		40		233		5
	<hr/>								
36.	523	37.	870	38.	732	39.	521	40.	80
	62		15		116		108		107
	7		8		80		63		35
	51		45		7		250		312
	5		21		64		6		25
	<hr/>								
41.	707	42.	209	43.	123	44.	50	45.	300
	82		186		234		49		50
	148		17		45		51		25
	1		310		6		638		106
	50		3		580		11		84
	<hr/>								

46.	34	47.	210	48.	250	49.	1	50.	512
	605		35		300		22		33
	21		406		45		333		240
	83		21		3		44		16
	112		3		27		555		108
	31		74		101		20		30

47. Subtract:

1.	876	2.	978	3.	350	4.	391	5.	457
	234		468		220		280		230
	—		—		—		—		—
6.	844	7.	316	8.	999	9.	969	10.	898
	23		5		213		959		886
	—		—		—		—		—
11.	583	12.	499	13.	605	14.	858	15.	667
	102		479		300		836		48
	—		—		—		—		—
16.	577	17.	555	18.	734	19.	986	20.	843
	543		550		600		886		603
	—		—		—		—		—
21.	694	22.	667	23.	162	24.	952	25.	790
	42		310		50		301		740
	—		—		—		—		—
26.	875	27.	649	28.	790	29.	665	30.	838
	875		304		500		664		111
	—		—		—		—		—
31.	598	32.	928	33.	548	34.	928	35.	564
	508		807		540		18		304
	—		—		—		—		—

36. 839	37. 997	38. 864	39. 799	40. 935
600	95	41	25	630
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
41. 305	42. 889	43. 678	44. 858	45. 936
104	615	667	45	706
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
46. 477	47. 428	48. 893	49. 855	50. 618
253	308	230	5	308
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

48. Find sums:

51. $33 + 33 + 33 + 33$
 52. $22 + 22 + 22 + 22 + 22$
 53. $86 + 23 + 2$
 54. $100 + 50 + 25 + 25$
 55. $216 + 115$
 56. $34 + 26 + 101 + 5$
 57. $45 + 54 + 3 + 16$
 58. $89 + 25 + 103$
 59. $75 + 50 + 25$
 60. $100 + 50 + 25 + 10 + 5 + 3 + 2 + 1$

49. Find answers:

61. $395 - 123$	66. $169 - 136$
62. $684 - 453$	67. $599 - 286$
63. $978 - 563$	68. $783 - 250$
64. $254 - 24$	69. $408 - 303$
65. $857 - 57$	70. $250 - 130$

50. Sight Exercises.

Give answers:

10 - 9	10 - 1	11 - 2	11 - 9	10 - 5
12 - 3	11 - 8	12 - 9	14 - 7	10 - 2
10 - 8	11 - 3	12 - 6	13 - 9	15 - 6
16 - 8	13 - 8	11 - 4	10 - 3	13 - 5
13 - 4	15 - 9	14 - 5	11 - 5	10 - 4
10 - 6	12 - 8	11 - 6	12 - 7	15 - 7
12 - 5	10 - 7	12 - 4	11 - 7	14 - 8
13 - 7	16 - 9	13 - 6	14 - 9	15 - 8
16 - 7	17 - 8	18 - 9	17 - 9	14 - 6

Drill upon the foregoing frequently and regularly, but not too long at a time.

51. Oral Problems.

1. There are 10 birds on a tree. How many will there be if 5 more come?
2. If there are 11 boys belonging to a class, and 9 are present, how many are absent?
3. Lucy is 12 years old. How old will she be in 3 years?
4. Matthew is 11 years old. How old was he 4 years ago?
5. Patrick has 9 cents in his bank. How many more cents must he put into the bank to have 15 cents in it?
6. Andrew has two pockets in his jacket. He has 8 marbles in each. How many marbles has he?
7. A girl lives 12 houses from the school. After she passes 8 houses, how many more must she pass?
8. At a game of ball there are 9 boys on each side. How many boys are playing?

9. Sarah has 15 cents. If she spends 8 cents for worsted, how much money will she have?

10. A man buys two suits of clothes for his boy; he gives 9 dollars for each suit. How many dollars does he spend?

52. Original Problems.

Give answers. Make problems.

10 + 5	11 - 9	12 + 3	12 - 4
8 + 8	2 + 13	9 - 5	13 - 6
12 + 5	9 + 8	10 + 7	16 + 1
11 - 8	10 - 7	12 - 9	9 + 9
			15 - 9
			14 - 8
			14 + 3
			12 + 6

53. Sight Exercises.

Give missing numbers:

4 - ? = 1	6 + ? = 11	3 + ? = 12	? - 7 = 2
? + 5 = 12	12 - ? = 4	14 - 9 = ?	10 - ? = 5
? - 9 = 5		3 + 5 + ? = 17	

54. Slate Exercises.

Find missing numbers:

1. 29	2. 37	3. 17	4. 86	5. 75	6. 90
+ ?	+ ?	+ ?	+ ?	+ ?	+ ?
<u>41</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>90</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>150</u>

SUBTRACTION.

55. From 41 take 29.

Writing the larger number above the smaller, we see that the units' figure 9 of the latter is greater than the other units' figure 1. In this case we say 9 and 2, writing the 2, are 11. Carry 1 to 2, making it 3. We then say 3 and 1 are 4, writing the 1.

$$\begin{array}{r} 41 \\ - 29 \\ \hline 12 \end{array}$$

56. From 506 take 274.

506

274

232

4 and 2 are 6, 7 and 3 are 10, (1 + 2) 3 and 2 are 5.

57. The answer in subtraction is called the difference, or remainder.

58. Slate Exercises.

Subtract:

1. 60

59

2. 71

68

3. 34

27

4. 58

38

5. 91

79

6. 26

18

7. 57

49

8. 48

8

9. 65

15

10. 19

8

11. 72

54

12. 92

46

13. 84

42

14. 51

25

15. 63

31

16. 72

36

17. 71

3

18. 62

59

19. 60

1

20. 41

40

21. 34

7

22. 58

20

23. 91

12

24. 26

8

25. 57

8

26. 84

76

27. 65

50

28. 19

11

29. 72

18

30. 51

26

31. 63

22

32. 62

3

33. 71

66

34. 60

57

35. 41

1

36. 34

17

37. 73

28

38. 25

18

39. 94

47

40. 65

26

41. 100

10

42. 110

20

43. 200

11

44. 300

30

45. 100

1

46. 400	47. 500	48. 500	49. 500	50. 600
4	150	50	5	300
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

51. 25	52. 24	53. 32	54. 74	55. 50
6	17	16	18	25
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

56. 31	57. 64	58. 81	59. 90	60. 46
19	48	79	89	27
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

59. Find answers:

61. 94	62. 48	63. 67	64. 49	65. 18
-46	+46	-18	+18	+49
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

66. 73	67. 47	68. 26	69. 75	70. 100
-26	+26	+47	+25	-25
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

71. 423	72. 576	73. 375	74. 576	75. 375
-201	+423	-123	-25	+5
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

76. 350	77. 214	78. 321	79. 551	80. 75
-5	-7	-17	+85	+252
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

81. $864 + 99$	91. $87 - 57$
----------------	---------------

82. $63 + 307 + 7 + 30$	92. $120 - 90$
-------------------------	----------------

83. $259 + 23 + 104 + 171 + 2$	93. $220 - 190$
--------------------------------	-----------------

84. $867 - 352$	94. $320 - 190$
-----------------	-----------------

85. $932 - 729$	95. $143 - 134$
-----------------	-----------------

86. $543 - 540$	96. $134 + 9$
-----------------	---------------

87. $360 - 245$	97. $267 - 258$
-----------------	-----------------

88. $27 + 105 + 316 + 591$	98. $258 + 9$
----------------------------	---------------

89. $17 + 383 + 25 + 2$	99. $267 - 9$
-------------------------	---------------

90. $95 - 85$	100. $100 - 97$
---------------	-----------------

60. Slate Problems.

101. A man pays \$75 for a sofa and \$15 for a chair. How much does he pay for both?

102. A boy has 75 pictures; he gives away 15. How many has he then?

103. Find the difference between 25 and 50.

104. A newsboy pays 24 cents for newspapers; he sells them for 40 cents. What is his profit?

105. Two girls have 50 cents between them; one has 15 cents. How many cents has the other?

106. A farmer bought a cow and a pig. The pig cost \$15. He paid \$35 more for the cow than he did for the pig. What did he pay for the cow?

107. A pig and a cow cost \$65; the pig cost \$15. How many dollars did the cow cost?

108. Find the sum of 27 cherries and 46 cherries.

109. A boy sold newspapers for 40 cents; he made 16 cents. What did he pay for the papers?

110. A girl bought a doll for 28 cents; she received 22 cents change. How much did she give the storekeeper?

61. Drills.**1. Add by twos:**

0, 2, 4, 6, 8, etc., to 40;
1, 3, 5, 7, 9, etc., to 39.

2. Add by threes:

0, 3, 6, 9, 12, etc., to 39;
1, 4, 7, 10, 13, etc., to 40;
2, 5, 8, 11, 14, etc., to 38.

3. Add by fours:

0, 4, 8, etc., to 40; 1, 5, 9, etc., to 37;
2, 6, 10, etc., to 38; 3, 7, 11, etc., to 39.

4. Add by fives:

0, 5, 10, etc., to 40; 1, 6, 11, etc., to 36;
2, 7, 12, etc., to 37; 3, 8, 13, etc., to 38;
4, 9, 14, etc., to 39.

5. Add by sixes:

0, 6, etc., to 36; 1, 7, etc., to 37; 2, 8, etc., to 38;
3, 9, etc., to 39; 4, 10, etc., to 40; 5, 11, etc., to 35.

6. Add by sevens:

0, 7, 14, etc., to 35; 1, 8, 15, etc., to 36;
2, 9, 16, etc., to 37; 3, 10, 17, etc., to 38;
4, 11, etc., to 39; 5, 12, etc., to 40; 6, 13, etc., to 34.

7. Add by eights:

0, 8, etc., to 40; 1, 9, etc., to 33; 2, 10, etc., to 34;
3, 11, etc., to 35; 4, 12, etc., to 36; 5, 13, etc., to 37;
6, 14, 22, etc., to 38; 7, 15, 23, etc., to 39.

8. Add by nines:

0, 9, etc., to 36; 1, 10, etc., to 37; 2, 11, etc., to 38;
3, 12, etc., to 39; 4, 13, etc., to 40; 5, 14, etc., to 32;
6, 15, etc., to 33; 7, 16, etc., to 34; 8, 17, etc., to 35.

62. Sight Exercises.

Give sums:

11 + 9	17 + 6	24 + 7	29 + 5	15 + 8
26 + 8	29 + 9	16 + 6	21 + 9	18 + 7
19 + 5	19 + 4	28 + 8	27 + 5	12 + 8
26 + 6	15 + 5	18 + 6	19 + 3	26 + 7
19 + 9	22 + 9	25 + 5	16 + 9	23 + 8
14 + 6	19 + 6	16 + 7	13 + 7	28 + 9
27 + 9	14 + 9	22 + 8	19 + 8	23 + 7
22 + 8	16 + 5	18 + 9	23 + 9	17 + 9
17 + 7	23 + 9	28 + 5	16 + 8	29 + 4
24 + 6	18 + 5	12 + 9	28 + 4	24 + 9
19 + 7	25 + 9	23 + 5	15 + 9	18 + 4
24 + 8	14 + 8	17 + 5	28 + 7	29 + 8
13 + 9	26 + 6	25 + 8	17 + 8	15 + 7
29 + 7	18 + 8	17 + 4	28 + 6	29 + 3
15 + 6	24 + 6	29 + 6	13 + 8	14 + 7
27 + 8	26 + 9	14 + 7	25 + 6	27 + 7

3	4	5	6	5	6	3	0	4	5
3	4	5	6	3	5	4	5	2	3
3	4	5	6	4	5	5	8	3	6
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

8	0	4	5	2	7	7	5	7	7
7	9	3	5	3	6	5	8	9	7
4	6	7	8	4	5	4	2	3	1
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

63. Slate Exercises.

Subtract:

1. 986	2. 863	3. 952	4. 824	5. 713
407	446	335	617	405
—	—	—	—	—
6. 930	7. 584	8. 653	9. 724	10. 683
617	435	639	18	64
—	—	—	—	—
11. 906	12. 735	13. 268	14. 837	15. 978
860	595	74	40	881
—	—	—	—	—
16. 753	17. 484	18. 580	19. 603	20. 275
362	193	290	593	81
—	—	—	—	—
21. 666	22. 423	23. 384	24. 275	25. 803
77	59	96	176	794
—	—	—	—	—
26. 934	27. 934	28. 204	29. 321	30. 600
576	467	197	123	321
—	—	—	—	—
31. 500	32. 487	33. 900	34. 777	35. 365
101	366	890	88	190
—	—	—	—	—
36. 400	37. 378	38. 600	39. 301	40. 484
2	89	250	299	242
—	—	—	—	—
41. 876	42. 904	43. 275	44. 811	45. 243
678	873	196	790	99
—	—	—	—	—
46. 304	47. 456	48. 987	49. 300	50. 864
152	228	789	277	860
—	—	—	—	—

64. Add:

51. 389	52. 654	53. 486	54. 289	55. 123
75	179	78	289	456
467	98	256	289	78
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
56. 243	57. 123	58. 98	59. 309	60. 798
407	234	567	98	60
65	534	43	470	9
199	56	21	66	54
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
61. 150	62. 333	63. 666	64. 123	65. 257
607	333	66	45	432
23	33	60	678	48
65	33	6	9	109
116	3	6	10	92
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
66. 369	67. 543	68. 283	69. 394	70. 539
72	324	79	247	40
407	99	164	283	298
80	6	450	65	67
24	27	9	6	5
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
71. 271	72. 613	73. 355	74. 7	75. 93
408	84	40	24	404
63	106	86	435	37
150	53	209	60	252
29	70	132	3	60
5	4	43	86	7
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
76. 345	77. 296	78. 648	79. 639	80. 733
96	584	275	25	49
479	78	59	287	88
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION.

33

81. 324	82. 649	83. 568	84. 473	85. 209
77	107	37	65	28
468	84	77	65	593
46	99	166	358	84
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

86. 728	87. 186	88. 627	89. 99	90. 821
93	176	72	199	69
43	166	67	299	85
119	156	26	402	19
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

91. 348	92. 47	93. 639	94. 541	95. 283
296	368	82	87	323
84	38	207	48	82
63	396	64	286	23
105	50	55	33	8
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

96. 246	97. 598	98. 308	99. 247	100. 47
85	35	349	89	428
399	164	97	476	390
178	108	65	58	75
3	95	39	33	9
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

101. 278	102. 135	103. 70	104. 166	105. 95
63	79	309	166	50
54	246	88	166	95
459	80	246	166	163
46	399	87	166	88
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

65. Find remainders:

106. 906	107. 450	108. 363	109. 292	110. 888
167	97	187	146	99
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

111. 789	112. 864	113. 748	114. 789	115. 975
236	579	654	327	887
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

$$\begin{array}{r} 116. \ 898 \\ - 283 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 117. \ 837 \\ - 586 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 118. \ 879 \\ - 783 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 119. \ 688 \\ - 377 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 120. \ 629 \\ - 584 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 121. \ 606 \\ - 17 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 122. \ 750 \\ - 509 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 123. \ 300 \\ - 11 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 124. \ 274 \\ - 187 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 125. \ 666 \\ - 88 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

66. Oral Problems.

1. A boy caught 22 crabs before dinner and 9 after dinner. How many did he catch in all?
2. There are 31 apples on a tree. How many will there be after 28 are picked off?
3. William has paid 5 cents for a ball and has 26 cents left. How much money had he at first?
4. A newsboy sold 28 morning papers and 7 evening papers. How many did he sell in all?
5. A man owes a bill of 15 dollars. How much will he owe after paying 6 dollars?
6. How much will I have to pay for a reader at 18 cents, a slate at 6 cents, and a copy book at 8 cents?
7. There are 24 pages in a primer. John has read 15 pages. How many has he yet to read?
8. A girl has two 10-cent pieces and two 5-cent pieces. How much money has she?
9. There are 11 roses on one bush, 7 on another, and 8 on another. How many are there on the three bushes?
10. If I spend 5 cents for figs, 5 cents for dates, 5 cents for candy, 5 cents for cakes, and 5 cents for a ball, how much do I spend in all?

67. Slate Problems.

1. A farmer pays 65 dollars for a cart and 15 dollars for a plow. How many dollars does he pay for both?

2. How much more does the cart cost than the plow?
3. There are 17 boys in the first row, 19 in the second, 13 in the third, and 16 in the fourth. How many boys are there in the four rows?
4. A man earns 90 dollars a month; he spends 73 dollars. How many dollars does he save?
5. Jane has 27 cents left after spending 23 cents for a reader. How much money had she at first?
6. A scholar added two numbers, and his answer was 60. If one number was 35, what was the other number?
7. A grocer bought sugar for 50 dollars, and tea for 30 dollars. How many dollars did he pay for both?
8. When Mary saves 25 cents more, she will have 70 cents. How much money has she now?
9. 60 boys are working an example; 43 have the correct answer. How many are wrong?
10. A farmer raised 84 bushels of wheat. How many bushels will he have after selling 56 bushels?

CHAPTER II.

MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION.—UNITED STATES MONEY.

—PINT, QUART, AND GALLON.—FRACTIONAL PARTS.

—ROMAN NOTATION.

MULTIPLICATION BY 2.

68. Oral Exercises.

How much would 2 three-cent oranges cost?

If 1 orange cost 3 cents, 2 oranges would cost 2 times 3 cents, or 6 cents.

69. What should you pay for 2 postal cards? 2 two-cent stamps? 2 three-cent tops? 2 pints of milk at 4 cents a pint? 2 five-cent base-balls? 2 pounds of sugar at 6 cents a pound? 2 seven-cent dolls? 2 quarts of milk at 8 cents a quart? 2 yards of muslin at 9 cents a yard?

What are two 1's? Two 2's? Two 3's? Two 4's? Two 5's? Two 6's? Two 7's? Two 8's? Two 9's?

70. The sign of multiplication is \times .

$3 \times 2 = 6$ is read, 3 multiplied by 2 equals 6; or, 2 times 3 are 6.

71. Sight Exercises.

Give answers:

$$3 \times 2$$

$$4 \times 2$$

$$6 \times 2$$

$$7 \times 2$$

$$9 \times 2$$

$$10 \times 2$$

$$1 \times 2$$

$$5 \times 2$$

$$2 \times 2$$

$$8 \times 2$$

72. Slate Exercises.

What would be paid for 2 first readers at 13 cents each?

We could find the cost by adding 13 and 13, but the better way
is to do such problems by multiplication. $\begin{array}{r} 13 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline 26 \end{array}$

Placing the 2 under the 13, we say, 2 times 3 are 6, 2 times 1
are 2. The answer is 26 cents.

73. The answer in multiplication is called the product.

74. Find products:

$$\begin{array}{r} 1. \quad 10 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 2. \quad 11 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 3. \quad 12 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 4. \quad 14 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 5. \quad 20 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 6. \quad 21 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7. \quad 22 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 8. \quad 23 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 9. \quad 24 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 10. \quad 30 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 11. \quad 31 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 12. \quad 32 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 13. \quad 33 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 14. \quad 34 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 15. \quad 40 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 16. \quad 41 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 17. \quad 42 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 18. \quad 43 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 19. \quad 44 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 20. \quad 100 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 21. \quad 101 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 22. \quad 102 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 23. \quad 103 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 24. \quad 104 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 25. \quad 110 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 26. \quad 111 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 27. \quad 112 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 28. \quad 113 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 29. \quad 114 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 30. \quad 123 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 31. \quad 124 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 32. \quad 200 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 33. \quad 201 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 34. \quad 203 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 35. \quad 204 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 36. \quad 210 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 37. \quad 221 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 38. \quad 232 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 39. \quad 50 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 40. \quad 344 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 41. \quad 423 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 42. \quad 304 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

43. 430	44. 242	45. 434	46. 440	47. 324	48. 300
<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
49. 400	50. 404	51. 60	52. 51	53. 52	54. 53
<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
55. 54	56. 63	57. 64	58. 72	59. 83	60. 94
<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

*DIVISION BY 2.***75. Oral Exercises.**

If I pay 6 cents for 2 oranges, what is the price of 1 orange?

If 2 oranges cost 6 cents, 1 orange will cost as many cents as there are 2's in 6, or 3 cents.

76. What is the price of a postal card, if 2 postal cards cost 2 cents? Of one postage stamp, if 2 stamps cost 4 cents? Of 1 top, if 2 tops cost 6 cents? Of 1 pint of milk, if 2 pints cost 8 cents? Of 1 base-ball, if 2 balls cost 10 cents? Of 1 pound of sugar, if 2 pounds cost 12 cents? Of 1 doll, if 2 dolls cost 14 cents? Of 1 quart of milk, if 2 quarts cost 16 cents? Of 1 yard of muslin, if 2 yards cost 18 cents?

How many 2's are there in 2? In 4? In 6? In 8? In 10? In 12? In 14? In 16? In 18?

77. The sign of division is \div .

$6 \div 2 = 3$ is read, 6 divided by 2 equals 3.

78. Sight Exercises.

Give answers:

$6 \div 2$	$8 \div 2$	$12 \div 2$	$14 \div 2$	$18 \div 2$
$20 \div 2$	$10 \div 2$	$2 \div 2$	$16 \div 2$	$4 \div 2$

79. Slate Exercises.

How much will 1 first reader cost, if 2 readers cost 26 cents?

2)26¢ Write 26; at the left of it place 2. Separate by a curved line.
13¢ Draw a line underneath. 2 is contained in 2 once. Write 1 under the 2. 2 is contained in 6 three times. Write 3 under the 6. The answer is 13 cents.

80. The answer in division is called the quotient.**81. Find quotients:**

1. 2) <u>20</u>	2. 2) <u>22</u>	3. 2) <u>24</u>	4. 2) <u>28</u>	5. 2) <u>40</u>
6. 2) <u>42</u>	7. 2) <u>44</u>	8. 2) <u>46</u>	9. 2) <u>48</u>	10. 2) <u>60</u>
11. 2) <u>62</u>	12. 2) <u>64</u>	13. 2) <u>66</u>	14. 2) <u>68</u>	15. 2) <u>80</u>
16. 2) <u>82</u>	17. 2) <u>84</u>	18. 2) <u>86</u>	19. 2) <u>88</u>	20. 2) <u>200</u>
21. 2) <u>202</u>	22. 2) <u>204</u>	23. 2) <u>206</u>	24. 2) <u>208</u>	25. 2) <u>220</u>
26. 2) <u>222</u>	27. 2) <u>224</u>	28. 2) <u>226</u>	29. 2) <u>246</u>	30. 2) <u>248</u>
31. 2) <u>400</u>	32. 2) <u>402</u>	33. 2) <u>406</u>	34. 2) <u>408</u>	35. 2) <u>420</u>
36. 2) <u>442</u>	37. 2) <u>464</u>	38. 2) <u>688</u>	39. 2) <u>846</u>	40. 2) <u>608</u>
41. 2) <u>860</u>	42. 2) <u>484</u>	43. 2) <u>868</u>	44. 2) <u>880</u>	45. 2) <u>648</u>
46. 2) <u>600</u>	47. 2) <u>800</u>	48. 2) <u>808</u>	49. 2) <u>100</u>	50. 2) <u>102</u>
51. 2) <u>104</u>	52. 2) <u>106</u>	53. 2) <u>108</u>	54. 2) <u>122</u>	55. 2) <u>126</u>
56. 2) <u>128</u>	57. 2) <u>144</u>	58. 2) <u>166</u>	59. 2) <u>188</u>	60. 2) <u>164</u>

82. Sight Exercises.

Give missing numbers:

1. $8 + 2 = ?$	5. $5 \times ? = 10$	9. $? \times 2 = 6$	
2. $8 - 2 = ?$	6. $8 \div ? = 4$	10. $? \div 2 = 5$	
3. $8 \times 2 = ?$	7. $3 + ? = 11$	11. $6 \times ? = 12$	
4. $8 \div 2 = ?$	8. $9 - ? = 6$	12. $? \times 2 = 8$	
13. 11 + ? — 17	14. ? — 5 — 8	15. ? × 2 — 18	16. 16 + 5 — ?
17. 26 + 5 — ?	18. 11 × 2 — ?	19. 13 — ? — 4	20. 10 × ? — 20
21. 2)?) — 4	22. ?)10 — 5	23. 4)8 — ?	

83. Oral Problems.

1. A girl pays 20 cents for a reader, 10 cents for a blank book, and 5 cents for a slate. How much does she spend?

2. A man buys a coat for \$9 and sells it for \$13. What is his profit?

3. At 4 cents a pint, what will a quart of milk cost?

NOTE. Have the pupils learn by experiment that there are 2 pints in a quart.

4. If I can buy 2 marbles for 1 cent, how much will I pay for 6 marbles?

5. What will be the cost of two 11-cent bars of soap?

6. Two boys are talking about their ages. The 13-year-old boy says he is 4 years older than the other. How old is the other?

7. What will be the cost of a pint of syrup, if a quart costs 16 cents?

8. John has 6 marbles, and his brother has 4. How many will John have to give his brother so that both may have the same number?

9. If there are 12 things in a dozen, how many are there in half a dozen?

10. Mary buys a doll for 19 cents and has 6 cents left. How much money did she have at first?

NOTE. Answers to oral problems should be written on slates or paper, by all pupils, at a given signal.

84. Slate Problems.

1. A boy pays 40 cents for a drum and 2 cents for a kite. How many cents does he pay for both?

2. Mr. Jones has \$40 in bank. After taking out \$2, how much money has he in bank?

3. How much did Mrs. Smith pay for 2 dolls that cost 40 cents each?

4. I paid \$40 for 2 cows. How many dollars did each cost?

5. A man pays 40 cents for a pound of tea, and sells it for 55 cents. What is his profit?

6. A person uses 60 pints of milk in a month. How many quarts does he use?

7. John has 40 cherries; he gives one-half of them to James. How many cherries does he give James?

8. There are 45 roses on one bush, and 35 on another. How many are there on both?

9. What will I pay for 2 pounds of butter at 32 cents a pound?

10. What will be the cost of half a pound of 60-cent tea?

11. A boy had 66 fire-crackers; he gave one-third of them to his cousin. How many did he give to his cousin?
12. How much will I have to pay for 4 straw hats at 22 cents each?
13. How many wings have 21 geese?
14. If there are 50 torpedoes in a pack, how many are there in $\frac{1}{2}$ pack?

NOTATION AND NUMERATION.

85. The largest number we can write with three figures is 999. The next number is one thousand, written 1,000.

Two thousand, 2,000.	Three thousand, 3,000.
Four thousand, 4,000.	Five thousand, 5,000.
Six thousand, 6,000.	Seven thousand, 7,000.
Eight thousand, 8,000.	Nine thousand, 9,000.
One thousand one is written 1,001.	

86. Write in figures:

1. One thousand two.	5. Five thousand six.
2. Two thousand three.	6. Six thousand eight.
3. Three thousand four.	7. Seven thousand nine.
4. Four thousand five.	8. Eight thousand ten.

87. Read the following:

1. 1,020.	6. 1,100.	11. 1,000.	16. 1,110.	21. 5,555.
2. 1,030.	7. 2,300.	12. 1,001.	17. 1,111.	22. 6,666.
3. 2,040.	8. 9,900.	13. 1,010.	18. 2,222.	23. 7,777.
4. 3,045.	9. 6,700.	14. 1,100.	19. 3,333.	24. 8,888.
5. 4,050.	10. 8,600.	15. 1,101.	20. 4,444.	25. 9,999.

88. Write in figures :

1. Three thousand four hundred fifty-six.
2. Seven thousand eighty-four.
3. Six hundred nine.
4. Two thousand fourteen.
5. One thousand ninety-nine.
6. Nine thousand five hundred forty-three.
7. Sixty-seven.
8. Four hundred eighty.
9. Five thousand seven.
10. Two hundred nineteen.
11. Eight thousand eighty-eight.
12. One thousand eight hundred ninety-two.
13. Four thousand seven hundred.
14. Three thousand six hundred sixty-three.
15. Six thousand sixty.
16. Nine thousand eight hundred seventy-six.
17. Three hundred eleven.
18. Seven thousand nine hundred nine.
19. Six thousand five hundred forty-three.
20. Two thousand one hundred two.

89. Read the following :

1. 1,365	10. 1,054	19. 75	28. 2,673	37. 508
2. 2,950	11. 254	20. 4,536	29. 6,758	38. 3,141
3. 437	12. 4,400	21. 4,347	30. 9,058	39. 7,001
4. 2,965	13. 154	22. 7,720	31. 154	40. 5,191
5. 234	14. 9,000	23. 6,525	32. 1,567	41. 3,008
6. 3,386	15. 3,108	24. 627	33. 1,864	42. 84
7. 6,676	16. 988	25. 6,182	34. 309	43. 600
8. 9,875	17. 1,080	26. 2,004	35. 1,892	44. 1,023
9. 4,370	18. 7,005	27. 9,760	36. 1,805	45. 1,067

90. *The right-hand figure is called the units' figure, the next is called the tens' figure, the next is called the hundreds' figure, the next is called the thousands' figure.*

91. A comma is generally placed between the thousands' figure and the hundreds' figure.

92. NOTE. To secure accuracy and rapidity abstract examples in addition and in subtraction should be worked each day.

93. Review. Slate Exercises.

Find sums:

1. $1,406 + 789 + 3,008 + 57 + 259 + 80$
2. $954 + 2,309 + 16 + 756 + 64 + 1,891 + 5$
3. $2,345 + 123 + 67 + 8 + 90 + 321 + 5,432$
4. $87 + 6 + 430 + 29 + 7,856 + 379$
5. $473 + 25 + 389 + 4,500 + 98 + 1,267 + 18$

94. Find remainders:

6. $8,763 - 6,549$	11. $7,654 - 987$
7. $2,345 - 568$	12. $4,004 - 2,345$
8. $3,800 - 968$	13. $3,000 - 2,875$
9. $5,806 - 1,467$	14. $6,000 - 27$
10. $9,000 - 8,999$	15. $4,386 - 2,998$

95. Find products:

16. 144×2	21. $2,304 \times 2$
17. $1,234 \times 2$	22. $4,321 \times 2$
18. 613×2	23. 723×2
19. 304×2	24. 800×2
20. $4,031 \times 2$	25. 514×2

96. Find quotients:

26. $288 \div 2$

31. $8,624 \div 2$

27. $4,608 \div 2$

32. $1,600 \div 2$

28. $2,468 \div 2$

33. $1,028 \div 2$

29. $608 \div 2$

34. $1,226 \div 2$

30. $8,062 \div 2$

35. $1,446 \div 2$

97. Find products:

1. 12
—
2

2. 13
—
2

3. 14
—
2

4. 15
—
2

5. 16
—
2

6. 17
—
2

98. Find answers:

7. $24 \div 2$

11. $34 \div 2$

15. $52 \div 2$

8. $26 \div 2$

12. $38 \div 2$

16. 27×2

9. $28 \div 2$

13. 25×2

17. 28×2

10. $30 \div 2$

14. $50 \div 2$

18. $58 \div 2$

99. Find products:

19. 34
—
2

20. 35
—
2

21. 36
—
2

22. 38
—
2

23. 39
—
2

24. 45
—
2

25. 47
—
2

26. 54
—
2

27. 55
—
2

28. 63
—
2

29. 66
—
2

30. 75
—
2

100. Find quotients:

31. $2)\underline{68}$

32. $2)\underline{70}$

33. $2)\underline{72}$

34. $2)\underline{76}$

35. $2)\underline{78}$

36. $2)\underline{90}$

37. $2)\underline{94}$

38. $2)\underline{108}$

39. $2)\underline{110}$

40. $2)\underline{126}$

41. $2)\underline{132}$

42. $2)\underline{150}$

101. Find answers:

43. $210 \div 2$

47. 206×2

44. 105×2

48. $612 \div 2$

45. 116×2

49. 308×2

46. $252 \div 2$

50. $816 \div 2$

102. Find products:

51. 150 52. 155 53. 166 54. 177 55. 188
 $\underline{2}$ $\underline{2}$ $\underline{2}$ $\underline{2}$ $\underline{2}$

56. 199 57. 256 58. 367 59. 478 60. 579
 $\underline{2}$ $\underline{2}$ $\underline{2}$ $\underline{2}$ $\underline{2}$

61. 680 62. 709 63. 888 64. 999 65. $1,025$
 $\underline{2}$ $\underline{2}$ $\underline{2}$ $\underline{2}$ $\underline{2}$

66. $2,150$ 67. $3,075$ 68. $3,568$ 69. $4,537$ 70. $4,896$
 $\underline{2}$ $\underline{2}$ $\underline{2}$ $\underline{2}$ $\underline{2}$

103. Find quotients:

71. $300 \div 2$ 75. $376 \div 2$ 79. $956 \div 2$ 83. $1,776 \div 2$

72. $310 \div 2$ 76. $398 \div 2$ 80. $1,158 \div 2$ 84. $1,998 \div 2$

73. $332 \div 2$ 77. $512 \div 2$ 81. $1,360 \div 2$ 85. $2,050 \div 2$

74. $354 \div 2$ 78. $734 \div 2$ 82. $1,418 \div 2$ 86. $4,300 \div 2$

87. $6,150 \div 2$ 88. $9,792 \div 2$

104. Drill Exercises.

Multiply:

1. 3 2. 1 3. 3 4. 2 5. 3
 $\underline{1}$ $\underline{3}$ $\underline{2}$ $\underline{3}$ $\underline{3}$

6. 4 7. 2 8. 5 9. 10 10. 20
 $\underline{2}$ $\underline{4}$ $\underline{2}$ $\underline{3}$ $\underline{3}$

MULTIPLICATION.

47

11.	30	12.	11	13.	12	14.	13	15.	21
	3		3		3		3		3
	—		—		—		—		—
16.	22	17.	23	18.	31	19.	32	20.	33
	3		3		3		3		3
	—		—		—		—		—
21.	101	22.	102	23.	103	24.	111	25.	112
	3		3		3		3		3
	—		—		—		—		—
26.	113	27.	120	28.	121	29.	122	30.	123
	3		3		3		3		3
	—		—		—		—		—
31.	200	32.	201	33.	202	34.	203	35.	210
	3		3		3		3		3
	—		—		—		—		—
36.	212	37.	213	38.	220	39.	221	40.	222
	3		3		3		3		3
	—		—		—		—		—
41.	223	42.	130	43.	131	44.	132	45.	331
	3		3		3		3		3
	—		—		—		—		—
46.	230	47.	231	48.	233	49.	321	50.	333
	3		3		3		3		3
	—		—		—		—		—
51.	1,231	52.	2,312	53.	10	54.	20	55.	11
	3		3		4		4		4
	—		—		—		—		—
56.	21	57.	12	58.	22	59.	100	60.	101
	4		4		4		4		4
	—		—		—		—		—
61.	102	62.	200	63.	201	64.	202	65.	111
	4		4		4		4		4
	—		—		—		—		—
66.	112	67.	210	68.	211	69.	212	70.	221
	4		4		4		4		4
	—		—		—		—		—

71.	222	72.	1,202	73.	2,101	74.	20	75.	20
	4		4		4		5		6
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
76.	20	77.	20	78.	20	79.	21	80.	21
	7		8		9		5		6
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
81.	21	82.	21	83.	21	84.	100	85.	101
	7		8		9		5		6
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
86.	200	87.	201	88.	101	89.	201	90.	200
	7		8		9		5		6
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
91.	201	92.	211	93.	111	94.	1,101	95.	1,100
	7		8		9		5		6
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
96.	1,110	97.	1,111	98.	1,101	99.	1,001	100.	1,000
	7		8		9		9		8
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

105. Divide:

101.	$3 \div 3$	114.	$66 \div 3$	127.	$84 \div 4$	140.	$147 \div 7$
102.	$6 \div 3$	115.	$96 \div 3$	128.	$48 \div 4$	141.	$160 \div 8$
103.	$9 \div 3$	116.	$69 \div 3$	129.	$40 \div 4$	142.	$180 \div 9$
104.	$4 \div 4$	117.	$99 \div 3$	130.	$80 \div 4$	143.	$189 \div 9$
105.	$8 \div 4$	118.	$308 \div 3$	131.	$400 \div 4$	144.	$1,212 \div 6$
106.	$30 \div 3$	119.	$309 \div 3$	132.	$484 \div 4$	145.	$1,477 \div 7$
107.	$60 \div 3$	120.	$336 \div 3$	133.	$884 \div 4$	146.	$1,680 \div 8$
108.	$90 \div 3$	121.	$369 \div 3$	134.	$50 \div 5$	147.	$1,890 \div 9$
109.	$33 \div 3$	122.	$963 \div 3$	135.	$100 \div 5$	148.	$1,005 \div 5$
110.	$36 \div 3$	123.	$639 \div 3$	136.	$105 \div 5$	149.	$1,050 \div 5$
111.	$39 \div 3$	124.	$390 \div 3$	137.	$60 \div 6$	150.	$1,010 \div 5$
112.	$63 \div 3$	125.	$3,693 \div 3$	138.	$120 \div 6$	151.	$1,616 \div 8$
113.	$93 \div 3$	126.	$44 \div 4$	139.	$126 \div 6$	152.	$1,818 \div 9$

106. Oral Problems.

1. A boy had an apple, and he ate one-quarter of it. How much had he left?
2. If one-half pound of raisins costs 8 cents, what is the price of a pound?
3. William had 8 marbles and lost one-fourth of them. How many did he lose?
4. A confectioner sold 4 boxes of candy. How many pounds did he sell if each box held a quarter of a pound?
5. How much does a half-pound of candy cost, if a quarter-pound costs 5 cents?
6. How much must be paid for 9 pounds of meal at 2 cents a pound?
7. If oil is 8 cents a gallon, how many gallons can I buy for 16 cents?
8. I paid 7 cents for one cake, and 7 cents for another, and 7 cents for another. How much did I pay for three cakes?
9. How many feet have 10 ducks?
10. A watch costs 75 dollars, and the chain costs 5 dollars. What is the cost of both?

107. Slate Problems.

1. If there are 11 trees in one row, how many trees are there in 9 rows?
2. When flour is 4 cents a pound, how many pounds can I buy for 44 cents?
3. A man earns 22 dollars a week. How much does he earn in 3 weeks?
4. How many oranges in 4 dozen?
5. A grocer had 90 eggs. How many would he have after selling a dozen?

6. If tea is worth 30 cents a half-pound, how much is a pound worth?

7. There are 48 boys in the second class; one-quarter of them have a wrong answer to a problem. How many have a wrong answer?

8. Mary has 21 postage stamps. Julia has four times as many. How many has Julia?

9. A newsboy sold papers for 75 cents and gained 19 cents. How much did the papers cost?

10. How many feet have 20 cows?

MULTIPLICATION BY 3.

108. Oral Exercises.

What is the cost of 3 postal cards? 3 two-cent stamps? 3 three-cent tops? 3 pints of milk at four cents a pint? 3 five-cent base-balls? 3 pounds of sugar at six cents a pound? 3 seven-cent dolls? 3 quarts of milk at eight cents a quart? 3 yards of muslin at nine cents a yard?

109. Sight Exercises.

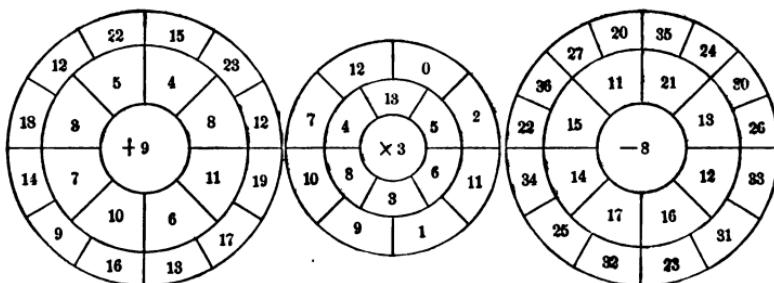
Give answers:

3×4	4×2	7×0	6×2	2×8	8×3
2×9	6×3	0×9	3×6	5×1	9×2
0×3	3×5	1×0	2×7	3×1	2×2
2×4	1×9	3×8	2×5	6×0	4×3
1×1	0×5	2×6	1×8	0×7	8×1
8×2	5×3	7×3	3×9	1×6	4×0
2×1	1×2	0×8	9×0	3×3	0×1
3×2	0×2	1×5	7×2	1×7	9×3
1×4	5×2	8×0	0×6	2×0	5×0
3×0	4×1	2×3	7×1	6×1	1×3
0×0	9×1	0×4	3×7		

110. Accuracy and rapidity in subsequent work are largely dependent upon the thoroughness of drill in the addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division combinations in the lower grades. To avoid the labor of writing on the board combinations similar to the foregoing, several devices are resorted to.

111. Drills.

Drill upon the following, changing, from time to time, the numbers in the inmost circles:



112. Change, from time to time, the figure in the second line:

5	15	25	35	45	55	65	75	85
+ 6	(Add 7, 8, 9.)							
6	16	26	36	46	56	66	76	86
+ 5	(Add 6, 7, 8, 9.)							
7	17	27	37	47	57	67	77	87
+ 4	(Add 5, 6, 7, 8, 9.)							
8	18	28	38	48	58	68	78	88
+ 3	(Add 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9.)							
9	19	29	39	49	59	69	79	89
+ 2	(Add 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9.)							

113. NOTE. Insist upon rapidity in answers. Have *short* daily drills if possible.

115. Carrying Drills.

The following is a drill in multiplying and carrying:

$$\begin{array}{cccccccccc}
 & & & & & & & & +1 \\
 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \\
 & & & & & & & & \times 2
 \end{array}$$

Write the numbers from 1 to 9 on the board. Underneath, place a multiplier; above, place a number to be added to the product of the multiplier and a number in the second line.

Placing the pointer at 6, the pupil says 12, 13. At 9, he says 18, 19.

Change the multiplier to 3.

When the teacher points to 5, the pupil says 15, 16. When she points to 8, the pupil says 24, 25.

Change the carrying figure to 2.

Pointing to 6, the reply is 18, 20; to 7, it is 21, 23; etc.

In multiplying by 3, the carrying figure cannot be greater than 2. In multiplying by 4, the carrying figure will be 1, 2, or 3.

NOTE. This drill must be rapid to be effective.

116. Slate Exercises.

Multiply:

1. 63	2. 84	3. 168	4. 126	5. 37
3	3	3	3	3
—	—	—	—	—
6. 96	7. 1,057	8. 368	9. 1,369	10. 2,090
3	3	3	3	3
—	—	—	—	—
11. 324	12. 543	13. 568	14. 230	15. 621
3	3	3	3	2
—	—	—	—	—
16. 345	17. 232	18. 517	19. 803	20. 182
3	4	3	2	3
—	—	—	—	—
21. 246	22. 331	23. 320	24. 157	25. 628
3	4	4	3	3
—	—	—	—	—

DIVISION.

53

26.	341	27.	4,271	28.	2,415	29.	1,230	30.	1,223
	3		2		3		4		4
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
31.	2,627	32.	2,514	33.	2,332	34.	1,203	35.	4,583
	3		3		4		4		2
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
36.	1,333	37.	1,201	38.	1,012	39.	1,230	40.	1,572
	4		5		6		7		3
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
41.	1,210	42.	1,203	43.	2,233	44.	3,261	45.	1,986
	8		4		4		3		3
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
46.	1,387	47.	2,203	48.	2,898	49.	1,837	50.	3,586
	3		4		3		3		2
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
51.	2,879	52.	2,887	53.	1,023	54.	2,428	55.	2,937
	3		3		9		3		3
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
56.	2,459	57.	4,287	58.	1,606	59.	1,682	60.	2,915
	3		2		3		3		3
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

DIVISION BY 3.

117. Slate Exercises.

Divide the following numbers by 2; by 3.

61.	144	67.	408	73.	312	79.	324	85.	4,116
62.	432	68.	372	74.	216	80.	156	86.	5,328
63.	300	69.	192	75.	336	81.	384	87.	3,012
64.	228	70.	348	76.	288	82.	420	88.	1,764
65.	276	71.	396	77.	204	83.	1,188	89.	7,776
66.	264	72.	168	78.	180	84.	8,904	90.	6,552

118. Slate Exercises. — Review.

Find sums:

91. $4,632 + 936 + 788 + 39 + 888 + 6 + 25 + 999.$
92. $2,004 + 678 + 59 + 384 + 90 + 1,508 + 77.$
93. $5 + 38 + 957 + 1,836 + 2,793 + 858 + 99 + 4.$
94. $287 + 1,085 + 329 + 5,908 + 672 + 84 + 98.$
95. $64 + 317 + 290 + 4,926 + 3,007 + 215.$

119. Find differences:

NOTE. The smaller number (the *subtrahend*) must be taken from the larger number (the *minuend*).

96. 9,000 and 8,743.	101. 8,888 and 9,200.
97. 7,327 and 9,004.	102. 1,711 and 1,682.
98. 6,326 and 5,749.	103. 333 and 1,212.
99. 3,520 and 2,780.	104. 27 and 2,700.
100. 883 and 500.	105. 4,837 and 2,958.

120. Oral Problems.

1. There are 3 rows of desks in the school-room, and 9 desks in each row. How many desks are there in the room?
2. If there are 16 ounces in a pound, how many ounces are there in half a pound?
3. A storekeeper sold 15 hats Monday, 9 on Tuesday, 7 Wednesday, 10 Thursday. How many did he sell in four days?
4. A woman has 18 yards of silk. She uses 5 yards. How many yards has she left?
5. At 3 for a cent, how many marbles can be bought for 6 cents?

6. What will be the cost of a pint of maple syrup if a quart is worth 22 cents?
7. There are 4 quarts in a gallon. How many pints are there in a gallon?
8. How many feet have 12 ducks?
9. If a 12-cent pie is divided into 3 equal pieces, what is each piece worth?
10. John is 9 years old, and Mary is 16. What is the difference between their ages?

121. Slate Problems.

1. Mary weighs 36 pounds, and Sarah weighs 55 pounds. How much do both weigh?
2. What is the difference between their weights?
3. A confectioner sells ice-cream for 80 cents a half gallon. What is the price of a quart?
4. At 3 for a cent, what will be the cost of 48 marbles?
5. How much must I pay for 4 sheep that cost \$13 each?
6. I buy 27 cents' worth of groceries, and give the store-keeper a 50-cent piece. How much change should I receive?
7. What will be the cost of a pound of 60-cent tea and 25 cents' worth of eggs?
8. A bag of flour contains 49 pounds. How many pounds of flour are there in 2 bags?
9. If meal costs 2 cents a pound, how many pounds can I buy for 50 cents?
10. If you divide 54 marbles equally among 3 boys, how many will each receive?

122. Slate Exercises.

Multiply :

1. 123	2. 213	3. 312	4. 321	5. 132
<u> 5</u>	<u> 6</u>	<u> 7</u>	<u> 8</u>	<u> 9</u>
6. 231	7. 103	8. 102	9. 203	10. 302
<u> 5</u>	<u> 6</u>	<u> 7</u>	<u> 8</u>	<u> 9</u>
11. 111	12. 222	13. 333	14. 122	15. 133
<u> 5</u>	<u> 6</u>	<u> 7</u>	<u> 8</u>	<u> 9</u>
16. 233	17. 322	18. 332	19. 223	20. 232
<u> 5</u>	<u> 6</u>	<u> 7</u>	<u> 8</u>	<u> 9</u>

123. Divide—

By 5:

21. 660 22. 1,510 23. 1,665 24. 1,160 25. 1,115

By 6:

26. 732 27. 1,218 28. 1,926 29. 1,872 30. 612

By 7:

31. 2,381 32. 2,324 33. 2,254 34. 1,554 35. 721

By 8:

36. 1,704 37. 984 38. 1,848 39. 888 40. 1,864

By 9:

41. 1,188 42. 1,827 43. 2,997 44. 2,898 45. 2,097

*MULTIPLICATION BY 4.***124.** Oral Exercises.

What will 4 pints of milk cost at 4 cents a pint? 4 five-cent base-balls? 4 pounds of sugar at 6 cents a pound? 4 seven-cent dolls? 4 quarts of milk at 8 cents a quart? 4 yards of muslin at 9 cents a yard?

125. Sight Exercises.

Give answers:

4×9

4×6

4×8

4×7

4×5

2×9

2×8

2×7

2×6

2×5

3×5

3×6

3×7

3×8

3×9

5×4

6×4

7×4

8×4

9×4

126. Slate Exercises.

Multiply:

1.	873	2.	456	3.	659	4.	175	5.	999
	4		4		4		4		2

6.	754	7.	234	8.	123	9.	304	10.	432
	3		9		8		7		6

11.	324	12.	1,369	13.	2,468	14.	1,876	15.	1,775
	5		4		4		4		4

16.	1,989	17.	1,563	18.	1,670	19.	1,078	20.	1,123
	4		4		4		4		5

21.	2,084	22.	2,167	23.	2,299	24.	2,308	25.	1,323
	4		4		4		4		6

26.	2,359	27.	2,287	28.	2,389	29.	2,167	30.	1,023
	4		4		4		4		9

31.	2,579	32.	4,987	33.	3,065	34.	1,888	35.	1,203
	3		2		3		4		6

36.	3,287	37.	1,340	38.	1,044	39.	1,243	40.	342
	3		6		8		7		9

$$\begin{array}{r} 41. \quad 4,576 \\ - 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 42. \quad 2,985 \\ - 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 43. \quad 1,670 \\ - 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 44. \quad 2,058 \\ - 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 45. \quad 2,305 \\ - 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 46. \quad 333 \\ - 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 47. \quad 444 \\ - 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 48. \quad 222 \\ - 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 49. \quad 333 \\ - 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 50. \quad 444 \\ - 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

*DIVISION BY 4.***127. Slate Exercises.**

51. 1,876

59. 9,864

67. 1,732

75. 9,024

83. 1,992

52. 2,392

60. 8,512

68. 2,592

76. 8,352

84. 2,764

53. 3,572

61. 7,836

69. 3,176

77. 7,164

85. 3,408

54. 4,580

62. 6,788

70. 4,232

78. 6,380

86. 4,248

55. 8,368

63. 5,696

71. 5,916

79. 5,024

87. 5,760

56. 5,660

64. 4,372

72. 6,972

80. 4,928

88. 6,928

57. 7,704

65. 3,504

73. 7,324

81. 3,716

89. 7,004

58. 9,980

66. 2,768

74. 8,948

82. 2,056

90. 8,312

128. Review.

Divide by 2:

91. 9,876

92. 8,954

93. 7,368

94. 6,598

95. 5,760

By 3:

96. 3,897

97. 8,766

98. 7,353

99. 6,201

100. 5,706

By 4:

101. 5,488

102. 6,372

103. 8,680

104. 9,508

105. 7,716

By 5:

106. 2,150

107. 2,020

108. 7,205

109. 6,170

110. 6,710

By 6:

111. 8,466

112. 8,652

113. 7,218

114. 7,872

115. 8,418

By 7:

116. 9,114 **117.** 8,428 **118.** 7,168 **119.** 9,338 **120.** 9,170

By 8:

121. 9,920 **122.** 8,824 **123.** 9,792 **124.** 9,632 **125.** 3,544

By 9:

126. 2,736 **127.** 3,618 **128.** 2,826 **129.** 9,306 **130.** 9,936

129. Add:

$$\text{131. } 3,478 + 384 + 965 + 29 + 450 + 1,873 + 685.$$

$$\text{132. } 5,883 + 938 + 652 + 36 + 507 + 1,003 + 279.$$

$$\text{133. } 2,476 + 1,259 + 2,647 + 309 + 875 + 33 + 8.$$

$$\text{134. } 3,487 + 844 + 2,036 + 392 + 87 + 64 + 386.$$

$$\text{135. } 589 + 847 + 1,634 + 2,801 + 689 + 2,256.$$

$$\text{136. } 1,799 + 896 + 327 + 683 + 2,549 + 1,286.$$

$$\text{137. } 632 + 583 + 238 + 289 + 1,586 + 37 + 9.$$

$$\text{138. } 3,237 + 654 + 538 + 283 + 1,439 + 256.$$

$$\text{139. } 1,438 + 567 + 36 + 9 + 57 + 486 + 4,008.$$

$$\text{140. } 2,376 + 462 + 756 + 49 + 385 + 427 + 2,603.$$

130. Find differences between:

$$\text{141. } 9,000 \text{ and } 8,790.$$

$$\text{146. } 4,350 \text{ and } 2,670.$$

$$\text{142. } 6,034 \text{ and } 8,043.$$

$$\text{147. } 5,432 \text{ and } 6,021.$$

$$\text{143. } 8,006 \text{ and } 7,999.$$

$$\text{148. } 8,493 \text{ and } 8,530.$$

$$\text{144. } 3,264 \text{ and } 5,310.$$

$$\text{149. } 2,777 \text{ and } 9,843.$$

$$\text{145. } 6,543 \text{ and } 9,001.$$

$$\text{150. } 7,654 \text{ and } 6,789.$$

131. Oral Problems.

1. How many balls are there in 4 Roman candles, each containing 8 balls?
2. There are 27 boys in the first division and 10 in the second division. How many are there in both?
3. A boy works 9 examples a day. How many does he work in 4 days?
4. What will be paid for one-fourth of a yard of ribbon at 40 cents a yard?
5. A man walks 28 miles in 7 hours. How many miles does he walk in 1 hour?
6. What will be the cost of 8 yards of cloth at \$4 per yard?
7. A boy found 4 marbles and then had 32. How many had he at first?
8. John paid 36 cents for a book and 4 cents for a slate. How many cents did he pay for both?
9. Mary had 18 jackstones. How many had she after giving 3 to Jane?
10. Harry is 8 years old. In how many years will he be 12?

132. Slate Problems.

1. If 4 marbles are sold for 1 cent, how much will 8 marbles cost? How much will 88 cost?
2. A boy bought 3 readers. He paid 15 cents for one, 16 cents for another, 17 cents for the third. How many cents did he pay for the three?
3. What will 3 readers cost at 16 cents each?
4. There are 24 hours in a day. How many hours are there in 4 days?
5. A boy paid 80 cents for 4 pounds of candy. How much did it cost a pound?

6. A farmer has 96 cows in 3 stables, the same number in each. How many are there in each stable?
7. How much will I have to pay for 2 suits of clothes at \$35 each?
8. There were 90 sheep in a flock; 14 of them died. How many were there in the flock then?
9. How many pounds of butter are there in 2 tubs, each containing 48 pounds?
10. Two boys weigh together 90 pounds. One of them weighs 35 pounds. How much does the other weigh?

*MULTIPLICATION BY 5.***133. Oral Exercises.**

What is the cost of 5 five-cent base-balls? Of 5 pounds of sugar at six cents a pound? Of 5 seven-cent dolls? 5 quarts of milk at eight cents a quart? 5 yards of muslin at nine cents a yard?

134. Slate Exercises.

Multiply by 5:

1. 27	13. 287	25. 1,263	37. 1,596	49. 1,740
2. 36	14. 309	26. 1,315	38. 1,582	50. 1,763
3. 44	15. 456	27. 1,338	39. 1,539	51. 1,820
4. 50	16. 578	28. 1,367	40. 1,566	52. 1,808
5. 63	17. 699	29. 1,395	41. 1,698	53. 1,895
6. 72	18. 783	30. 1,384	42. 1,605	54. 1,886
7. 85	19. 859	31. 1,467	43. 1,627	55. 1,830
8. 96	20. 938	32. 1,479	44. 1,635	56. 1,999
9. 105	21. 1,057	33. 1,408	45. 1,672	57. 1,904
10. 126	22. 1,163	34. 1,460	46. 1,776	58. 1,960
11. 148	23. 1,285	35. 1,483	47. 1,709	59. 1,974
12. 169	24. 1,208	36. 1,507	48. 1,785	60. 1,953

Multiply by 2:

61. 4,875	62. 3,876	63. 2,594	64. 3,687	65. 4,908
------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------

By 3:

66. 3,209	67. 3,165	68. 3,097	69. 2,986	70. 2,895
------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------

By 4:

71. 2,409	72. 2,386	73. 2,095	74. 1,983	75. 1,878
------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------

By 5:

76. 1,954	77. 1,837	78. 1,789	79. 1,605	80. 1,588
------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------

By 6:

81. 1,504	82. 1,423	83. 1,305	84. 1,250	85. 1,354
------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------

By 7:

86. 1,405	87. 1,425	88. 1,054	89. 1,235	90. 1,043
------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------

By 8:

91. 1,205	92. 1,125	93. 1,053	94. 1,235	95. 1,143
------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------

By 9:

96. 1,054	97. 1,032	98. 1,044	99. 1,105	100. 1,025
------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------	-------------------

DIVISION BY 5.

135. Slate Exercises.

Divide by 5:

101. 600	111. 1,360	121. 2,485	131. 5,385	141. 9,120
-----------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------

102. 650	112. 1,475	122. 2,590	132. 5,715	142. 9,215
-----------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------

103. 700	113. 1,510	123. 2,600	133. 6,205	143. 9,360
-----------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------

104. 750	114. 1,635	124. 2,730	134. 6,790	144. 9,425
-----------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------

105. 875	115. 1,770	125. 2,855	135. 7,325	145. 9,580
-----------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------

106. 905	116. 1,820	126. 2,905	136. 7,780	146. 9,675
-----------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------

107. 920	117. 1,945	127. 3,060	137. 8,750	147. 9,780
-----------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------

108. 1,090	118. 2,010	128. 3,585	138. 8,765	148. 9,895
-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------

109. 1,120	119. 2,265	129. 4,070	139. 8,910	149. 9,905
-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------

110. 1,215	120. 2,350	130. 4,290	140. 9,015	150. 9,995
-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------

By 2:

151. 9,818 **152.** 8,980 **153.** 7,756 **154.** 6,196 **155.** 8,016

By 3:

156. 8,919 **157.** 9,504 **158.** 8,766 **159.** 9,153 **160.** 7,695

By 4:

161. 9,516 **162.** 8,724 **163.** 6,432 **164.** 8,756 **165.** 9,792

By 5:

166. 6,535 **167.** 5,250 **168.** 4,875 **169.** 6,390 **170.** 7,205

By 6:

171. 8,124 **172.** 7,500 **173.** 7,830 **174.** 8,538 **175.** 9,024

By 7:

176. 9,835 **177.** 9,975 **178.** 7,378 **179.** 8,645 **180.** 7,301

By 8:

181. 9,000 **182.** 8,424 **183.** 9,880 **184.** 9,144 **185.** 9,640

By 9:

186. 9,225 **187.** 9,945 **188.** 9,396 **189.** 9,288 **190.** 9,486

136. United States Money.

In writing dollars and cents, the dollar sign, \$, is written first, followed by the number of dollars; then comes a period (decimal point) and the number of cents.

Three dollars and fifty cents is written	\$ 3.50
Eighteen dollars and sixty-seven cents	\$ 18.67
Twenty-four dollars	\$ 24.00
Six dollars and eight cents	\$ 6.08
Twenty-five cents	\$.25
Three cents	\$.03

Twenty-five cents may also be written 25¢; three cents may be written 3¢.

The abbreviations *ct.* and *cts.* are sometimes used; thus, 1 *ct.*, 9 *cts.*

137. Slate Exercises.

Add:

191. \$ 13.57	192. \$ 20.68	193. \$ 3.69	194. \$.48	195. \$.17
8.69	12.56	41.36	2.15	.28
.31 39	9.99	8.40	.67	3.49
2.15 33	.55	10.65	3.85	16.55
30.70 25	6.37	9.87	42.30	4.70
9.58 6	26.58	.63	6.85	23.69
.39	.25	.50	18.46	.58

NOTE. In adding long columns, the total of each column may be placed alongside, as in example 191. Writing "carrying" figures in other operations should not be allowed.

138. Find differences between :

196. \$ 84.00 and \$ 73.17.	201. \$ 21.52 and \$.76.
197. \$ 23.16 and \$ 70.00.	202. \$ 63.24 and \$ 5.48.
198. \$ 69.50 and \$ 90.40.	203. \$ 2.79 and \$ 27.90.
199. \$ 45.75 and \$ 39.69.	204. \$.16 and \$ 16.00.
200. \$ 24.00 and \$ 8.63.	205. \$ 8.38 and \$ 91.11.

139. Oral Problems.

1. There are 5 rows of trees, 9 trees in each row. How many trees are there in all?
2. How many ounces of candy are there in 8 boxes, each containing 4 ounces?
3. There are 50 pages in a book. Sarah has read all but 5 pages. How many pages has she read?
4. Mr. Smith is 40 years old; his wife is 5 years younger. How old is Mrs. Smith?
5. William is 8 years old; his brother Stephen is 16 years older. How old is Stephen?

6. A woman paid 48 cents for 4 pounds of cheese. How much did one pound cost?

7. There are 45 gallons of oil in a barrel. How many gallons will there be in it after 10 are sold?

8. A girl wrote 50 words. She spelled 5 incorrectly. How many did she spell correctly?

9. How much will a dozen five-cent oranges cost?

10. A train goes a mile in 2 minutes. How many miles will it go in 26 minutes?

140. Slate Problems.

1. There are 5 houses in a row, and each house has 16 windows. How many windows are there in all?

2. A man buys a cow for \$90. How many \$5 bills will he have to give to pay for the cow?

3. Harry has 18 five-cent pieces in his bank. How much money has he?

4. If a girl went to school 21 days each month for 4 months, how many days would she attend school?

5. 90 boys belong to a certain school; 15 are absent. How many are present?

6. At 2 for a cent, how much will 48 peaches cost?

7. Henry, Jane, and Thomas had 25 marbles each. How many marbles did the three children have?

8. A man divided 60 cherries equally among 4 boys. How many did each receive?

9. If we spell 15 minutes a day, how many minutes will we spell in a week of 5 days?

10. A woman bought a \$5 shawl, and gave the store-keeper a \$100 bill. How much change did she receive?

*FRACTIONAL PARTS.***141. Preliminary Exercises.**

What is one-half of 2? Of 4? Of 8? Of 18? Of 20?
Of 24?

142. One-half is written $\frac{1}{2}$.

143. Slate Exercises.

1. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 36 = ?

3. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 50 = ?

2. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 72 = ?

4. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 100 = ?

5. If a dollar contains 100 cents, how many cents are there in one-fourth of a dollar?

144. One-fourth is written $\frac{1}{4}$. One-third, $\frac{1}{3}$. One-fifth, $\frac{1}{5}$.

6. What is $\frac{1}{4}$ of 80? Find $\frac{1}{4}$ of 60.

145. Oral Exercises.

What is $\frac{1}{2}$ of 3? Of 6? Of 12? Of 18? Of 21? Of 27?
Of 30? Of 36?

Find $\frac{1}{4}$ of 4. Of 8. Of 16. Of 24. Of 28. Of 36.
Of 40. Of 48.

What is $\frac{1}{5}$ of 10? $\frac{1}{6}$ of 18? $\frac{1}{3}$ of 33?

146. Slate Exercises.

Find $\frac{1}{2}$ of each of the following. Find $\frac{1}{3}$. Find $\frac{1}{4}$.

1. 96

6. 192

11. 348

16. 912

2. 84

7. 144

12. 624

17. 756

3. 72

8. 576

13. 360

18. 864

4. 48

9. 252

14. 432

19. 960

5. 60

10. 156

15. 276

20. 720

ROMAN NOTATION.

147. In the Roman Notation, letters are used.

$$I = 1$$

$$V = 5$$

$$X = 10$$

148. The numbers from 1 to 10 are written as follows:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----

I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X
---	----	-----	----	---	----	-----	------	----	---

Placing X in succession before each of the foregoing gives the numbers from 11 to 20.

149. Write in Roman Numerals:

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

150. Read the following:

XXI	XXIII	XXV	XXVII	XXIX
-----	-------	-----	-------	------

XXII	XXIV	XXVI	XXVIII	XXX
------	------	------	--------	-----

151. Write in Roman numerals:

31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

L stands for 50

$\text{XL} = 40$

152. Read the following:

XLI	XLIII	XLV	XLVII	XLIX
-----	-------	-----	-------	------

XLII	XLIV	XLVI	XLVIII
------	------	------	--------

153. Write in Roman numerals:

51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

$60 = \text{LX}$

$70 = ?$

$80 = ?$

154. Read:

LXI LXXXIV LXXXIX LV XXXIX XXIV LIII LIX

$100 = \text{C}$

$90 = \text{XC}$

155. Read:

XCI	XCIX	XCII	XCI	XCVI
XCIV	XCVIII	XCV	XCVII	

156. Write in Roman numerals:

25 48 63 52 74 98 37 29 14 89 34 47 99

157. Liquid Measure.

2 pints = 1 quart.

4 quarts = 1 gallon.

Pints are written pt. Quarts are written qt. Gallons are written gal.

The measures themselves should be brought into the class-room, and should be handled by the children. As many as possible of the pupils should verify the table by filling the gallon measure with water, using the quart, etc.

158. Oral Problems.

1. How many weeks are there in 35 days?
2. A man had 25 pounds of raisins. How many pounds had he after selling one-half pound?
3. A family uses a gallon of milk a day. How many quarts does the family use in 7 days?
4. When milk is 8 cents a quart, what is the price of a gallon?
5. When oil is 8 cents a gallon, how much does a quart cost?
6. A boy had 2 pies, which he cut into fourths. How many pieces did he make?
7. How many quarter-dollars are there in 5 dollars?
8. John's father gave him a half-pound box of candy, and his aunt gave him a quarter-pound. How much candy did he have then?

9. If 9 fire-crackers are sold for 1 cent, how many can a boy get for 5 cents?

10. A storekeeper receives 45 cents for 9 balls. What does he charge apiece for them?

11. Louis has 9 pigeons; Henry has four times as many. How many has Henry?

12. How many marbles will Mr. Smith have to buy, to give 11 to each of his 4 boys?

13. A mechanic earns \$24 per week of 6 days. What wages does he receive for a day's work?

14. A farmer has 4 horses, 27 cows, and 10 pigs. How many animals does he own?

15. A girl spent 9 cents for ribbon. If she had 30 cents at first, how much money had she left?

159. Slate Problems.

1. A farmer paid 15 dollars for a sheep, and paid for a cow 20 dollars more than he paid for the sheep. How many dollars did he pay for both?

2. Mr. Jones raised 90 tons of hay. He sold 65 tons, and his horses ate 10 tons. How many tons had he left?

3. William sold 8 dozen eggs. How many eggs did he sell?

4. Ellen has 5 cents left after spending 50 cents for a doll and 20 cents for a work-box. How much money had she at first?

5. A grocer charged 16 cents for a half-pound of butter. What was the cost of a pound?

6. If it takes 4 horses to draw 1 cannon, how many horses will be needed to draw 24 cannons?

7. A street-car conductor collected 85 cents in one trip. How many people were in the car, if each paid 5 cents?

8. Find the cost of $7\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of currants at 10 cents a pound.

9. When tea is 80 cents a pound, how much will I have to pay for a half-pound and a quarter of a pound?
10. Sarah buys a reader for 25 cents, a slate for 12 cents, and a copy book for 10 cents. How much change does she get out of a half-dollar?
11. How many 7-dollar suits can be bought for 84 dollars?
12. Mrs. Brown buys a sideboard for \$25, a table for \$15, and 6 chairs at \$2 each. How much money does she spend?
13. A farmer has in his orchard 3 rows of peach trees, 2 rows of cherry trees, and 4 rows of apple trees. How many trees has he in the orchard, if there are 11 trees in each row?
14. There are 24 boys in a class. How many boys are there in 3 classes?
15. I spent 68 cents for dry goods, and have 22 cents left. How much money had I at first?
16. There are 90 eggs in a box. How many will be left after 5 dozen are sold?
17. Our reader has 87 pages. We read 45 pages last month, and 30 pages so far this month. How many pages have we yet to read?
18. James has 10 marbles, Thomas has 5 more than James, Edward has 5 more than Thomas. How many marbles have the three boys?
19. A fruit-dealer has 8 dozen oranges. How many oranges will he have after he sells 3 dozen?
20. How many days are there in April, May, and June?

CHAPTER III.

MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION.—OUNCE AND POUND.— TWO OPERATIONS.—HALVES, THIRDS, FOURTHS.— MULTIPLICATION BY A MIXED NUMBER.

MULTIPLICATION BY 6.

160. Oral Exercises.

What is the cost of 6 pounds of sugar at six cents a pound? Of 6 seven-cent dolls? Of 6 quarts of milk at eight cents a quart? Of 6 yards of muslin at nine cents a yard.

161. Learn the following tables:

2 times 1 are 2	3 times 1 are 3	4 times 1 are 4	5 times 1 are 5	6 times 1 are 6
2 " 2 " 4 3 "	2 " 6 4 "	2 " 8 5 "	2 " 10 6 "	2 " 12
2 " 3 " 6 3 "	3 " 9 4 "	3 " 12 5 "	3 " 15 6 "	3 " 18
2 " 4 " 8 3 "	4 " 12 4 "	4 " 16 5 "	4 " 20 6 "	4 " 24
2 " 5 " 10 3 "	5 " 15 4 "	5 " 20 5 "	5 " 25 6 "	5 " 30
2 " 6 " 12 3 "	6 " 18 4 "	6 " 24 5 "	6 " 30 6 "	6 " 36
2 " 7 " 14 3 "	7 " 21 4 "	7 " 28 5 "	7 " 35 6 "	7 " 42
2 " 8 " 16 3 "	8 " 24 4 "	8 " 32 5 "	8 " 40 6 "	8 " 48
2 " 9 " 18 3 "	9 " 27 4 "	9 " 36 5 "	9 " 45 6 "	9 " 54
2 " 10 " 20 3 "	10 " 30 4 "	10 " 40 5 "	10 " 50 6 "	10 " 60
2 " 11 " 22 3 "	11 " 33 4 "	11 " 44 5 "	11 " 55 6 "	11 " 66
2 " 12 " 24 3 "	12 " 36 4 "	12 " 48 5 "	12 " 60 6 "	12 " 72

162. Sight Exercises.

Give answers:

3×5	11×3	5×12	11×5	9×4
5×6	6×9	11×2	4×4	3×7
4×5	11×6	10×6	3×9	3×6
7×6	5×5	6×11	6×4	10×5

8×5	6×6	7×3	9×2	6×8
4×6	4×7	2×11	8×6	4×10
5×11	2×12	8×3	4×9	6×5
12×5	3×8	10×3	5×10	10×2
9×3	4×3	5×8	9×5	12×6
7×4	4×8	4×12	6×10	7×5
2×8	9×6	5×7	12×4	3×3
12×3	5×9	10×4	6×7	2×9
4×11	11×4	6×12	12×2	8×4

163. Slate Exercises.

Multiply by 6 :

1. 1,643	9. 280	17. 728	25. 1,632	33. 1,095
2. 264	10. 344	18. 1,628	26. 1,570	34. 1,665
3. 807	11. 1,123	19. 764	27. 998	35. 1,049
4. 1,360	12. 676	20. 1,448	28. 1,168	36. 990
5. 1,605	13. 1,308	21. 1,566	29. 1,268	37. 1,630
6. 199	14. 444	22. 1,056	30. 1,232	38. 1,504
7. 358	15. 1,660	23. 1,358	31. 1,612	39. 1,320
8. 647	16. 555	24. 1,374	32. 1,536	40. 1,409

164. Sight Exercises.

Give quotients :

5)45	6)48	7)14	8)24	9)45	10)60
11)22	12)36	11)44	10)30	9)18	8)16
7)42	6)54	5)55	4)32	3)36	2)18
3)33	4)36	5)40	6)72	7)28	8)40
9)36	10)40	11)33	12)48	11)55	10)20
9)9	8)48	7)35	6)66	5)60	4)44
3)21	2)24	3)27	4)48	5)40	6)36
7)21	8)32	9)54	10)50	11)11	12)24

*DIVISION BY 6.***166. Slate Exercises.**

Divide by 6:

1. 1,728	11. 3,006	21. 5,016	31. 7,002	41. 9,240
2. 1,056	12. 3,966	22. 5,238	32. 7,338	42. 9,360
3. 1,314	13. 3,348	23. 5,910	33. 7,512	43. 9,426
4. 1,566	14. 3,582	24. 5,652	34. 7,734	44. 9,540
5. 1,926	15. 3,726	25. 5,814	35. 7,956	45. 9,636
6. 2,484	16. 4,284	26. 6,810	36. 8,436	46. 8,904
7. 2,790	17. 4,536	27. 6,936	37. 8,574	47. 7,500
8. 2,160	18. 4,068	28. 6,426	38. 8,664	48. 5,040
9. 2,574	19. 4,644	29. 6,234	39. 8,790	49. 6,336
10. 2,664	20. 4,410	30. 6,048	40. 8,832	50. 4,824

167. Sight Exercises.

Give missing numbers:

$9 \times ? = 54$

$? \times 5 = 40$

$16 + ? = 8$

$? - 6 = 19$

$? + 7 = 25$

$? \div 3 = 9$

$24 - ? = 15$

$12 \times 3 = ?$

$32 \div 4 = ?$

168. Original Problems.

Make problems containing the following numbers:

$20 + 8 + 7 + 5$

$19 - 4$

12×5

$28 \div 4$

5×6

$20 \div 2$

169. Review. Slate Exercises.

Add:

1. 1,792; 816; 54; 937; 208; 4,007; 19.

2. 357; 20; 9; 64; 583; 6,086; 444; 37.

8×5	6×6	7×3	9×2	6×8
4×6	4×7	2×11	8×6	4×10
5×11	2×12	8×3	4×9	6×5
12×5	3×8	10×3	5×10	10×2
9×3	4×3	5×8	9×5	12×6
7×4	4×8	4×12	6×10	7×5
2×8	9×6	5×7	12×4	3×3
12×3	5×9	10×4	6×7	2×9
4×11	11×4	6×12	12×2	8×4

163. Slate Exercises.

Multiply by 6:

1. 1,643	9. 280	17. 728	25. 1,632	33. 1,095
2. 264	10. 344	18. 1,628	26. 1,570	34. 1,665
3. 807	11. 1,123	19. 764	27. 998	35. 1,049
4. 1,360	12. 676	20. 1,448	28. 1,168	36. 990
5. 1,605	13. 1,308	21. 1,566	29. 1,268	37. 1,630
6. 199	14. 444	22. 1,056	30. 1,232	38. 1,504
7. 358	15. 1,660	23. 1,358	31. 1,612	39. 1,320
8. 647	16. 555	24. 1,374	32. 1,536	40. 1,409

164. Sight Exercises.

Give quotients:

$5)45$	$6)48$	$7)14$	$8)24$	$9)45$	$10)60$
$11)22$	$12)36$	$11)44$	$10)30$	$9)18$	$8)16$
$7)42$	$6)54$	$5)55$	$4)32$	$3)36$	$2)18$
$3)33$	$4)36$	$5)40$	$6)72$	$7)28$	$8)40$
$9)36$	$10)40$	$11)33$	$12)48$	$11)55$	$10)20$
$9)9$	$8)48$	$7)35$	$6)66$	$5)60$	$4)44$
$3)21$	$2)24$	$3)27$	$4)48$	$5)40$	$6)36$
$7)21$	$8)32$	$9)54$	$10)50$	$11)11$	$12)24$

*DIVISION BY 6.***166. Slate Exercises.**

Divide by 6:

1. 1,728	11. 3,006	21. 5,016	31. 7,002	41. 9,240
2. 1,056	12. 3,966	22. 5,238	32. 7,338	42. 9,360
3. 1,314	13. 3,348	23. 5,910	33. 7,512	43. 9,426
4. 1,566	14. 3,582	24. 5,652	34. 7,734	44. 9,540
5. 1,926	15. 3,726	25. 5,814	35. 7,956	45. 9,636
6. 2,484	16. 4,284	26. 6,810	36. 8,436	46. 8,904
7. 2,790	17. 4,536	27. 6,936	37. 8,574	47. 7,500
8. 2,160	18. 4,068	28. 6,426	38. 8,664	48. 5,040
9. 2,574	19. 4,644	29. 6,234	39. 8,790	49. 6,336
10. 2,664	20. 4,410	30. 6,048	40. 8,832	50. 4,824

167. Sight Exercises.

Give missing numbers:

$9 \times ? = 54$

$? \times 5 = 40$

$16 \div ? = 8$

$? - 6 = 19$

$? + 7 = 25$

$? \div 3 = 9$

$24 - ? = 15$

$12 \times 3 = ?$

$32 \div 4 = ?$

168. Original Problems.

Make problems containing the following numbers:

$20 + 8 + 7 + 5$

$19 - 4$

12×5

$28 \div 4$

5×6

$20 \div 2$

169. Review. Slate Exercises.

Add:

1. 1,792; 816; 54; 937; 208; 4,007; 19.

2. 357; 20; 9; 64; 583; 6,086; 444; 37.

3. 2,095 ; 5 ; 678 ; 23 ; 418 ; 96 ; 177 ; 3,456.
 4. 1,876 ; 783 ; 275 ; 954 ; 783 ; 666 ; 2,854 ; 1,009. ,
 5. 8 ; 75 ; 466 ; 4,308 ; 275 ; 54 ; 9 ; 83 ; 507.

170. Find differences between :

6. 684 and 1,079.	14. 2,763 and 4,087.
7. 9,101 and 2,345.	15. 9,002 and 4,932.
8. 7,311 and 5,198.	16. 9 and 9,000.
9. 1,876 and 938.	17. 7,800 and 6,969.
10. 4,000 and 2,500.	18. 3,000 and 13.
11. 9,000 and 8,970.	19. 2,470 and 2,560.
12. 6,473 and 5,876.	20. 8,000 and 7,999.
13. 4,321 and 5,000.	

171. Multiply by 2 :

21. 4,978	22. 3,708	23. 4,837	24. 3,916	25. 2,785
By 3 :				
26. 1,978	27. 3,284	28. 3,306	29. 2,765	30. 1,899
By 4 :				
31. 2,467	32. 2,315	33. 2,475	34. 1,899	35. 1,978
By 5 :				
36. 1,890	37. 1,257	38. 1,683	39. 1,594	40. 1,738
By 6 :				
41. 1,659	42. 1,538	43. 1,476	44. 1,375	45. 1,248
By 7 :				
46. 1,426	47. 1,364	48. 1,251	49. 1,403	50. 1,265
By 8 :				
51. 1,234	52. 1,065	53. 1,143	54. 1,203	55. 1,152
By 9 :				
56. 1,032	57. 1,052	58. 1,063	59. 1,105	60. 1,036

By 10:

61. 456	62. 354	63. 260	64. 364	65. 625
----------------	----------------	----------------	----------------	----------------

By 11:

66. 612	67. 505	68. 624	69. 530	70. 456
----------------	----------------	----------------	----------------	----------------

By 12:

71. 232	72. 304	73. 215	74. 521	75. 605
----------------	----------------	----------------	----------------	----------------

172. Divide by 2:

76. 9,876	77. 8,954	78. 7,976	79. 6,958	80. 5,974
------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------

By 3:

81. 8,988	82. 7,698	83. 9,864	84. 8,727	85. 7,908
------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------

By 4:

86. 9,788	87. 9,964	88. 9,856	89. 8,992	90. 8,708
------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------

By 5:

91. 7,895	92. 8,705	93. 9,610	94. 6,835	95. 7,990
------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------

By 6:

96. 9,840	97. 8,922	98. 9,900	99. 8,814	100. 7,830
------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------	-------------------

By 7:

101. 8,022	102. 8,652	103. 9,555	104. 9,912	105. 7,392
-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------

By 8:

106. 9,968	107. 8,504	108. 9,248	109. 8,520	110. 8,480
-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------

By 9:

111. 9,504	112. 9,954	113. 9,144	114. 9,558	115. 9,576
-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------

By 10:

116. 6,460	117. 5,230	118. 4,120	119. 3,340	120. 2,530
-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------

By 11:

121. 4,422	122. 5,533	123. 6,094	124. 3,443	125. 2,365
-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------

By 12:

126. 1,212	127. 2,436	128. 1,344	129. 2,556	130. 1,500
-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------

173. Oral Problems.

1. Spent 75 cents for a book, and 10 cents for a slate. How much was paid for both?
2. If a girl pays one cent for 5 jackstones, how many cents would she have to pay for 25 jackstones?
3. A pound of butter costs 24 cents. How much will $\frac{1}{4}$ pound cost?
4. If $\frac{1}{2}$ pound of sugar costs 3 cents, what is the price of a pound?
5. At \$5 per ton, how many dollars will I have to pay for 6 tons of coal?
6. How many feet have 12 cows?
7. If 24 children, at a party, eat $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of ice-cream each, how many pints will they all eat?
8. How many oranges are there in a box containing 5 dozen?
9. A woman pays \$18 for material for a dress, and \$6 for making it. How much does the dress cost?
10. I pay 10 cents for $\frac{1}{4}$ pound of candy. How much would I have to pay for $\frac{1}{2}$ pound?

174. Slate Problems.

1. Find the cost of 6 coats at \$15 each.
2. If 6 marbles are sold for one cent, how much will a boy have to pay for 84 marbles?
3. What is the price of a half-yard of lace when a yard costs 90 cents?
4. At 6 cents a pound, how many pounds of sugar can you buy for 96 cents?
5. What will be the cost of 3 base-balls at 25 cents each?
6. A storekeeper sells marbles at 13 for a cent. How many marbles can be bought for 5 cents?

7. At 3 for a cent, how many cents would I have to pay for 99 slate pencils?
8. If there are 24 hours in a day, how many hours are there in 3 days?
9. John has 136 postage stamps, and William has 4. How many have they together?
10. By selling a ball for 75 cents, I lost 5 cents. What did it cost me?
11. What will be the cost of 6 cans of corn at 13 cents a can?
12. How many pounds of 4-cent flour can be bought for 64 cents?
13. Harry learns to spell 14 words a day. How many does he learn in 5 days?
14. How many quarts are there in 18 gallons?
15. How many quarts are there in 64 pints?
16. A girl goes to school 5 hours a day. How many minutes does she attend school if there are 60 minutes in an hour?
17. There are 4 classes in a school, and 24 pupils in each class. How many pupils are there?
18. What will be the cost of 2 dolls at 49 cents each?
19. Paid 48 cents for 3 yards of cambric. What was the price of 1 yard?
20. A boy sold some newspapers for 50 cents; he made 25 cents profit. What did the papers cost him?
21. A Noah's ark contains 15 animals. How many animals in 6 Noah's arks?
22. A train went 96 miles in 3 hours. How many miles did it go in one hour?
23. Fifty pupils belong to a certain class; 13 are absent. How many are present?
24. On Friday there were 68 pupils present in school, and 12 absent. How many pupils belong to the school?

25. Eighty children attend a strawberry festival; each one eats one-half pint of ice-cream. How many pints are eaten?

26. How many quarts are there in 90 pints?

27. What would be the cost of 6 velocipedes at \$13 each?

28. A circus owner paid \$92 for 4 monkeys. How much apiece did they cost?

29. The fare on a certain railroad is 3 cents a mile. How many miles can I ride for 96 cents?

30. A street-car conductor receives 5 cents fare from each passenger. How many passengers has he, if he receives 75 cents for fares?

QUOTIENTS AND REMAINDERS.

175. Divide 13 by 2.

The dividend 13 contains the divisor 2, 6 times with 1 remainder. $2\overline{)13}$
The remainder is written over the divisor. The answer is read six $\frac{1}{2}$
and one-half.

Divide 27 by 4.

The quotient is 6, and the remainder is 3. The answer is $6\frac{3}{4}$, read six and three-fourths.

In like manner $42 \div 5 = 8\frac{2}{5}$; $67 \div 6 = 11\frac{1}{6}$.

176. Slate Exercises.

Find answers:

1. $87 \div 2$	11. $370 \div 3$	21. $1,200 \div 9$	31. $6,833 \div 5$
2. $195 \div 4$	12. $289 \div 6$	22. $1,001 \div 8$	32. $9,545 \div 6$
3. $415 \div 6$	13. $359 \div 7$	23. $1,416 \div 7$	33. $4,238 \div 7$
4. $230 \div 3$	14. $421 \div 8$	24. $2,593 \div 6$	34. $4,005 \div 8$
5. $954 \div 5$	15. $370 \div 9$	25. $4,976 \div 5$	35. $4,555 \div 9$
6. $1,607 \div 2$	16. $453 \div 10$	26. $7,577 \div 4$	36. $2,349 \div 10$
7. $295 \div 3$	17. $567 \div 11$	27. $6,872 \div 3$	37. $3,367 \div 11$
8. $163 \div 4$	18. $607 \div 12$	28. $9,503 \div 2$	38. $4,877 \div 12$
9. $809 \div 6$	19. $1,354 \div 11$	29. $8,761 \div 3$	39. $5,611 \div 11$
10. $756 \div 5$	20. $1,247 \div 10$	30. $7,699 \div 4$	40. $3,803 \div 9$

*MULTIPLICATION BY A MIXED NUMBER.***177. Sight Exercises.**

Give answers:

$\frac{1}{4}$ of 24	$\frac{2}{4}$ of 24	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 24	$\frac{3}{4}$ of 24
$\frac{1}{4}$ of 24	$\frac{2}{2}$ of 24	$\frac{1}{3}$ of 24	$\frac{3}{3}$ of 24
$\frac{1}{6}$ of 24	$\frac{2}{6}$ of 24	$\frac{3}{6}$ of 24	$\frac{4}{6}$ of 24
$\frac{5}{6}$ of 24	$\frac{6}{6}$ of 24	$24 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$	$24 \times 1\frac{1}{3}$
$24 \times 1\frac{1}{4}$	$24 \times 1\frac{1}{6}$	$12 \times 1\frac{1}{3}$	$12 \times 1\frac{1}{4}$
$12 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$	$12 \times 2\frac{1}{6}$	$12 \times 2\frac{1}{4}$	$12 \times 2\frac{1}{3}$

178. Slate Exercises.

Find answers:

1. $26 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$	11. $\frac{1}{6}$ of 96	21. $120 \times 9\frac{1}{2}$
2. $39 \times 1\frac{1}{3}$	12. $\frac{5}{6}$ of 96	22. $126 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$
3. $60 \times 1\frac{1}{4}$	13. $120 \times 1\frac{1}{5}$	23. $126 \times 1\frac{1}{3}$
4. $\frac{2}{3}$ of 39	14. $120 \times 2\frac{1}{4}$	24. $126 \times 1\frac{1}{6}$
5. $\frac{3}{4}$ of 56	15. $120 \times 3\frac{1}{5}$	25. $124 \times 2\frac{1}{4}$
6. $\frac{4}{5}$ of 75	16. $120 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$	26. $240 \times 1\frac{1}{8}$
7. $48 \times 1\frac{1}{8}$	17. $120 \times 5\frac{1}{6}$	27. $760 \times 1\frac{1}{5}$
8. $56 \times 1\frac{1}{4}$	18. $120 \times 6\frac{1}{3}$	28. $840 \times 3\frac{1}{6}$
9. $75 \times 1\frac{1}{5}$	19. $120 \times 7\frac{1}{4}$	29. $960 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$
10. $\frac{2}{5}$ of 120	20. $120 \times 8\frac{1}{5}$	30. $380 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$

179. Oral Problems.

- I bought 6 pounds of 4-cent sugar and gave the store-keeper 25 cents. How much change should I receive?
- How much must be paid for a 10-cent doll, and $\frac{1}{2}$ yard of damask at 40 cents a yard?
- If two oranges cost 6 cents, how many cents will 5 cost?
- What will I pay for a gallon of milk at the rate of 3 cents a pint?

5. Find the cost of three-fourths of a yard of 8-cent muslin.
6. A boy had 25 cents. He spent 10 cents for a base-ball. How many 5-cent bats can he buy with the rest of his money?
7. What will $3\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of 6-cent sugar cost?
8. Sarah buys two 12-cent goblets and a yard of 9-cent ribbon. How much money does she pay for all?
9. If there are 16 ounces in a pound, how many ounces are there in three-fourths of a pound?
10. When butter is 24 cents a pound, what part of a pound can be bought for 6 cents?

180. Slate Problems.

1. Bought 4 yards of cambric at 13 cents a yard. How much change do I receive if I give the clerk 75 cents?
2. What would be the cost of $\frac{1}{2}$ pound of 70-cent tea and 25 cents' worth of eggs?
3. If 2 sheep cost \$26, how many dollars would I have to pay for 5 sheep?
4. What would be the price of a gallon of ice-cream at the rate of 12 cents a pint?
5. Find the cost of $\frac{3}{4}$ of a pound of 60-cent tea.
6. A man has \$90. He buys a cow for \$45. How many sheep at \$5 each can he buy for the remainder of his money?
7. What will $3\frac{1}{2}$ yards of lace cost at 24 cents a yard?
8. Mary buys 6 goblets at 13 cents each and a yard of silesia for 15 cents. How much money does she pay for all?

181. There are 16 ounces in a pound. Write ounce, oz.; pound, lb.

9. How many ounces are there in $2\frac{1}{4}$ pounds?

NOTATION AND NUMERATION.

182. Write one thousand in figures. Nine thousand. Ten thousand. Eleven thousand. Twelve thousand. Thirteen thousand. Twenty thousand. Thirty thousand. Forty-one thousand. Fifty-two thousand. Sixty-three thousand. Seventy-four thousand. Eighty-five thousand. Ninety-six thousand.

183. Read the following:

97,000	56,789	60,706	11,010	10,100
50,800	90,001	23,456	33,333	11,100
10,000	84,000	67,890	70,007	10,111
11,000	40,900	89,998	34,567	44,444
11,101	10,001	73,000	78,900	80,080
11,111	10,011	30,600	70,503	45,678
56,789	11,110	10,010	65,000	89,000
12,345	22,222	10,101	20,100	67,008

184. Write:

Forty-seven thousand eight hundred sixteen.

Eleven thousand eleven.

Four thousand four.

Ninety thousand nine.

Sixty-two thousand sixty-two,

Forty-five thousand eight hundred ten.

Ninety-nine thousand nine hundred ninety-nine.

Four hundred seven.

Eighty-three thousand six hundred eighty.

Fifty thousand five hundred five.

185. Read the following:

4,263	24,734	6,412	32,487	61,005
77,481	4,084	36,073	8,000	26,789
91,733	1,875	87,091	707	15,897
49,137	18,765	50,008	6,040	5,678
7,009	79	19,109	89,364	8,709
54,020	95,687	45,606	90,500	40,002
2,244	45,000	80,020	8,964	71,435
20,000	25,045	63,817	72,000	5,031
30,087	62,990	17,717	25,020	30,200
78,003	88,502	15,480	17,901	40,893
CLXXVI	XCIX	XLVIII	XXXIV	LXXXVII

186. Add across. Add down.

1 +	3 +	7 +	8 +	4 +	2 = ?
20 +	40 +	70 +	90 +	30 +	50 = ?
300 +	500 +	800 +	200 +	600 +	400 = ?
4,000 +	6,000 +	5,000 +	7,000 +	8,000 +	1,000 = ?
10,000 +	10,000 +	10,000 +	10,000 +	10,000 +	10,000 = ?
<hr/>					
? + ? + ? + ? + ? + ? + ? + ? + ? = ?					

Add down. Subtract across.

9 -	6 = ?	7 -	4 = ?
70 -	30 = ?	80 -	20 = ?
800 -	200 = ?	900 -	300 = ?
9,000 -	1,000 = ?	6,000 -	2,000 = ?
40,000 -	10,000 = ?	50,000 -	40,000 = ?
<hr/>		<hr/>	
? - ? = ?		? - ? = ?	

MULTIPLICATION BY 7.

187. Make table of 7's. Learn it.

188. Sight Exercises.

Give products:

3×7	2×7	4×7	6×7
1×7	8×7	10×7	5×7
11×7	9×7	12×7	7×7

189. Slate Exercises.

Multiply by 7:

1. 14	11. 26	21. 95	31. 1,016	41. 11,076
2. 15	12. 33	22. 121	32. 2,320	42. 12,085
3. 17	13. 35	23. 608	33. 3,006	43. 13,960
4. 22	14. 42	24. 315	34. 4,027	44. 14,031
5. 24	15. 45	25. 422	35. 5,309	45. 10,628
6. 103	16. 53	26. 706	36. 6,028	46. 12,598
7. 205	17. 54	27. 625	37. 7,123	47. 11,675
8. 307	18. 66	28. 813	38. 8,650	48. 10,989
9. 409	19. 70	29. 276	39. 9,321	49. 10,999
10. 510	20. 82	30. 365	40. 9,876	50. 11,999

DIVISION BY 7.

190. Slate Exercises.

Divide by 7:

51. 91	56. 714	61. 189	66. 378	71. 651
52. 112	57. 1,428	62. 238	67. 392	72. 784
53. 147	58. 2,142	63. 252	68. 469	73. 3,556
54. 161	59. 2,849	64. 301	69. 560	74. 2,212
55. 175	60. 3,563	65. 322	70. 588	75. 2,975

76. 4,249 81. 7,098 86. 42,140 91. 79,569 96. 59,059
 77. 4,382 82. 16,247 87. 50,491 92. 87,556 97. 62,062
 78. 5,698 83. 21,049 88. 59,920 93. 95,263 98. 75,075
 79. 1,960 84. 28,196 89. 63,861 94. 96,439 99. 88,088
 80. 2,562 85. 37,156 90. 72,982 95. 48,048 100. 99,099

191. Review.

Find answers:

101. <u>7)849</u>	106. <u>$\frac{9}{7}$</u>	111. $600 \div 7$	116. $\frac{1}{4}$ of 273
102. <u>6)849</u>	107. <u>$\frac{9}{6}$</u>	112. $509 \div 6$	117. $\frac{1}{6}$ of 432
103. <u>5)849</u>	108. <u>$\frac{9}{5}$</u>	113. $609 \div 5$	118. $\frac{1}{5}$ of 865
104. <u>4)849</u>	109. <u>$\frac{9}{4}$</u>	114. $607 \div 4$	119. $\frac{1}{4}$ of 728
105. <u>3)849</u>	110. <u>$\frac{9}{2}$</u>	115. $307 \div 3$	120. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 861

192. Multiply by 8:

121. 2,460 122. 3,571 123. 6,052 124. 3,565

By 9:

125. 1,507 126. 2,306 127. 3,754 128. 4,625

By 10:

129. 3,571 130. 1,346 131. 2,456 132. 2,301

By 11:

133. 1,304 134. 2,460 135. 3,507 136. 4,321

By 12:

137. 2,030 138. 3,151 139. 4,268 140. 5,174

193. Divide by 8:

141. 24,327 142. 50,005 143. 30,063 144. 28,569

By 9:

145. 32,140 146. 12,119 147. 22,102 148. 20,710

By 10:

149. 24,327 **150.** 30,063 **151.** 26,579 **152.** 37,543

By 11:

153. 28,347 **154.** 25,345 **155.** 26,800 **156.** 38,577

By 12:

157. 24,361 **158.** 48,731 **159.** 37,812 **160.** 51,157

194. Add:

161.	4,263	162.	24,734	163.	685	164.	9
	17,481		4,389		7,412		88
	1,733		1,875		36,073		777
	9,137		679		8,791		6,666
	7,009		84		5,008		55,555
	34,020		376		19,109		4,444
	2,244		5,007		5,678		333
	987		34,060		395		22
	63		9,988		84		1

165. \$610.05	166. \$24.60	167. \$487.81	168. \$164.75
67.89	150.78	78.12	23.46
8.97	35.71	51.57	35.07
6.78	413.04	4.36	121.19
37.09	31.51	.67	300.63
14.35	42.63	25.34	65.79
50.31	5.74	106.88	74.35
2.00	85.69	57.50	8.04
.93	.77	3.87	10.60

$$169. \quad 347 + 8,865 + 24,795 + 9,876 + 4,050 + 16,984 + 6,395 + \\ 10,034 + 1,776 + 235.$$

$$170. \quad 13,275 + 9,083 + 22,659 + 3,876 + 248 + 1,207 + 14,307 \\ + 2,369.$$

195. Find differences between :

171. 90,876 and 89,967.	179. 17,246 and 83,111.
172. 10,000 and 9,090.	180. 60,301 and 54,287.
173. 84,378 and 90,000.	181. \$ 900.00 and 30 cents.
174. 50,101 and 51,010.	182. \$ 742.65 and \$ 8.37.
175. 36,599 and 36,700.	183. \$ 9.16 and \$ 916.00.
176. 43,285 and 37,967.	184. \$ 3.40 and \$ 543.21.
177. 54,283 and 25,179.	185. \$ 1,234.50 and \$ 3.75.
178. 38,000 and 43,584.	186. \$ 98.75 and \$ 1,000.00.

196. Oral Problems.

1. What will be the cost of a 10-cent piece of soap, and 7 pounds of cheese at 11 cents a pound?
2. Forty-eight quarts are how many gallons?
3. How much will be paid for 12 yards of gingham at 7 cents a yard?
4. If 2 spools of thread cost 10 cents, what will 10 spools cost?
5. What must I pay for $1\frac{1}{2}$ yards of 24-cent ribbon?
6. There are 12 months in a year. How many months are there in $3\frac{1}{2}$ years?
7. How many ounces are there in 1 pound 9 ounces?
8. At 48 cents a gallon, what will be the cost of a pint of molasses?
9. A farmer's wife had 60 eggs. How many dozen did she have?
10. What is the cost of $\frac{3}{4}$ of a yard of serge at 40 cents a yard?

197. Slate Problems.

1. What will 7 bushels of wheat weigh, if there are 60 pounds in 1 bushel?
2. Find the weight of 8 bushels of corn, if a bushel of corn weighs 56 pounds.
3. \$750 are paid for 5 horses. How much does 1 horse cost?
4. A man buys a box containing 30 dozen oranges. How many oranges are there in the box?
5. A box contains 60 lemons. If one-fourth of them are bad, how many good ones are there in the box?
6. What will be the cost of $5\frac{1}{2}$ yards of gingham at 18 cents a yard?
7. 280 pupils attend a certain school. If one-seventh of them are absent, how many pupils are present?
8. How many gallons are there in 320 pints?
9. How many ounces are there in 3 pounds 4 ounces?

198. Sight Exercises.

Give products :

8×3	7×4	5×9	6×7	8×5
2×8	3×9	4×7	7×9	12×6
5×7	12×4	10×5	8×6	9×7
11×6	5×5	7×8	12×7	5×12
8×7	6×8	9×6	5×8	4×9
6×9	7×12	2×8	6×10	7×8
12×5	4×8	7×7	12×3	11×7

199. Give quotients :

$24 \div 3$	$54 \div 6$	$60 \div 5$	$24 \div 8$	$27 \div 9$
$16 \div 8$	$48 \div 4$	$25 \div 5$	$48 \div 8$	$84 \div 7$
$35 \div 7$.	$32 \div 8$	$45 \div 9$	$28 \div 4$	$50 \div 5$

$66 \div 6$	$56 \div 8$	$54 \div 6$	$16 \div 8$	$49 \div 7$
$56 \div 7$	$42 \div 7$	$63 \div 9$	$48 \div 6$	$84 \div 7$
$40 \div 8$	$60 \div 10$	$36 \div 3$	$40 \div 5$	$72 \div 6$
$63 \div 7$	$60 \div 12$	$36 \div 9$	$56 \div 8$	$77 \div 7$

*MULTIPLICATION BY 8.***200.** Make table of 8's. Learn it.**201.** Slate Exercises.

Multiply by 8:

1. 13	11. 33	21. 38	31. 407	41. 5,167
2. 14	12. 35	22. 47	32. 509	42. 6,234
3. 15	13. 41	23. 56	33. 613	43. 7,568
4. 20	14. 43	24. 65	34. 717	44. 8,290
5. 21	15. 52	25. 74	35. 821	45. 9,067
6. 22	16. 61	26. 83	36. 935	46. 9,408
7. 23	17. 73	27. 92	37. 1,050	47. 10,234
8. 24	18. 80	28. 101	38. 2,135	48. 12,046
9. 25	19. 91	29. 203	39. 3,456	49. 11,507
10. 31	20. 29	30. 305	40. 4,083	50. 10,845

*DIVISION BY 8.***202.** Sight Exercises.

Give answers:

<u>24</u> 8	<u>35</u> 7	<u>63</u> 9	<u>72</u> 6	<u>77</u> 7
$40 \div 8$	$63 \div 7$	$81 \div 9$	$72 \div 8$	$64 \div 8$
<u>6)44</u>	<u>9)27</u>	<u>8)56</u>	<u>7)84</u>	<u>5)60</u>
<u>9)45</u>	<u>2)25</u>	<u>3)32</u>	<u>4)45</u>	<u>5)44</u>
<u>6)37</u>	<u>7)53</u>	<u>8)59</u>	<u>9)50</u>	<u>9)70</u>

203. Slate Exercises.

Divide by 8:

1. 104	7. 184	13. 376	19. 808	25. 5,736
2. 112	8. 192	14. 448	20. 1,624	26. 6,568
3. 120	9. 200	15. 520	21. 2,440	27. 7,480
4. 160	10. 248	16. 592	22. 3,256	28. 8,400
5. 168	11. 232	17. 664	23. 4,072	29. 17,080
6. 176	12. 304	18. 736	24. 4,904	30. 27,648

204. Oral Problems.

1. If 2 oranges cost 6 cents, what will I have to pay for 8 oranges?
2. What will 8 pairs of shoes cost at \$4 per pair?
3. A farmer had 39 sheep in one flock, 8 in another, and 10 in another. How many sheep had he in all?
4. Ellen gathered 11 quarts of berries, Mary gathered 2 quarts less than Ellen. How many did both gather?
5. Frank's aunt gave him 50 cents. He gave 10 cents for a slate, and spent the rest for lead-pencils at 5 cents each. How many pencils did he buy?
6. What will be the fare for 11 boys at 3 cents each?
7. There are 46 maple trees in a park, 10 pine trees, and 9 oaks. How many trees are there in the park?
8. A man bought a wagon for \$35. He spent \$10 fixing it. What would he gain by selling it for \$50?
9. A grocer bought 36 eggs at $\frac{1}{4}$ of a cent apiece. How many cents did the eggs cost him?
10. Jane had 48 cents; her mother gave her 10 cents, and she spent 50 cents. How much money had she left?

11. How many dollars will I have to pay for 2 barrels of flour, at $\$5\frac{1}{2}$ a barrel?
12. A dealer bought coal for \$4.50 per ton, and sold it for \$5. How much did he gain?
13. There are two stables with 14 horses in each. How many horses are there in both?
14. If $\frac{1}{2}$ a pound of sugar costs 3 cents, what will be the cost of 5 pounds?
15. If 96 marbles are divided equally among 8 boys, how many will each receive?

205. Slate Problems.

1. If 2 pounds of raisins cost 26 cents, what will be the cost of 7 pounds?
2. What will 8 overcoats cost at \$15 each?
3. A drover bought 39 oxen from one man, 48 from a second, and 59 from a third. How many oxen did he buy?
4. Mr. Lane sold 45 bushels of apples; his neighbor sold 10 bushels less. How many bushels did both sell?
5. A boy went to the store with 90 cents. He bought a pound of lard for 22 cents, and spent the rest for flour at 4 cents a pound. How many pounds of flour did he buy?
6. What will be the fare for 34 boys at 3 cents each?
7. There are 24 maple trees in a park, and 26 more chestnut trees than maples. How many are there of both kinds?
8. A man bought an ox for \$37. After spending \$23 in feeding it, he sold the ox for \$78. What was his profit?
9. Find the cost of $4\frac{1}{8}$ pounds of coffee at 24 cents a pound.
10. A merchant had $48\frac{1}{2}$ yards of calico. He sold $35\frac{1}{2}$ yards, and bought 52 yards. How many yards had he then?

11. What will 2 yards of ribbon cost at $16\frac{1}{2}$ cents a yard?
12. How much profit is made on an article that costs \$3.75 and is sold for \$5?
13. How many pints are there in 42 quarts 1 pint?
14. A store-keeper received \$1.40 for 4 pounds of butter. What was the price per pound?
15. How many ounces are there in $5\frac{1}{4}$ pounds?
16. How many ounces are there in 5 pounds 4 ounces?
17. When tea sells for 5 cents an ounce, how much does one-fourth of a pound cost?
18. A dealer bought 20 quarts of milk at 16 cents a gallon. How much did he pay for it?
19. What will 3 dozen lemons cost at 2 cents each?
20. If 8 pounds of sugar cost 48 cents, what will be the price of a half pound?
21. A farmer has 92 acres in 4 fields of equal size. How many acres are there in 3 fields?
22. A store-keeper had 24 hammers. He sold one-fourth of them at 15 cents each. What did he receive for them?
23. Mr. Day had 84 sheep. He kept 70 of them, and sold the remainder at \$7 apiece. How much did he get for the ones he sold?
24. How many quarts in a barrel of oil that holds 45 gallons?
25. There are 24 hours in a day. How many hours are there in a week?
26. A farmer has 16 cows in one stable and three times as many in another stable. How many cows has he in both stables?
27. How many boxes holding 8 ounces each will 5 pounds of candy fill?

MULTIPLICATION BY 9.

206. Make table of 9's. Learn it.

207. Slate Exercises.

Multiply by 9:

1. 13	11. 34	21. 39	31. 832	41. 6,018
2. 14	12. 36	22. 46	32. 946	42. 6,342
3. 15	13. 41	23. 55	33. 1,051	43. 7,685
4. 20	14. 43	24. 64	34. 2,143	44. 8,370
5. 21	15. 54	25. 73	35. 3,465	45. 9,067
6. 22	16. 62	26. 81	36. 4,093	46. 10,345
7. 23	17. 75	27. 92	37. 4,216	47. 11,067
8. 24	18. 82	28. 102	38. 4,436	48. 10,489
9. 25	19. 93	29. 204	39. 5,025	49. 10,523
10. 32	20. 28	30. 728	40. 5,173	50. 10,658

DIVISION BY 9.

208. Slate Exercises.

Divide by 9:

51. 117	59. 225	67. 657	75. 666	83. 5,517
52. 126	60. 279	68. 720	76. 747	84. 6,453
53. 135	61. 297	69. 819	77. 828	85. 7,389
54. 180	62. 315	70. 261	78. 909	86. 8,415
55. 189	63. 369	71. 387	79. 1,827	87. 9,450
56. 198	64. 387	72. 423	80. 2,745	88. 19,125
57. 207	65. 414	73. 504	81. 3,663	89. 45,819
58. 216	66. 549	74. 585	82. 4,581	90. 65,214

209. Divide by 8. By 9.

91. 140	94. 482	97. 804	100. 627
92. 217	95. 675	98. 902	101. 914
93. 361	96. 777	99. 405	102. 375

210. Oral Problems.

1. William has 10 marbles; Edward has 5 more than William. How many marbles have both boys?
2. James spent 50 cents for a ball, and 30 cents for bats. How much did he spend?
3. If candy is 40 cents a pound, what will $\frac{3}{4}$ pound cost?
4. If $\frac{1}{4}$ pound tea costs 20 cents, how much will I have to pay for $\frac{1}{2}$ pound?
5. If 3 peaches cost 9 cents, how many peaches can I buy for 15 cents?
6. Three-quarters of a pound of butter costs 24 cents; how many cents does one-quarter of a pound cost?
7. A boy has in his bank a quarter, a dime, a half-dime, a 3-cent piece, a 2-cent piece, and a cent. How much money has he?
8. What part of a pie will be left after three children have each received one-fourth of it?
9. What will be the cost of 1 quart 1 pint of ice-cream, at 20 cents a pint?
10. How many cents will 1 ounce of cloves cost at 40 cents for $\frac{1}{2}$ pound?
11. A farmer has two cows and a calf. One cow gives 20 quarts of milk a day, the other gives 25 quarts; but the calf drinks 15. How many quarts a day has the farmer to sell?
12. How many half-pints in a quart of ice-cream?

13. A boy takes 75 cents to the store to get 25 cents' worth of eggs, and the remainder in 5-cent sugar. How many pounds of sugar does he get?

14. A farmer brings to the store 4 dozen eggs worth 20 cents a dozen. How many yards of 8-cent muslin can he buy for the money?

15. What will be the cost of $3\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of flour at 4 cents a pound, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pound of butter at 20 cents a pound?

211. Slate Problems.

1. How many tons of coal at \$5 a ton can be bought for \$200?

2. A milkman sells 8 cans of milk a day, each can holding 10 gallons. How many quarts does he sell?

3. A merchant takes in \$18 on Monday; on Tuesday, \$3 less; on Wednesday, as much as on Monday and Tuesday together. How many dollars does he take in on the three days?

4. A man buys horses at \$100 each, and sells them at \$120 each. What is his profit on 4 horses?

5. There are 2 floors in a school building, and 4 rooms on each floor. How many pupils are in the school if there are 40 in each room?

6. How much will 4 dozen eggs cost at 2 cents for each egg?

7. There are 24 hours in one day. How many hours are there in 9 days?

8. A newsboy sold 23 papers at 3 cents each, and 30 at 1 cent each. How much money did he get for them?

9. There are 16 ounces in 1 pound. How many ounces are there in 9 pounds?

10. A man earns \$100 per month and spends \$75 per month. How much money will he save in 3 months?

11. Find the sum of 36 and 45; subtract from it 65; multiply the remainder by 6; divide the product by 8. What is the quotient?

12. What will be the cost of $2\frac{1}{4}$ yards dress goods at 32 cents per yard?

13. How many dollars will a woman pay for 6 pairs of shoes at \$3 per pair, and an overcoat at \$12?

14. A man sells 7 sofas at \$14 each. If they cost him \$75, what is his profit?

15. A man has 90 cents in silver. He gives $\frac{1}{3}$ of it to his wife. The remainder he divides equally among 4 children. How many cents does each child receive?

212. Review.

Add:

1. 34,216	2. 84,657	3. 378	4. 64,027	5. 9
1,579	2,070	4,154	3,589	81
381	3,889	1,765	4,706	630
4,006	573	28,309	520	1,284
25,718	28	6,524	1,879	15,408
6,285	6	893	20,006	6,275
946	57	25,065	3,845	497
57	1,065	84	217	62
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

213. Find answers:

6. 80,000	7. - 13,398	8. 75,191	9. - 89,688
- 57,059	27,684	- 74,909	90,235
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

214. Oral Exercises.

1. $\frac{2}{7}$ of 14	5. $\frac{6}{7}$ of 77	9. $\frac{2}{5}$ of 55	13. $\frac{5}{8}$ of 24	17. $\frac{4}{5}$ of 45
2. $\frac{3}{7}$ of 21	6. $\frac{3}{4}$ of 40	10. $\frac{5}{6}$ of 72	14. $\frac{7}{8}$ of 32	18. $\frac{5}{9}$ of 36
3. $\frac{4}{7}$ of 28	7. $\frac{2}{3}$ of 60	11. $\frac{1}{8}$ of 80	15. $\frac{1}{6}$ of 63	19. $\frac{7}{9}$ of 27
4. $\frac{5}{7}$ of 35	8. $\frac{4}{5}$ of 60	12. $\frac{3}{8}$ of 16	16. $\frac{2}{3}$ of 54	20. $\frac{4}{7}$ of 18

215. Slate Exercises.

1. $\frac{2}{7}$ of 98	6. $28 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$	11. $28 \times 6\frac{1}{2}$	16. $600 \times 7\frac{1}{6}$
2. $\frac{3}{7}$ of 105	7. $28 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$	12. $24 \times 9\frac{1}{2}$	17. $276 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$
3. $\frac{4}{7}$ of 112	8. $28 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$	13. $36 \times 8\frac{1}{2}$	18. $888 \times 3\frac{1}{4}$
4. $\frac{5}{7}$ of 119	9. $28 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$	14. $84 \times 3\frac{1}{4}$	19. $999 \times 4\frac{1}{3}$
5. $\frac{6}{7}$ of 126	10. $28 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$	15. $100 \times 4\frac{1}{5}$	20. $555 \times 2\frac{1}{6}$

MULTIPLICATION BY 10.

$10 \times 6 = ?$

$10 \times 7 = ?$

$10 \times 9 = ?$

216. What is the last figure of each product? If we multiply 3 by 10, what figure do we join to the 3? When 5 is multiplied by 10, what figure is joined to the 5?

217. Sight Exercises.

10×10	11×10	12×10	13×10
14×10	15×10	17×10	20×10
25×10	37×10	49×10	55×10
63×10	72×10	81×10	99×10

DIVISION BY 10.

218. When we divide 90 by 10, what is the quotient? What figure of the dividend is dropped in the answer?

219. Sight Exercises.

$80 \div 10$	$100 \div 10$	$120 \div 10$	$160 \div 10$
$190 \div 10$	$240 \div 10$	$300 \div 10$	$360 \div 10$
$400 \div 10$	$450 \div 10$	$510 \div 10$	$620 \div 10$
$790 \div 10$	$870 \div 10$	$960 \div 10$	$1,000 \div 10$

*SPECIAL DRILLS.***220.** Give sums:

50 + 30	20 + 60	50 + 40	40 + 50	30 + 60
70 + 20	30 + 30	30 + 20	60 + 20	40 + 20
20 + 40	20 + 70	20 + 50	40 + 40	50 + 20
40 + 30	60 + 30	30 + 40	30 + 50	20 + 30

221. Give remainders:

90 - 50	50 - 20	80 - 40	50 - 30	90 - 70
80 - 30	80 - 60	70 - 30	90 - 40	80 - 50
40 - 20	70 - 20	60 - 40	60 - 20	70 - 40
60 - 30	90 - 30	90 - 60	70 - 50	90 - 20

222. Give products:

20 × 2	3 × 30	20 × 4	$\frac{1}{2} \times 90$	20 × 3
2 × 30	20 × 3	$\frac{1}{2} \times 60$	$80 \times \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2} \times 40$
30 × 3	2 × 40	$80 \times \frac{1}{4}$	3 × 20	2 × 20
4 × 20	30 × 2	40 × 2	$\frac{1}{2} \times 80$	$90 \times \frac{1}{3}$

223. Give results:

40 ÷ 2	90 ÷ 30	80 ÷ 4	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 60	40 ÷ 20
60 ÷ 30	60 ÷ 3	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 60	60 ÷ 20	$\frac{1}{3}$ of 90
90 ÷ 3	80 ÷ 40	80 ÷ 2	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 40	$\frac{3}{4}$ of 40
80 ÷ 20	60 ÷ 2	$\frac{1}{4}$ of 80	$\frac{2}{3}$ of 30	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 80

224. Give results:

$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	$1 - \frac{1}{2}$	$4 \times \frac{1}{2}$	$1 + \frac{1}{2}$	$1 + \frac{1}{4}$
$1\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	$2 - \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2} \times 10$	$2 + \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4}$
$2\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	$5 - \frac{1}{2}$	$20 \times \frac{1}{2}$	$5 + \frac{1}{2}$	$2 + \frac{1}{4}$
$5\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	$10 - \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2} \times 40$	$10 + \frac{1}{2}$	$3 + \frac{1}{3}$

225. Oral Problems.

1. What will be the cost of 3 pounds coffee at 30¢ per pound?
2. There are 100 cents in a dollar. How many cents in $\frac{1}{5}$ dollar?
3. What will I have to pay for 4 readers at 20 cents each?
4. A boy pays 50 cents for a pair of skates and 20 cents for a pound of candy. How much money does he spend?
5. What will be the price of $\frac{1}{4}$ pound of 80-cent tea?
6. Find the cost of $\frac{1}{2}$ yard of silk at 60¢ per yard.
7. A store-keeper sells 80 marbles for 20 cents. How many does he sell for 1 cent?
8. There are seats for 40 pupils in 1 class-room. For how many pupils are there seats in 2 rooms?
9. A man bought 3 pounds of 20-cent coffee. How much did he pay for it?
10. How many ounces in 10 pounds?
11. How many quarts in 80 gallons?
12. The pupils of a certain class solve 20 problems each day. How many do they solve in 5 days?
13. A farmer had 90 sheep. How many did he have after selling 50 sheep?
14. A family uses 3 quarts of milk a day. How many quarts are used in a month of 30 days?

DIVISION BY 10.

226. $19 \div 10 = 1\frac{9}{10}$ $27 \div 10 = ?$ $33 \div 10 = ?$

Notice the remainder.

$101 \div 10 = ?$ $113 \div 10 = ?$ $127 \div 10 = ?$

What figure of the dividend is the same as the remainder?

227. Sight Exercises.

$87 \div 10$	$103 \div 10$	$127 \div 10$	$161 \div 10$
$192 \div 10$	$249 \div 10$	$301 \div 10$	$363 \div 10$
$402 \div 10$	$490 \div 10$	$515 \div 10$	$626 \div 10$
$697 \div 10$	$718 \div 10$	$823 \div 10$	$998 \div 10$

228. Slate Exercises. Review.

Add:

1. \$186.54	2. \$493.05	3. \$936.84	4. \$1,925.84
43.79	27.56	27.00	600.03
287.60	8.32	18.95	285.92
.65	.95	.38	67.15
9.83	.04	6.22	496.88
354.00	1.18	25.80	37.23
2.93	23.59	47.11	4,286.84
12.08	186.18	164.08	.99
<hr/>			

5. Two hundred eighty-seven dollars and sixteen cents; ninety-four dollars and ten cents; four thousand two hundred seventy-eight dollars and five cents; seventy-three thousand six hundred twenty-nine dollars; eight thousand eight dollars and eight cents; ninety-nine cents; twenty-five dollars eleven cents; four cents.

229. Subtract:

6. \$198.50	7. \$200.00	8. \$600.00	9. \$361.82	10. \$983.27
29.86	83.07	.07	279.93	486.00
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

11. From nine hundred sixty-two dollars and eighty-four cents take five hundred seventy-six dollars and seventy-six cents.

12. Find the difference between eight hundred four dollars and ninety-three cents and nine hundred dollars.

13. From ninety-nine dollars take ninety-nine cents.

14. I paid eighty-four dollars and twenty cents for some tea and sold it for one hundred five dollars and fifteen cents. What was my profit?

15. Find the difference between six hundred seventy-five dollars and eighty-nine cents and four hundred eighteen dollars and ninety-eight cents.

230. Multiply :

$$\begin{array}{r} 16. \ \$1.65 \\ 17. \ \$22.75 \\ 18. \ \$101.50 \\ 19. \ \$83.75 \\ 20. \ \$29.63 \\ \hline 8 & 6 & 4 & 5 & 7 \end{array}$$

231. Divide :

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 21. \ 3) \$29.70 & 23. \ 5) \$191.75 & 25. \ 7) \$130.13 \\ \hline & & \\ 22. \ 4) \$86.00 & 24. \ 6) \$240.78 & 26. \ 8) \$902.00 \\ \hline & & \end{array}$$

232. Oral Problems.

- What will a boy have to pay for a 60-cent pair of skates and a 30-cent pair of gloves?
- Henrietta bought 3 yards of dress goods at 30 cents per yard. What was the amount of her bill?
- A girl has 20 cents in her bank. How many more cents must she get to have half a dollar?
- What will be the cost of a 50-cent ball and three 10-cent bats?
- How many packs of fire-crackers at 4 cents each can be bought for 80 cents?
- John received 30 cents from his father and 20 cents from his mother. How many baseballs at 10 cents each can he buy with the money?
- Mary has 60 cents. Jane has 20 cents less. How many cents has Jane?
- If 3 pounds of coffee cost 90 cents, what will be the cost of 1 pound?

9. How many pounds of tea at 40 cents a pound can a person buy for 80 cents?

10. How much cloth worth a dollar a yard can be bought for 25 cents?

233. Slate Problems.

1. Find the cost of 4 barrels of flour at \$5.50 per barrel.
2. If 3 yards of silk cost \$7.50, what is the price of a yard?
3. Divide \$18.60 among 12 persons, giving each the same amount.
4. A man gave 6 boys 10 cents each and had 25 cents remaining. What had he at first?
5. How much change from a dollar bill will a person receive who buys 5 yards of lace at 17¢ per yard?
6. If I pay 90 cents for 3 yards of linen, what would I have to pay for 1½ yards?
7. A man had 96 chestnuts. He divided one-half of them equally among his three children. How many did each receive?
8. If 6 dozen eggs cost \$1.44, what is the price of 1 dozen? Of 1 egg?
9. A man earns \$2.50 per day, and spends \$2.10. How much will he save in 2 days?
10. What will be the cost of 1¼ yards of ribbon at 40 cents per yard?

234. Slate Exercises.

Multiply :

1. $84 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$	6. $119 \times 9\frac{1}{4}$	11. $576 \times 7\frac{1}{8}$	16. $180 \times 12\frac{1}{9}$
2. $63 \times 3\frac{1}{3}$	7. $240 \times 8\frac{1}{10}$	12. $177 \times 5\frac{1}{3}$	17. $336 \times 10\frac{1}{8}$
3. $96 \times 5\frac{1}{6}$	8. $522 \times 4\frac{1}{8}$	13. $252 \times 3\frac{1}{4}$	18. $480 \times 11\frac{1}{5}$
4. $84 \times 7\frac{1}{4}$	9. $344 \times 9\frac{1}{8}$	14. $315 \times 8\frac{1}{5}$	19. $432 \times 12\frac{1}{8}$
5. $120 \times 6\frac{1}{5}$	10. $576 \times 2\frac{1}{12}$	15. $125 \times 6\frac{1}{6}$	20. $121 \times 11\frac{1}{11}$

*HALVES.***237. Sight Exercises.**

Add:

$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{1 half pie} + \text{1 half pie} & \$\frac{1}{2} + \$\frac{1}{2} & 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ pt.} + \frac{1}{2} \text{ pt.} \\ \frac{1}{2} \text{ lb.} + \frac{1}{2} \text{ lb.} + \frac{1}{2} \text{ lb.} & 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ oz.} + \frac{1}{2} \text{ oz.} & 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ yd.} + 1 \text{ yd.} \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{ccccc} 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet} & 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ qt.} & 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ gal.} & 3\frac{1}{2} & 5\frac{1}{2} \\ \underline{2 \text{ feet}} & \underline{1\frac{1}{2} \text{ qt.}} & \underline{2\frac{1}{2} \text{ gal.}} & \underline{2\frac{1}{2}} & \underline{1\frac{1}{2}} \\ 1\frac{1}{2} & 1\frac{1}{2} & 2\frac{1}{2} & 3\frac{1}{2} & 4\frac{1}{2} \\ \underline{\frac{1}{2}} & \underline{1\frac{1}{2}} & \underline{2\frac{1}{2}} & \underline{2\frac{1}{2}} & \underline{3} \end{array}$$

238. Slate Exercises.

Add:

$$\begin{array}{ll} 1. \quad 13\frac{1}{2} + 4\frac{1}{2} & 6. \quad 25 + 25\frac{1}{2} + 25 \\ 2. \quad 27\frac{1}{2} + 15 & 7. \quad 12\frac{1}{2} + 12\frac{1}{2} \\ 3. \quad 36\frac{1}{2} + 8\frac{1}{2} & 8. \quad 21\frac{1}{2} + 32\frac{1}{2} + 3 \\ 4. \quad 23\frac{1}{2} + 42\frac{1}{2} + 6 & 9. \quad 24\frac{1}{2} + 24\frac{1}{2} \\ 5. \quad 17\frac{1}{2} + 29 + 4\frac{1}{2} & 10. \quad 13\frac{1}{2} + 26 + 47 \end{array}$$

239. Find missing numbers:

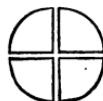
$$\begin{array}{ccccc} 11. \quad 25\frac{1}{2} & 12. \quad 34 & 13. \quad 9\frac{1}{2} & 14. \quad 8\frac{1}{2} & 15. \quad 27\frac{1}{2} \\ + & + & + & + & + \\ \underline{49\frac{1}{2}} & \underline{68\frac{1}{2}} & \underline{10} & \underline{10} & \underline{30} \end{array}$$

240. Subtract:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} 16. \quad 49\frac{1}{2} & 17. \quad 68\frac{1}{2} & 18. \quad 10 & 19. \quad 10 & 20. \quad 30 \\ - 25\frac{1}{2} & - 34 & - 9\frac{1}{2} & - 8\frac{1}{2} & - 27\frac{1}{2} \\ \underline{5\frac{1}{2}} & \underline{6\frac{1}{2}} & \underline{18\frac{1}{2}} & \underline{50\frac{1}{2}} & \underline{74\frac{1}{2}} \end{array}$$

FOURTHS.

241. Oral Exercises.



How many fourths in a pie? How many quarters in a dollar? How many fourths in half a pie? $\frac{2}{4}$ = 1 what?

$\frac{1}{4}$ pie + $\frac{1}{4}$ pie = what? $\$ \frac{1}{4} + \$ \frac{1}{4} + \$ \frac{1}{4}$ = how many fourths?
 $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. + $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. = what?

242. Sight Exercises.

$$2\frac{1}{4} \text{ pint} + \frac{1}{4} \text{ pint} \quad 1\frac{3}{4} \text{ yard} + \frac{1}{4} \text{ yard} \quad \$ \frac{1}{4} + \$ \frac{1}{4} + \$ \frac{1}{4} + \$ \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2\frac{1}{4} \\ + 2 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 2\frac{1}{4} \\ + 1\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 4\frac{1}{4} \\ + 2\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 6\frac{1}{4} \\ + 9 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 3\frac{1}{4} \\ + 5\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 7\frac{1}{4} \\ + 8\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 6\frac{1}{4} \\ + 6\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline \times & \times \\ \hline \times & \times \\ \hline \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline \times & \times \\ \hline \times & \times \\ \hline \end{array} \right) = \left(\begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline \times & \times \\ \hline \times & \times \\ \hline \end{array} \right) + ? \quad \frac{6}{4} = ?$$

243. Slate Exercises.

Add:

26.	$1\frac{1}{4}$	$27.$	$2\frac{3}{4}$	$28.$	$2\frac{1}{4}$	$29.$	$1\frac{1}{4}$	$30.$	$4\frac{3}{4}$
	2		3		$12\frac{1}{4}$		$2\frac{3}{4}$		5
	$\underline{8\frac{1}{4}}$		$\underline{4\frac{1}{4}}$		$\underline{2}$		$\underline{3}$		$\underline{4\frac{3}{4}}$
31.	$\frac{3}{4}$	32.	$1\frac{1}{4}$	33.	$27\frac{3}{4}$	34.	$84\frac{3}{4}$	35.	$67\frac{1}{4}$
	$\underline{\frac{3}{4}}$		$\underline{1\frac{1}{4}}$		$\underline{19\frac{1}{4}}$		$\underline{14\frac{3}{4}}$		$\underline{25\frac{1}{4}}$

244. Find missing numbers:

36.	$13\frac{1}{4}$	$37.$	15	$38.$	$18\frac{1}{4}$	$39.$	$24\frac{1}{4}$	$40.$	$8\frac{3}{4}$
	$+$		$+$		$+$		$+$		$+$
	$\underline{26\frac{1}{4}}$		$\underline{30\frac{1}{4}}$		$\underline{19}$		$\underline{25}$		$\underline{10}$
41.	$6\frac{1}{4}$	42.	$7\frac{1}{4}$	43.	$5\frac{1}{4}$	44.	$23\frac{1}{4}$	45.	$28\frac{3}{4}$
	$+$		$+$		$+$		$+$		$+$
	$\underline{6\frac{1}{4}}$		$\underline{7\frac{1}{4}}$		$\underline{7}$		$\underline{25\frac{1}{2}}$		$\underline{30}$

245. Subtract :

$$\begin{array}{r} 46\frac{1}{4} \\ - 23\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 40\frac{1}{4} \\ - 20 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 20 \\ - 10\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 30 \\ - 15\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 25\frac{3}{4} \\ - 15\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9\frac{1}{2} \\ - 6\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 17\frac{1}{4} \\ - 15\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

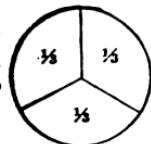
$$\begin{array}{r} 84\frac{3}{4} \\ - 60 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 48\frac{3}{4} \\ - 19\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 46 \\ - 17\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

THIRDS.**246.** Oral Exercises.

When a thing is divided into three equal parts, what is each part called? Draw a square and divide it into thirds. How many thirds in 2 pies? In 3 pies?



$$\frac{1}{3} \text{ foot} + \frac{1}{3} \text{ foot} = ?$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \text{ yard} + \frac{1}{3} \text{ yard} + \frac{1}{3} \text{ yard} = ?$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \text{ year} + \frac{1}{3} \text{ year} = ?$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \text{ month} + \frac{1}{3} \text{ month} = ?$$

247. Sight Exercises.

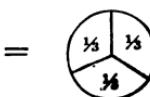
$$\begin{array}{r} 2\frac{1}{8} \\ + 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3\frac{2}{8} \\ + 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4\frac{1}{8} \\ + 4\frac{1}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5\frac{2}{8} \\ + 1\frac{1}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7\frac{2}{8} \\ + 1\frac{1}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$



$$+ ?$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = ?$$

248. Slate Exercises.

Add:

$$\begin{array}{r} 43\frac{1}{8} \\ 30\frac{1}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 59\frac{3}{8} \\ 10\frac{1}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 63\frac{4}{8} \\ 4\frac{2}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 48\frac{7}{8} \\ 15 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 39\frac{1}{8} \\ 5\frac{2}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 27\frac{1}{8} \\ 5\frac{1}{8} \\ 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6\frac{2}{8} \\ 3\frac{2}{8} \\ 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 18\frac{1}{8} \\ 4\frac{2}{8} \\ 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 49\frac{2}{8} \\ 4\frac{1}{8} \\ 11 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 49 \\ 3\frac{2}{8} \\ \frac{1}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

249. Find missing numbers:

$$\begin{array}{r} 8\frac{2}{3} \\ + \\ \hline 10\frac{2}{3} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5\frac{1}{3} \\ + \\ \hline 10\frac{1}{3} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6\frac{2}{3} \\ + \\ \hline 10 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7\frac{1}{3} \\ + \\ \hline 10\frac{2}{3} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4\frac{1}{3} \\ + \\ \hline 10 \end{array}$$

250. Subtract:

$$\begin{array}{r} 25\frac{2}{3} \\ - 16\frac{2}{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 26 \\ - 16\frac{2}{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 26\frac{2}{3} \\ - 16 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 26 \\ - 16\frac{2}{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 26\frac{1}{3} \\ - 16\frac{1}{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 84\frac{2}{3} \\ - 58\frac{1}{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 50 \\ - 49\frac{2}{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 63 \\ - 50\frac{1}{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 47\frac{2}{3} \\ - 16\frac{1}{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 39 \\ - 7\frac{2}{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

251. Oral Problems.

1. A boy has 5 packs of fire-crackers. After shooting off a pack and a half, how many will he have?
2. A farmer cut $2\frac{1}{2}$ tons of hay on one piece of land and 9 tons on another. How many tons of hay did he cut?
3. If it takes $2\frac{1}{2}$ yards for a jacket, and $3\frac{1}{2}$ yards for a coat, how many yards will be needed for both?
4. $2\frac{1}{2}$ yards of ribbon are cut from a 10-yard roll. How many yards remain?
5. From a tub containing $25\frac{2}{3}$ pounds of butter there are sold $5\frac{1}{2}$ pounds. How many pounds are left?
6. A quarter of a pound of tea is taken from a 2-pound package. How much tea is there left in the package?
7. A real estate agent sold $2\frac{3}{4}$ acres from a 10-acre plot. How much land is there still to sell?
8. Mr. Jones brought to market $12\frac{3}{4}$ bushels of potatoes. He sold $10\frac{1}{4}$ bushels. How many bushels did he bring home?
9. A store-keeper sold 2 pieces of silk, $2\frac{2}{3}$ yards in each piece. How many yards did he sell?

10. How many pounds of coffee are there in 2 packages weighing $1\frac{1}{4}$ pounds each?

252. Slate Problems.

1. Find the weight of 4 tubs of lard containing $24\frac{1}{2}$, 26, $25\frac{1}{2}$, and $27\frac{1}{2}$ pounds, respectively.
2. A barrel of sugar weighs, including the barrel, 310 pounds. The barrel weighs $20\frac{1}{2}$ pounds. How much does the sugar weigh?
3. A merchant sold $2\frac{3}{4}$ yards of cloth to one customer, $3\frac{1}{4}$ yards to another, $4\frac{1}{4}$ yards to a third, and $5\frac{3}{4}$ yards to a fourth. How many yards did he sell in all?
4. A grocer bought $13\frac{1}{2}$ dozen eggs from one dealer, and $47\frac{1}{2}$ from another. How many dozen did he buy?
5. If $16\frac{3}{4}$ yards of silk are cut from a piece containing 30 yards, how many yards are left?
6. I own 20 acres of land. I keep $18\frac{1}{4}$ acres, and sell the rest at 40 dollars per acre. How much do I receive for it?
7. There are 10 dozen oranges in a box. $3\frac{1}{2}$ dozen are spoiled. How many good oranges are there?
8. If 2 gallons and 1 quart of milk are sold from a 10-gallon can, how much milk remains?
9. School is in session 5 hours a day. How much time is a boy in school on Monday, if he comes $1\frac{1}{2}$ hours late in the morning and $\frac{1}{2}$ hour late in the afternoon?
10. A girl spends $\frac{1}{3}$ of the day in school, preparing her lessons, and doing other work; she spends $\frac{1}{4}$ of the day at her meals and play; she sleeps the remainder of the time. How many hours does she sleep?

CHAPTER IV.

MULTIPLIERS AND DIVISORS OF TWO OR MORE FIGURES.

— MULTIPLIERS CONTAINING FRACTIONS.— ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION OF EASY MIXED NUMBERS.— INCH, FOOT, AND YARD.

HALVES AND FOURTHS.

253. Oral Exercises.

Draw a circle to represent a pie. Divide it into two equal parts. What is each part called? Divide it into four equal parts. What is each part called?

How many fourths in 1?

How many fourths in half a pie? How many fourths in $\frac{1}{2}$?

How many fourths in 2? Eight fourths are how many?

254. Oral Problems.

1. A boy spends $\$ \frac{1}{4}$ for a knife and $\$ \frac{1}{4}$ for a ball. How many quarter dollars does he pay for both?

2. A girl buys $\frac{2}{4}$ pound of candy at one store and $\frac{1}{4}$ pound at another. How much candy does she buy at both stores?

3. If it takes $3\frac{1}{4}$ yards of cloth for a coat and $1\frac{1}{4}$ yards for a vest, how many yards will it take for both?

4. If a geography costs $\$ \frac{3}{4}$, a reader $\$ \frac{1}{4}$, and a grammar $\$ \frac{1}{2}$, what will be paid for the three books?

5. The school is $\frac{2}{4}$ of a mile from Henry's house. How far does he walk going and coming?

255. Slate Exercises.

Add:

$$\begin{array}{r} 1. \quad 36\frac{1}{4} \\ + \quad 8 \\ \hline 5\frac{3}{4} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2. \quad 56\frac{1}{4} \\ + \quad 3\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline 9\frac{1}{4} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3. \quad 83\frac{1}{4} \\ + \quad 6\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline 7\frac{1}{4} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4. \quad 63\frac{1}{4} \\ + \quad 6\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline 2\frac{1}{4} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5. \quad 27\frac{3}{4} \\ + \quad 63\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline 9 \end{array}$$

$$6. \quad 3\frac{1}{4} + 6 + 87\frac{1}{2}$$

$$9. \quad 62\frac{1}{2} + 7\frac{1}{2} + 16\frac{1}{4}$$

$$7. \quad 75\frac{1}{2} + 6\frac{1}{4} + 3\frac{1}{2}$$

$$10. \quad 3\frac{1}{4} + 32\frac{3}{4} + 7\frac{1}{4}$$

$$8. \quad 36\frac{3}{4} + 27 + 6\frac{1}{2}$$

$$11. \quad 14\frac{1}{2} + 3\frac{1}{4} + 60\frac{1}{4}$$

256. Oral Problems.

1. A boy has \$2 $\frac{1}{2}$. How much will he have after he spends \$ $\frac{1}{4}$?
2. A woman has 15 yards of muslin. How much will she have after she uses 14 $\frac{1}{4}$ yards?
3. A milk can holds 5 gallons, when full. If there are 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ gallons in it, how much more milk will it hold?
4. To 3 gallons 3 quarts add 1 gallon 1 quart.
5. A girl wishes to buy a doll that costs \$1 $\frac{1}{4}$. If she has \$ $\frac{3}{4}$, how much more does she need?

257. Slate Exercises.

Find missing numbers:

$$\begin{array}{r} 1. \quad 65\frac{1}{4} \\ + \quad 70\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2. \quad \$10\frac{1}{4} \\ + \quad \$12\frac{3}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3. \quad 63\frac{3}{4} \text{ gal.} \\ + \quad 72\frac{3}{4} \text{ gal.} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4. \quad 35\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb.} \\ + \quad 36 \text{ lb.} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5. \quad 30\frac{3}{4} \\ + \quad 35 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

258. Subtract:

$$\begin{array}{r} 6. \quad \$65\frac{1}{2} \\ - \quad \$5\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7. \quad 63\frac{3}{4} \text{ yd.} \\ - \quad 19\frac{1}{2} \text{ yd.} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8. \quad 792\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb.} \\ - \quad 26\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb.} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9. \quad 40 \text{ ft.} \\ - \quad \frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10. \quad 50 \text{ pt.} \\ - \quad \frac{1}{4} \text{ pt.} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11. \quad 40 \\ - \quad \frac{3}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12. \quad 40\frac{3}{4} \\ - \quad 31\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 13. \quad 40\frac{3}{4} \\ - \quad 29\frac{3}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 14. \quad 275\frac{1}{4} \\ - \quad 68\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15. \quad 275\frac{3}{4} \\ - \quad 68\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

259. Slate Problems.

1. A sailor has 10 yards of cloth. He uses $3\frac{1}{2}$ yards for a coat and $1\frac{1}{2}$ yards for a vest. How many yards has he left?
2. I buy $1\frac{1}{4}$ pounds of tea at 60 cents per pound. How much change from a dollar should I receive?
3. John buys 9 pounds of starch and has it put up into four packages. If the starch costs 8 cents per pound, what is each package worth?
4. A box of eggs contains 30 dozen. How many eggs will be left after $3\frac{1}{2}$ dozen are sold?
5. A woman has 15 yards 2 feet of ribbon. How much ribbon has she after using 6 yards 1 foot?
6. A grocer has 55 pounds of tea. How many pounds has he after selling $25\frac{1}{2}$ pounds and buying $10\frac{1}{2}$ pounds?
7. What will $1\frac{1}{4}$ pounds of allspice cost at 4 cents per ounce?
8. Sold $3\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of butter to one customer, and $2\frac{1}{2}$ pounds to another. How much was received at 28 cents per pound?
9. A man works 300 days in a year, receiving $\$3\frac{1}{2}$ per day. How much does he earn in a year?
10. I have $14\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of candy. How many pounds will I have after selling nine $\frac{1}{4}$ -pound boxes of candy?
11. A grocer sells $47\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of flour from a barrel containing 196 pounds. How many pounds are left?
12. How many yards of ribbon are there in three rolls containing $24\frac{1}{2}$ yards each?
13. There are $49\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of butter in a tub. The tub itself weighs $10\frac{1}{2}$ pounds. How many pounds do both weigh together?
14. How many inches of cord are there in a piece $1\frac{3}{4}$ yards long?
15. A boy is 12 years 7 months old; his sister is 9 years 3 months old. How many months older is the boy?

MULTIPLICATION BY 11 AND 12.

260. Make tables of 11's and 12's. Learn them.

261. Sight Exercises.

Give products:

10×8	11×6	3×12	11×11	9×9
8×8	12×6	5×11	6×12	10×10
9×10	12×12	10×11	11×7	9×11
11×10	12×2	12×4	12×3	8×12
4×11	12×9	11×12	12×10	12×11
7×12	10×12	8×9	11×8	5×12
11×9	8×11	12×8	7×7	10×9
9×7	7×9	9×12	12×7	12×5
11×6	11×4	11×3	11×3	9×6

262. Slate Exercises.

Multiply by 11. By 12.

1. 13	11. 31	21. 61	31. 615	41. 7,908
2. 14	12. 32	22. 62	32. 720	42. 8,270
3. 15	13. 33	23. 73	33. 816	43. 8,085
4. 16	14. 34	24. 84	34. 924	44. 7,888
5. 17	15. 41	25. 93	35. 1,062	45. 7,467
6. 21	16. 42	26. 111	36. 2,345	46. 6,320
7. 22	17. 43	27. 213	37. 3,124	47. 5,908
8. 23	18. 50	28. 324	38. 4,516	48. 4,567
9. 24	19. 51	29. 456	39. 5,729	49. 3,095
10. 25	20. 52	30. 507	40. 6,384	50. 2,999

*DIVISION BY 11 AND 12.***263. Slate Exercises.**

Divide by 11. By 12.

51.	132	63.	2,772	75.	8,926	87.	14,988
52.	264	64.	3,960	76.	9,431	88.	16,700
53.	396	65.	5,412	77.	10,296	89.	18,008
54.	528	66.	7,392	78.	12,220	90.	21,012
55.	660	67.	9,108	79.	14,124	91.	24,680
56.	792	68.	1,876	80.	17,160	92.	27,727
57.	924	69.	2,345	81.	36,300	93.	30,605
58.	1,056	70.	3,670	82.	46,992	94.	36,318
59.	1,188	71.	4,281	83.	78,276	95.	49,999
60.	1,320	72.	5,302	84.	93,324	96.	53,827
61.	1,584	73.	6,749	85.	10,796	97.	62,986
62.	1,848	74.	7,835	86.	12,209	98.	70,304

264. Review. Slate Exercises.

99.	$35\frac{1}{2} + 18\frac{1}{2}$	109.	$186 \times \frac{2}{3}$
100.	$17\frac{1}{4} + 23\frac{3}{4}$	110.	$248 \times \frac{1}{2}$
101.	$27\frac{1}{2} + 39\frac{1}{2}$	111.	$324 \times \frac{3}{4}$
102.	$64\frac{2}{3} + 16\frac{1}{3}$	112.	$645 \times \frac{1}{5}$
103.	$49\frac{1}{2} + 25\frac{1}{2}$	113.	$360 \times 1\frac{1}{5}$
104.	$45\frac{1}{2} + 26\frac{1}{2}$	114.	$729 \times 1\frac{1}{5}$
105.	$1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{4}$	115.	$488 \times \frac{3}{8}$
106.	$2\frac{2}{3} + 2\frac{2}{3} + 2\frac{2}{3}$	116.	$309 \times 1\frac{1}{5}$
107.	$1\frac{1}{3} + 2\frac{1}{3} + 3\frac{1}{3}$	117.	$420 \times 1\frac{1}{5}$
108.	$1\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{1}{4} + 3\frac{1}{4} + 4\frac{1}{4}$	118.	$420 \times \frac{4}{5}$

119. $324 \times 1\frac{1}{4}$

120. $408 \times \frac{5}{8}$

121. $968 \times 1\frac{1}{8}$

122. $924 \times 1\frac{1}{7}$

123. $20 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$

124. $20 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$

125. $20 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$

126. $20 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$

127. $20 \times 1\frac{1}{4}$

128. $20 \times 1\frac{3}{4}$

129. $30 \times 1\frac{1}{8}$

130. $30 \times 1\frac{3}{8}$

131. $30 \times 2\frac{1}{8}$

132. $20 \times 2\frac{3}{4}$

133. $20 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$

134. $20 \times 2\frac{1}{8}$

135. $20 \times 3\frac{1}{8}$

136. $30 \times 1\frac{5}{8}$

137. $30 \times 3\frac{5}{8}$

138. $70 \times 8\frac{1}{7}$

265. Find missing numbers:

139. $54\frac{1}{2} - 29\frac{1}{4} = ?$

140. $? + 49\frac{1}{8} = 50$

141. $40\frac{1}{4} + ? = 42$

142. $? + 38\frac{1}{4} = 70\frac{1}{2}$

143. $79\frac{3}{4} - 30\frac{1}{2} = ?$

144. $37\frac{3}{4} - 18\frac{1}{8} = ?$

145. $? + \frac{1}{2} = 59$

146. $60\frac{1}{2} + ? = 80$

147. $75\frac{1}{8} + ? = 100$

148. $? + 6\frac{3}{4} = 59$

266. Oral Problems.

1. If 8 ounces of tea cost 40 cents, what will be the price of 5 ounces?

2. How much will have to be paid for 3 quarts and a pint of milk at 3 cents per pint?

3. What will 3 pounds of sugar cost if 5 pounds cost 30 cents?

4. If ice-cream is worth 40 cents per quart, how much will $\frac{1}{2}$ pint be worth?

5. If oil costs 8 cents per gallon, how much can be bought for 1 cent?

6. What will 8 yards of muslin cost at 12 cents per yard?
7. At \$11 each, how many calves can be bought for \$132?
8. How much does a man earn in a week if he earns \$6 Monday, \$7 Tuesday, \$8 Wednesday, \$9 Thursday, \$7 Friday, and \$6 Saturday?
9. Mr. Arch moves into a house Jan. 15. How many days will he have been in the house on Jan. 23?
10. How many 9-cent books can be bought for 75 cents, and how much money will be left?

267. Slate Problems.

1. A man spends \$90. He pays \$18 for a coat and the remainder for 12 barrels of flour. How much does each barrel of flour cost?
2. At 3 cents an ounce, find the cost of 2 pounds of pepper.
3. A yard of cloth is worth 96 cents. What is the value of three-fourths of a yard?
4. How many ounces in 12 pounds?
5. How many gallons in 96 pints?
6. What will be the cost of 2 dozen oranges at 4 cents for each orange?
7. There are 95 men in a company and 10 companies in a regiment. How many men are there in a regiment?
8. A grocer had on hand Monday morning 99 eggs. During the day he sold 57 eggs and bought 32 eggs. How many had he on hand Monday night?
9. A merchant had 90 barrels of flour. He sold 28 barrels to one man and 34 to another. How many barrels had he left?
10. A farmer has 42 pigs. He keeps 29 pigs and sells the others at \$5 each. How much does he receive for the pigs he sells?

11. What are 12 horses worth at \$120 each?
12. \$240 are paid for 8 overcoats. What is the price of one overcoat?
13. If there are 12 inches in a foot, how many feet are there in 600 inches?
14. There are 3 feet in a yard. How many inches are there in 10 yards?
15. What will be the cost of 1 gallon, 1 quart, 1 pint of milk, at 3 cents a pint?

268. Sight Exercises.

Give answers:

1. $30 + 60 - 40$	9. $\frac{1}{3}$ of $(90 - 30)$	17. $(90 + 10) \div 3$
2. $20 + 30 + 40$	10. $(80 - 60) \times 4$	18. $80 \div (4 \times 2)$
3. $(20 + 10) \times 3$	11. $(2 \times 20) + 50$	19. $\frac{1}{4}$ of $(80 + 10)$
4. $(50 + 30) \div 4$	12. $2 \times 20 \times 2$	20. $(90 \div 30) - 2$
5. $\frac{1}{4}$ of $(30 + 50)$	13. $(4 \times 20) - 50$	21. $(\frac{1}{3} \text{ of } 90) + 60$
6. $80 - 40 + 50$	14. $(20 \times 4) \div 40$	22. $(\frac{2}{3} \text{ of } 60) - 20$
7. $90 - 30 - 40$	15. $\frac{1}{8}$ of (20×4)	23. $(80 \div 4) \times 3$
8. $(90 - 20) \div 7$	16. $(80 \div 20) + 9$	24. $(\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 60) \div 3$

269. Give missing numbers:

1. $30 + 40 - ? = 20$	6. $(3 \times ?) + 10 = 70$
2. $\frac{1}{4}$ of $(50 + ?) = 20$	7. $2 \times 10 \times ? = 60$
3. $20 + ? + 40 = 70$	8. $(80 \div ?) \div 2 = 2$
4. $(50 - ?) \times 4 = 40$	9. $(? \div 40) \times 5 = 10$
5. $(80 \div 40) + ? = 5$	10. $(\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 80) \div ? = 2$

*MULTIPLIERS ENDING IN 0.***270. Oral Exercises.**

$$6 \times 4 = ? \quad 4 \times 6 = ? \quad 20 \times 4 = ? \quad 4 \times 20 = ? \quad 12 \times 20 = ?$$

Multiplying by 20 is the same as multiplying by 2 and affixing a cipher to the product.

$$4 \times 30 = ? \quad 9 \times 30 = ? \quad 12 \times 30 = ? \quad 13 \times 20 = ? \quad 14 \times 20 = ? \\ 13 \times 30 = ? \quad 14 \times 30 = ?$$

271. Slate Exercises.

Find products:

1. 15×30	7. 21×90	13. 345×40	19. 987×100
2. 16×40	8. 22×100	14. 456×50	20. 876×110
3. 17×50	9. 23×110	15. 567×60	21. 765×120
4. 18×60	10. 24×120	16. 678×70	22. $1,654 \times 60$
5. 19×70	11. 123×20	17. 789×80	23. $1,983 \times 50$
6. 20×80	12. 234×30	18. 890×90	24. $2,476 \times 40$

*DIVISORS ENDING IN 0.***272. Slate Exercises.**

Find quotients:

25. $80 \div 20$	33. $600 \div 60$	41. $10,010 \div 70$
26. $160 \div 20$	34. $980 \div 70$	42. $14,160 \div 60$
27. $240 \div 20$	35. $1,200 \div 80$	43. $23,450 \div 50$
28. $280 \div 20$	36. $1,350 \div 90$	44. $36,960 \div 60$
29. $360 \div 30$	37. $1,680 \div 120$	45. $40,040 \div 70$
30. $420 \div 30$	38. $1,760 \div 110$	46. $54,360 \div 60$
31. $480 \div 40$	39. $2,340 \div 90$	47. $65,350 \div 50$
32. $550 \div 50$	40. $4,640 \div 80$	48. $76,920 \div 40$

273. Divide .

49. $81 \div 10$	57. $565 \div 80$	65. $13,415 \div 90$
50. $81 \div 20$	58. $729 \div 20$	66. $17,643 \div 100$
51. $81 \div 40$	59. $843 \div 30$	67. $20,241 \div 110$
52. $121 \div 60$	60. $5,281 \div 40$	68. $23,887 \div 120$
53. $203 \div 50$	61. $6,352 \div 50$	69. $39,169 \div 110$
54. $189 \div 30$	62. $7,565 \div 60$	70. $48,062 \div 90$
55. $286 \div 70$	63. $9,034 \div 70$	71. $62,883 \div 80$
56. $367 \div 90$	64. $11,367 \div 80$	72. $79,941 \div 70$

274. Divide :

73. $91 \div 20$	88. $567 \div 90$	103. $69,365 \div 90$
74. $71 \div 30$	89. $4,341 \div 80$	104. $72,468 \div 80$
75. $91 \div 40$	90. $8,764 \div 70$	105. $43,210 \div 70$
76. $121 \div 60$	91. $10,123 \div 60$	106. $34,280 \div 60$
77. $53 \div 20$	92. $23,478 \div 50$	107. $54,210 \div 50$
78. $72 \div 20$	93. $34,679 \div 40$	108. $3,280 \div 40$
79. $92 \div 40$	94. $46,258 \div 30$	109. $4,320 \div 30$
80. $172 \div 50$	95. $52,814 \div 20$	110. $6,790 \div 20$
81. $133 \div 30$	96. $72,681 \div 30$	111. $6,584 \div 110$
82. $143 \div 30$	97. $94,835 \div 40$	112. $7,230 \div 120$
83. $153 \div 40$	98. $16,807 \div 50$	113. $17,235 \div 110$
84. $145 \div 50$	99. $33,336 \div 60$	114. $18,695 \div 120$
85. $176 \div 60$	100. $1,478 \div 70$	115. $93,246 \div 90$
86. $247 \div 70$	101. $23,005 \div 80$	116. $81,188 \div 80$
87. $459 \div 80$	102. $9,876 \div 90$	117. $12,345 \div 70$

275. Mixed Numbers. Review.

Add:

$$\begin{array}{r} 1. \quad 18\frac{3}{4} \\ \quad 9\frac{1}{4} \\ \quad 6\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2. \quad 24\frac{3}{4} \\ \quad 19 \\ \quad 4\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3. \quad 68\frac{3}{4} \\ \quad 5\frac{3}{4} \\ \quad \frac{3}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4. \quad 15\frac{1}{2} \\ \quad 9\frac{1}{4} \\ \quad 63\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5. \quad 65\frac{1}{2} \\ \quad 9\frac{1}{2} \\ \quad 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6. \quad 35\frac{1}{4} \\ \quad 3\frac{1}{2} \\ \quad 3\frac{3}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7. \quad 39\frac{1}{2} \\ \quad 5\frac{3}{4} \\ \quad 17\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8. \quad 10\frac{1}{2} \\ \quad 6\frac{3}{4} \\ \quad 9\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9. \quad 47\frac{3}{4} \\ \quad 9\frac{3}{4} \\ \quad 25\frac{3}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10. \quad 46\frac{1}{2} \\ \quad 8\frac{1}{4} \\ \quad 23\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11. \quad 15\frac{1}{2} \\ \quad 2\frac{3}{4} \\ \quad 35 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12. \quad 3\frac{1}{4} \\ \quad 62\frac{1}{2} \\ \quad 18\frac{3}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 13. \quad 30\frac{1}{2} \\ \quad 47\frac{1}{4} \\ \quad 5\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 14. \quad 68\frac{3}{4} \\ \quad 4 \\ \quad 20\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15. \quad 25\frac{1}{4} \\ \quad 48 \\ \quad 17\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 16. \quad 3\frac{1}{8} \\ \quad 64\frac{1}{8} \\ \quad 28\frac{1}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 17. \quad 36\frac{1}{2} \\ \quad 42\frac{1}{2} \\ \quad 15\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 18. \quad 60\frac{1}{4} \\ \quad 14\frac{1}{4} \\ \quad 25\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 19. \quad 40\frac{2}{3} \\ \quad 13\frac{1}{3} \\ \quad 27 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 20. \quad 64\frac{1}{4} \\ \quad 28 \\ \quad 3\frac{3}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

276. Subtract:

$$\begin{array}{r} 21. \quad 30\frac{3}{4} \\ \quad 27\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 22. \quad 43\frac{3}{4} \\ \quad 26\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 23. \quad 90\frac{3}{4} \\ \quad 85\frac{3}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 24. \quad 86\frac{1}{4} \\ \quad 49 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 25. \quad 80 \\ \quad 37\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 26. \quad 85\frac{1}{2} \\ \quad 83\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 27. \quad 32\frac{2}{3} \\ \quad 25\frac{1}{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 28. \quad 78 \\ \quad 19\frac{1}{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 29. \quad 25 \\ \quad 17\frac{2}{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 30. \quad 63 \\ \quad 19\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 31. \quad 83 \\ \quad 36\frac{3}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 32. \quad 50\frac{1}{2} \\ \quad 37\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 33. \quad 98\frac{1}{3} \\ \quad 97\frac{1}{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 34. \quad 72\frac{2}{3} \\ \quad 57\frac{2}{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 35. \quad 65\frac{3}{4} \\ \quad 29\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 36. \quad 48\frac{1}{2} \\ \quad 29\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 37. \quad 57\frac{3}{4} \\ \quad 20\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 38. \quad 52\frac{2}{3} \\ \quad 39\frac{1}{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 39. \quad 34\frac{3}{4} \\ \quad 27\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 40. \quad 88\frac{1}{2} \\ \quad 54\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

278. Long Measure.

$$\begin{array}{l} 12 \text{ inches} = 1 \text{ foot.} \\ 3 \text{ feet} = 1 \text{ yard.} \end{array}$$

Inches are written *in.* Feet are written *ft.* Yards are written *yd.*

279. Oral Problems.

1. How many feet are there in 20 yards?
2. At the rate of 30 cents per yard, what will be the cost of 2 feet of ribbon?
3. How many inches are there in $1\frac{3}{4}$ ft.?
4. Change 120 inches to feet.
5. How many feet in 3 yards? How many inches?
6. What part of a foot is 9 inches?
7. Add 1 foot 6 inches to 1 foot 6 inches.
8. 10 yd. 2 ft. are equal to how many feet?

MULTIPLIERS OF TWO DIGITS.**280. Multiply 13 by 13:**

Place the numbers as here shown. Multiply first by the units' figure. Then multiply by the tens' figure, placing the first figure of this product under the tens' figure of the multiplier. Then draw a line and add the products.

$$\begin{array}{r} 13 \\ \times 13 \\ \hline 169 \end{array}$$

123	234	406	1234	1456
13	14	21	31	45
369	936	406	1234	7280
123	234	812	3702	5824
1,599	3,276	8,526	38,254	65,520

281. Slate Exercises.

Multiply:

1. 14×13	26. 32×23	51. 123×84	76. 634×68
2. 23×13	27. 24×24	52. 132×85	77. 808×69
3. 61×13	28. 33×26	53. 109×92	78. 910×76
4. 55×13	29. 32×32	54. 111×93	79. $1,025 \times 77$
5. 14×14	30. 45×33	55. 104×94	80. $1,204 \times 78$
6. 23×14	31. 44×34	56. 105×95	81. $1,210 \times 79$
7. 61×14	32. 45×35	57. 215×18	82. $1,050 \times 86$
8. 55×14	33. 43×42	58. 230×19	83. $1,103 \times 87$
9. 15×21	34. 56×43	59. 306×27	84. $1,042 \times 88$
10. 24×21	35. 65×44	60. 407×28	85. $1,045 \times 89$
11. 62×21	36. 78×45	61. 523×29	86. $1,038 \times 96$
12. 55×21	37. 81×52	62. 614×36	87. $1,025 \times 97$
13. 27×82	38. 86×53	63. 309×37	88. $1,011 \times 98$
14. 36×41	39. 82×54	64. 410×38	89. $1,009 \times 99$
15. 43×51	40. 66×55	65. 531×39	90. $5,360 \times 18$
16. 54×15	41. 72×62	66. 630×46	91. $6,090 \times 15$
17. 65×61	42. 88×63	67. 234×47	92. $4,718 \times 19$
18. 72×17	43. 104×64	68. 345×48	93. $1,987 \times 49$
19. 81×71	44. 102×65	69. 450×49	94. $3,456 \times 28$
20. 52×18	45. 114×72	70. 560×56	95. $2,069 \times 35$
21. 54×14	46. 134×73	71. 102×57	96. $4,567 \times 19$
22. 56×15	47. 130×74	72. 206×58	97. $3,999 \times 25$
23. 57×16	48. 125×75	73. 312×59	98. $3,845 \times 26$
24. 54×17	49. 116×82	74. 416×66	99. $3,673 \times 27$
25. 44×22	50. 108×83	75. 523×67	100. $2,974 \times 32$

*LONG DIVISION.***282.** Divide 156 by 13:

In long division, the quotient is placed over the dividend. The divisor, 13, is contained in the first two figures of the dividend 1 time. We write 1 in the quotient, and multiply the divisor by it. The product, 13, is placed under the first two figures of the dividend. A line is drawn, 13 is subtracted from 15, and the remainder is written. The next figure, 6, of the dividend is brought down. 13 is contained in 26 2 times. The 2 is written in the quotient. Multiplying, we place the product, 26, under the partial dividend, 26. There being no remainder, the answer is 12.

$$\begin{array}{r} 21 \\ 14) \overline{294} \\ 28 \\ \hline 14 \\ 14 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ 15) \overline{165} \\ 15 \\ \hline 15 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 22 \\ 22) \overline{484} \\ 44 \\ \hline 44 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12 \text{ quotient.} \\ \hline 13) \overline{156} \\ 13 \\ \hline 26 \\ 26 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 203 \\ 35) \overline{7105} \\ 70 \\ \hline 105 \\ 105 \end{array}$$

Be careful to place each quotient figure over the proper figure of the dividend.

283. Slate Exercises.

Divide:

1. $169 \div 13$	15. $180 \div 15$	29. $4,642 \div 22$
2. $273 \div 13$	16. $315 \div 15$	30. $2,684 \div 22$
3. $286 \div 13$	17. $1,815 \div 15$	31. $9,641 \div 31$
4. $299 \div 13$	18. $1,830 \div 15$	32. $6,603 \div 31$
5. $1,456 \div 13$	19. $3,015 \div 15$	33. $9,952 \div 32$
6. $2,743 \div 13$	20. $3,330 \div 15$	34. $7,392 \div 32$
7. $1,599 \div 13$	21. $231 \div 21$	35. $1,089 \div 33$
8. $2,886 \div 13$	22. $252 \div 21$	36. $3,729 \div 33$
9. $154 \div 14$	23. $273 \div 21$	37. $943 \div 41$
10. $168 \div 14$	24. $483 \div 21$	38. $1,394 \div 41$
11. $294 \div 14$	25. $651 \div 21$	39. $1,302 \div 42$
12. $308 \div 14$	26. $2,352 \div 21$	40. $1,428 \div 42$
13. $1,554 \div 14$	27. $4,473 \div 21$	41. $1,333 \div 43$
14. $2,968 \div 14$	28. $6,573 \div 21$	42. $1,376 \div 43$

284. Oral Problems.

1. If three dolls cost 90 cents, what will two dolls cost?
2. Find the cost of $2\frac{1}{4}$ lb. tea at 40 cents per pound.
3. A grocer sold $3\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 6-cent sugar and spent the money for 7 oranges. What did the oranges cost apiece?
4. A store-keeper sold $\frac{1}{2}$ of a pound of candy to one customer, and a quarter of a pound to another. How much did he receive from both, if the candy was worth 40 cents per pound?
5. A man has 3 piles of bricks, each containing 300. How many bricks has he?
6. How many feet have 22 cows?
7. If 20 pounds of meal cost 60 cents, how many pounds can be bought for 36 cents?
8. A farmer sells 43 cows, which are one-half his herd. How many did he have at first?
9. When maple syrup costs 10 cents a half-pint, how much can be bought for 80 cents?
10. At \$2 per day, how much will a man earn in 7 weeks of 6 days each?
11. Find the cost of 12 tons of coal at $\$4\frac{1}{2}$ per ton.
12. A man owned $\frac{1}{2}$ of a canal boat. How much did he own after selling $\frac{1}{2}$ of his share?
13. I bought 12 pounds of sugar. How many pounds will I have after using $2\frac{1}{4}$ pounds?
14. Philadelphia is 90 miles from New York. After traveling from New York $\frac{2}{3}$ of the distance, how many more miles has a boy to travel to reach Philadelphia?
15. A lot is 100 feet square. How many feet of fence will be needed to enclose it?

285. Slate Problems.

1. Draw a rectangle to represent a piece of ground 65 feet long, 35 feet wide. How many feet of fence will be required to enclose it?
2. What will be the cost of $11\frac{1}{2}$ yards of cloth at \$1.80 per yard?
3. When sheep cost \$15 each, how many can be bought for \$165?
4. How many inches are there in 25 yards?
5. How many ounces in 30 pounds?
6. Find the total cost of $2\frac{1}{2}$ yards of lace at 16 cents a yard, and 7 yards of ribbon at 8 cents a yard.
7. There are 100 pages in a book. If Lucy reads 14 pages a day, how many pages will there be left for her to read after 6 days?
8. A grocer puts up 48 pounds of tea into $\frac{1}{2}$ pound packages. How many packages are there?
9. How many gallons of oil are there in two cans each containing 12 gallons 2 quarts?
10. Three and one-half pounds of candy are divided among 8 boys. How many ounces does each boy receive?
11. A woman spends \$18 $\frac{3}{4}$ Monday, \$12 $\frac{1}{4}$ Tuesday, and \$18 $\frac{3}{4}$ Wednesday. How much money does she spend in the three days?
12. A farmer had 12 pigs. He sold $\frac{1}{2}$ of them at \$9 each, $\frac{1}{8}$ of them at \$8 each, and $\frac{1}{4}$ of them at \$7 each. How much did he receive?
13. Mr. Jones spent $\frac{1}{2}$ of his money for a horse which cost him \$175. How much money did he have left?
14. New York is 90 miles from Philadelphia. After traveling $\frac{2}{3}$ of the distance, how many miles has a girl still to go?

*SPECIAL DRILLS.***286.** Give sums:

13 + 13	14 + 15	16 + 12	20 + 15	22 + 23
18 + 11	19 + 30	65 + 14	17 + 50	28 + 21
33 + 16	27 + 32	43 + 46	51 + 37	44 + 45
29 + 60	67 + 22	63 + 36	26 + 72	73 + 25

287. Give differences:

25 - 13	31 - 20	65 - 11	87 - 75	46 - 26
29 - 11	49 - 30	79 - 14	59 - 27	99 - 63
49 - 33	98 - 73	78 - 31	67 - 50	35 - 15
89 - 60	89 - 46	88 - 51	89 - 44	99 - 62

288. Give products:

13 × 2	14 × 2	21 × 2	22 × 2	23 × 2
31 × 2	32 × 2	33 × 2	34 × 2	41 × 2
44 × 2	13 × 3	23 × 3	21 × 3	22 × 3
33 × 3	31 × 3	32 × 3	42 × 2	21 × 4

289. Give quotients:

88 ÷ 4	39 ÷ 13	26 ÷ 2	63 ÷ 21	86 ÷ 2
64 ÷ 32	62 ÷ 2	96 ÷ 32	42 ÷ 2	68 ÷ 34
28 ÷ 2	66 ÷ 33	48 ÷ 2	46 ÷ 23	66 ÷ 2
44 ÷ 22	82 ÷ 2	90 ÷ 30	84 ÷ 2	93 ÷ 31

290. Give results:

1½ + ½	1¾ + ¼	3½ + ½	7½ + ½	2½ + ¼
1½ + 1½	3½ + 1½	7½ + 1¾	9½ + 1½	8½ + 1¾
1½ + 2½	2½ + 3½	3¾ + 5½	4½ + 6½	7½ + 9½
2½ + 2½	3½ + 3½	5½ + 5½	7½ + 9½	9½ + 9½

291. Oral Problems.

1. A boy paid $\$1\frac{1}{2}$ for a hat and $\$1\frac{1}{2}$ for collars. How much did he spend?
2. Mrs. Smith is 37 years old; her brother is 22 years older. What is his age?
3. If it takes $10\frac{1}{2}$ yards for the skirt of a dress and $3\frac{1}{2}$ yards for the waist, how many yards are needed for the whole dress?
4. There are 300 pounds of sugar in a barrel. After $\frac{1}{2}$ pound is taken out, how many pounds will be left in the barrel?
5. A boy has 65 marbles; he loses 21. How many has he remaining?
6. What will be the total cost of 10 pounds of 6-cent sugar and a pound of 22-cent butter?
7. A woman buys 5 yards of 12-cent muslin and receives 40 cents change. How much did she give the clerk?
8. A man sells a pound of tea for 60 cents and loses 15 cents on it. How much did it cost him?
9. Bought two bars of 20-cent soap and 25 cents' worth of eggs. How much was the bill?
10. If tea costs 80 cents a pound, how much will a pound and three-quarters cost?
11. Paid 10 cents for $\frac{1}{2}$ pound of candy. What would be the cost of 2 lb.?
12. How much would Jane have to pay for 2 dozen oranges at $1\frac{1}{2}$ cents for each orange?
13. A grocer mixed 3 pounds of coffee at 20 cents a pound and 1 pound of coffee at 28 cents. How much were the 4 pounds worth?
14. A girl worked out 93 problems in 3 weeks. How many did she work in one week?

15. A farmer bought 2 cows at \$40 each, and paid for them with \$20 bills. How many bills did he give?

16. A family uses a quart and a pint of milk a day. How many quarts are used in 6 days?

17. A tea-dealer sold $2\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of tea to one customer and $4\frac{1}{2}$ to another. How much did he sell to both?

18. Paid 66 cents for 3 pounds of candy. What was the price per pound?

19. Bought $4\frac{1}{2}$ yards of linen one day and $\frac{1}{2}$ of a yard the next day. What was the cost of all at 20 cents per yard?

20. What will be the total cost of 12 oranges at 2 cents each, and 20 pears at 3 cents each?

*HALVES, FOURTHS, AND EIGHTHS.***292. Oral Exercises.**

When a thing is divided into *two* equal parts, each part is called a *half*, $\frac{1}{2}$.



When a thing is divided into *four* equal parts, each part is called a *fourth*, $\frac{1}{4}$.

When a thing is divided into *eight* equal parts, each part is called an *eighth*, $\frac{1}{8}$.

How many halves in a pie? How many fourths in a pie?
How many eighths in a pie?

$$1 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$1 = \frac{2}{4}$$

$$1 = \frac{8}{8}$$

How many fourths in half a pie? How many eighths in half a pie? How many eighths in one-fourth of a pie?

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{8}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{8}$$

One-half + one-fourth = how many fourths?

One-half + one-eighth = how many eighths?

One-fourth + one-eighth = how many eighths?

One-fourth + three-eighths = how many eighths?

One-half + three-eighths = how many eighths?

One-fourth + five-eighths = how many eighths?

293. Sight Exercises.

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8}$$

$$1\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$2\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8}$$

$$3\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8}$$

$$2\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{4}$$

$$3\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{8}$$

$$4\frac{1}{4} + 1\frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{8}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{8}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{5}{8}$$

$$4\frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{8}$$

$$5\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{8}$$

$$6\frac{1}{4} + \frac{5}{8}$$

$$5\frac{1}{4} + 1\frac{3}{8}$$

$$6\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{3}{8}$$

$$7\frac{1}{4} + 1\frac{3}{8}$$

294. Slate Exercises.

Add:

$$\begin{array}{r} 16\frac{1}{2} \\ + 25\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 19\frac{1}{2} \\ + 43\frac{1}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 27\frac{1}{4} \\ + 30\frac{1}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 50\frac{1}{4} \\ + 16\frac{3}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 19\frac{1}{2} \\ + 62\frac{3}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8\frac{1}{4} \\ + 90\frac{5}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 73\frac{1}{4} \\ + 18\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 14\frac{1}{8} \\ + 85\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 56\frac{1}{8} \\ + 43\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 26\frac{3}{8} \\ + 26\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

11.	$17\frac{3}{8}$	12.	$37\frac{5}{8}$	13.	$62\frac{1}{2}$	14.	$40\frac{3}{4}$	15.	$12\frac{7}{8}$
	$\underline{25\frac{1}{2}}$		$\underline{9\frac{1}{4}}$		$\underline{15\frac{1}{2}}$		$\underline{5\frac{1}{4}}$		$\underline{6\frac{1}{8}}$
16.	$22\frac{5}{8}$	17.	$42\frac{1}{4}$	18.	$65\frac{3}{8}$	19.	$77\frac{1}{2}$	20.	$52\frac{1}{8}$
	$\underline{17\frac{3}{8}}$		$\underline{30\frac{1}{4}}$		$\underline{29\frac{5}{8}}$		$\underline{11\frac{1}{2}}$		$\underline{27\frac{1}{8}}$

295. Find missing numbers:

21.	$36\frac{1}{2}$	22.	$27\frac{1}{4}$	23.	$55\frac{1}{8}$	24.	$48\frac{3}{8}$	25.	$73\frac{5}{8}$
	$+ ?$		$+ ?$		$+ ?$		$+ ?$		$+ ?$
	$\underline{40}$		$\underline{30}$		$\underline{56}$		$\underline{49}$		$\underline{74}$
26.	?	27.	?	28.	?	29.	?	30.	?
	$+ 15\frac{7}{8}$		$+ 27\frac{1}{2}$		$+ 50\frac{1}{2}$		$+ 10\frac{1}{2}$		$+ 19\frac{1}{8}$
	$\underline{16}$		$\underline{30\frac{3}{4}}$		$\underline{68\frac{3}{4}}$		$\underline{45\frac{5}{8}}$		$\underline{72\frac{5}{8}}$
31.	$6\frac{1}{4}$	32.	$80\frac{1}{8}$	33.	$18\frac{1}{4}$	34.	$21\frac{3}{8}$	35.	$19\frac{1}{2}$
	$+ ?$		$+ ?$		$+ ?$		$+ ?$		$+ ?$
	$\underline{94\frac{3}{8}}$		$\underline{87\frac{3}{8}}$		$\underline{55\frac{5}{8}}$		$\underline{36\frac{5}{8}}$		$\underline{40\frac{7}{8}}$

296. Subtract:

36.	$33\frac{7}{8}$	37.	$40\frac{7}{8}$	38.	$65\frac{7}{8}$	39.	$16\frac{7}{8}$	40.	$59\frac{7}{8}$
	$\underline{6\frac{3}{8}}$		$\underline{15\frac{1}{4}}$		$\underline{29\frac{5}{8}}$		$\underline{8\frac{3}{4}}$		$\underline{20\frac{1}{8}}$
41.	$46\frac{3}{8}$	42.	$54\frac{5}{8}$	43.	$69\frac{7}{8}$	44.	$80\frac{1}{8}$	45.	$66\frac{3}{8}$
	$\underline{29}$		$\underline{17}$		$\underline{54}$		$\underline{35}$		$\underline{19\frac{3}{8}}$
46.	21	47.	17	48.	44	49.	91	50.	35
	$\underline{20\frac{1}{8}}$		$\underline{16\frac{3}{8}}$		$\underline{43\frac{5}{8}}$		$\underline{90\frac{7}{8}}$		$\underline{30\frac{1}{8}}$

297. Review.

Add:

51. \$143.37 $\frac{1}{2}$	52. \$84.00	53. \$386.75	54. \$729.84
6.45	5.95	23.89	67.33
.84	.87 $\frac{1}{2}$	8.86	9.09 $\frac{1}{2}$
27.19	164.12 $\frac{1}{2}$.47	864.
.09	3.86	66.18 $\frac{1}{2}$	36.57 $\frac{1}{2}$
707.62 $\frac{1}{2}$	27.95	234.93	687.19
3.11	483.20	65.00	1,000.05
25.50	.67	989.37	37.28
2.43	8.28	5.08	.12 $\frac{1}{2}$

298. Subtract:

55. \$100.00	57. \$684.45	59. \$81.62 $\frac{1}{2}$
<u>23.89</u>	<u>26.79</u>	<u>5.12$\frac{1}{2}$</u>
56. \$1,000.00	58. \$94.16	60. \$1.00
<u>.01</u>	<u>89.99</u>	<u>.12$\frac{1}{2}$</u>

299. Multiply:

61. \$4.85	63. \$36.21	65. \$20.14
<u>12</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>36</u>
62. \$57.14	64. \$45.89	66. \$2.50
<u>8</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>12$\frac{1}{2}$</u>

300. Divide:

67. 3) \$1.86 68. 8) \$864.48 69. 2) \$74.25 70. 13) \$4.42

301. Oral Problems.

- What will be the cost of 4 pairs of shoes at \$3.50 per pair?
- How much change will a person receive who buys 9 pounds of lard at 11 cents per pound, and gives a \$2 bill in payment?

3. A boy buys 2 collars at $12\frac{1}{2}$ cents each, a base-ball for 25 cents, and a 10-cent bat. How much money does he spend?
4. A farmer sells 48 eggs at 25 cents per dozen. How much does he get for them?
5. What is the cost of a 300-pound barrel of sugar, at 4 cents per pound?
6. How many ounces are there in 2 pounds 8 ounces?
7. A grocer sold 3 chests of tea, each weighing 60 lb., at $\$1\frac{1}{2}$ per lb. How much did he receive?
8. A steak weighs 2 lb. 7 oz. What is its cost at 16¢ per lb.?
9. At 2 oranges for 5 cents, what would be the cost of 2 dozen oranges?
10. How many desks are there in 4 class-rooms, if there are 20 desks in each of 2 of the rooms, and 30 desks in each of the others?
11. Add 5 feet 6 inches and 3 feet 6 inches.
12. How many yards and feet in 40 feet?
13. One-half a yard of serge costs 40 cents. How much must be paid for a yard and an eighth?
14. Find the cost of $3\frac{1}{2}$ lb. coffee, at the rate of 4 pounds for 80 cents.
15. How many ounces are there in 10 pounds?
16. How many 6-cent spools of thread can be bought for \$1.80?
17. A grocer sells $3\frac{1}{2}$ lb. of sugar to one customer, 14 lb. to another, and $6\frac{1}{2}$ lb. to a third. How many pounds does he sell in all?
18. What is the cost of 6 pounds of tea, at 40 cents a pound?
19. A dealer mixes a pound of green tea, costing 50 cents a pound, with a pound of black tea, costing 30 cents a pound. How much does each pound of the mixed tea cost him?

20. A farmer receives \$800 for 4 horses. For how much apiece does he sell them?

21. A man earns \$150 a month. He saves \$25 a month. How much does he spend in a month?

302. Slate Problems.

1. I bought 18 pounds of meat at 23 cents a pound. What is the amount of my bill?

2. Find the cost of 6 chairs at \$3.75 each.

3. A farmer has 14 apple trees, each yielding 2 bushels of fruit, which he sells for 50 cents a bushel. How much money does he receive for his apples?

4. What profit is made on a pound of nutmegs bought for 75 cents and sold at 6 cents an ounce?

5. A man earns \$100 a month, and spends \$79 a month. How much does he save in a year?

6. If 2 horses cost \$300, what will be the cost of 5 horses?

7. A girl paid 50 cents for 2 yards of ribbon. How many yards could she get for \$1.25?

8. How many half-pint jars can be filled from a 6-gallon tub of jelly?

9. How many gallons in 4 dozen bottles each containing a pint and a half?

10. Find the cost of 30 lemons at 30 cents a dozen.

11. What will be paid for 36 cows at \$45 each?

12. A man has 13 five-dollar bills, and 15 two-dollar bills. How much money has he?

13. Mr. Hart, with his wife and two children, spends four weeks in the country. He pays six dollars a week for his own board, the same for his wife's board, and \$4 a week for the board of each child. How much does he pay in all?

14. If a horse eats one-fourth of a bushel of oats per day, how long will 17 bushels last?

15. When peaches are worth a half-dollar per bushel, how many bushels can be bought for \$18?

16. Find the cost, at 16 cents a pound, of two hams, one weighing 8 lb. 8 oz., the other weighing 7 lb. 8 oz.

17. A house is rented for \$360 per year. How much rent does the owner receive in 8 months?

18. How many feet have 20 cows, 30 ducks, and 20 flies?

19. If a train goes $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles in a quarter of an hour, how far will it go in 2 hours?

20. If 6 men can do a piece of work in 25 days, how long will it take one man to do it?

303. Slate Exercises.

Divide:

1. 434 by 14	9. 693 by 33	17. 575 by 25
2. 403 by 13	10. 735 by 35	18. 775 by 25
3. 360 by 15	11. 396 by 36	19. 2331 by 21
4. 465 by 15	12. 756 by 36	20. 2775 by 25
5. 630 by 15	13. 451 by 41	21. 4173 by 13
6. 345 by 15	14. 861 by 41	22. 4830 by 15
7. 861 by 21	15. 992 by 32	23. 4500 by 15
8. 352 by 32	16. 656 by 16	24. 4531 by 15

$$\begin{array}{r}
 207 \\
 \hline
 18) 3726 \\
 -36 \\
 \hline
 126 \\
 -126 \\
 \hline
 1
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{r}
 306\frac{1}{16} \\
 \hline
 19) 5815 \\
 -57 \\
 \hline
 115 \\
 -114 \\
 \hline
 1
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{r}
 200\frac{11}{27} \\
 \hline
 27) 5411 \\
 -54 \\
 \hline
 11
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{r}
 303\frac{24}{29} \\
 \hline
 29) 8811 \\
 -87 \\
 \hline
 111 \\
 -87 \\
 \hline
 24
 \end{array}$$

25.	$487 \div 24$	34.	$3,045 \div 15$	43.	$9,069 \div 41$
26.	$856 \div 21$	35.	$4,560 \div 15$	44.	$6,273 \div 51$
27.	$1,559 \div 31$	36.	$4,204 \div 21$	45.	$8,125 \div 25$
28.	$5,075 \div 25$	37.	$4,256 \div 14$	46.	$7,393 \div 32$
29.	$2,828 \div 14$	38.	$9,462 \div 22$	47.	$5,255 \div 52$
30.	$2,830 \div 14$	39.	$6,293 \div 31$	48.	$2,416 \div 71$
31.	$2,833 \div 14$	40.	$9,060 \div 21$	49.	$9,898 \div 81$
32.	$1,515 \div 15$	41.	$8,484 \div 42$	50.	$9,373 \div 91$
33.	$1,520 \div 15$	42.	$7,378 \div 61$	51.	$1,866 \div 93$

304. Oral Problems.

1. If sugar costs 4 cents a pound, what will be the price of 21 pounds?
2. How much change will I receive if I buy 30 pounds of flour at 3 ¢ per lb., and give the grocer a \$1 bill?
3. Paid 96 cents for 3 pounds of butter. What is the price per pound?
4. If cider is 40 cents per gallon, how many quarts can I get for 30 cents?
5. What will be the cost of 10 yards of carpet at 85 cents per yard?
6. Paid \$2.40 for 20 yards of gingham. What was the price per yard?
7. How many ounces are there in ten pounds and a half?
8. If a man receives \$3 per day, how much will he earn in a year, working 300 days?
9. How many lots at six hundred dollars each can be bought for thirty-six hundred dollars?
10. I sold a lot for \$600 and lost on it \$200. What did it cost me?

305. Blackboard Exercises.

Pupils should be taught to find products without always placing the multiplier under the multiplicand. The following examples in multiplication and division should be worked by writing the answers on the slates directly from the blackboard or the book without writing the other numbers.

MULTIPLICATION.**306. Find the cost of:**

1. 196 lb. flour at 4 cents per lb.
2. 3 gal. alcohol at \$2.75 per gal.
3. 144 hats at \$3 each.
4. 325 lb. sugar at 5 cents per lb.
5. 12 sofas at \$45 each.
6. 165 bbl. cement at \$2 per bbl.
7. 24 thousand bricks at \$6 per thousand.
8. 37 spools thread at 5 cents each.
9. 3 houses, each costing \$5,700.
10. 120 bushels wheat at 96 cents per bushel.
11. 11 tierces lard at \$6.50 per tierce.
12. 6 hundredweight of straw at 72 cents per hundredweight.
13. 900 bushels oats at 36 cents per bushel.
14. 30 lots at \$800 each.
15. 150 yards oilcloth at 30 cents per yard.
16. 20 horses at \$175 each.
17. An ox, weighing 1,152 lb., at 4 ¢ per lb.
18. 37 sheep at \$4 each.
19. 250 acres land at \$40 per acre.
20. 48 yards carpet at \$1.20 per yard.
21. 187 packs fire-crackers at 5 ¢ per pack.
22. 39 Roman candles at 20 cents each.
23. 60 overcoats at \$37 each.
24. 5 wagons at \$175 each.
25. 12 tons hay at \$18.75 per ton.

DIVISION.

307. Find the cost of 1 pound, 1 gallon, 1 barrel, 1 spool, 1 thousand, etc.:

26. 96 lb. flour, \$2.88.
27. 4 gal. alcohol, \$10.40.
28. 72 hats, \$144.
29. 31 lb. sugar, \$1.24.
30. 16 sofas, \$800.
31. 20 bbl. cement, \$42.
32. 24 thousand bricks, \$120.
33. 48 spools of thread, \$1.92.
34. 4 houses, \$26,000.
35. 25 bushels of wheat, \$25.75.
36. 40 tierces of lard, \$250.
37. 11 hundredweight of straw, \$7.04.
38. 90 bushels of oats, \$33.30.
39. 22 lots, \$15,400.
40. 26 yards of oilcloth, \$10.40.
41. 25 yards of oilcloth, \$10.25.
42. 24 horses, \$4,800.
43. 39 sheep, \$195.
44. 72 acres of land, \$2,160.
45. 75 yards of carpet, \$82.50.
46. 36 packs of fire-crackers, \$1.44.
47. 25 Roman candles, \$5.
48. 30 overcoats, \$1,050.
49. 14 wagons, \$1,680.
50. 25 tons of hay, \$300.

308. Oral Problems.

1. Henry had 40 cents, James had 30 cents, William had 20 cents. How much money in all had the three boys?
2. Mary sold some vegetables for 30 cents and some flowers for 60 cents. If she spent 40 cents for groceries, how much money had she left?
3. If a boy makes 20 cents a day selling morning papers and 10 cents a day selling evening papers, how much does he make in 3 days?
4. A man bought a pound of 50-cent tea, and 2 dozen eggs at 20 cents a dozen. How many dimes will it take to pay for them?
5. A furniture dealer sold a set of parlor furniture for \$50 and a bed-room set for \$30. If $\frac{1}{4}$ of the cost of both is paid in cash, how much cash does the dealer receive?
6. Francis had 80 cents. After spending 60 cents and earning 50 cents, how much had he?
7. A grocer had 90 pounds of sugar. He sold 50 pounds and used in his family 20 pounds. How much had he then?
8. A girl had 80 cents. She bought a doll for 40 cents and spent the rest for candy at 20 cents per pound. How many pounds did she buy?
9. A farmer has 90 acres of land. Thirty acres are planted in corn. One-third of the remainder is in wheat. How many acres of wheat has he?
10. A coal-dealer had 50 tons of coal. He burned 30 tons and sold the remainder at \$4 per ton. How much money did he receive?
11. What will I have to pay for 8 pounds of 5-cent sugar and 50 cents' worth of eggs?
12. What will be the cost of 2 bags of meal, 100 pounds in each bag, at 2 cents per pound?

13. A woman buys 3 pounds of butter at 30 cents a pound. She gives the grocer a 50-cent piece. How much more must she pay?

14. A man sells 4 acres of land at \$20 per acre, taking in payment cows worth \$40 each. How many cows does he get?

15. What will be the cost of 4 pieces of silk, 20 yards in a piece, at $\$ \frac{1}{2}$ per yard?

16. How much will I pay for 40 marbles, at 8 for 1 cent, and a 25-cent ball?

17. Half a dollar is divided among 5 boys. How many 5-cent pieces does each receive?

18. How many 4-pound packages of sugar at 5 cents a pound can I get for 80 cents?

19. A woman pays 80 cents for gingham at 20 cents per yard. She buys one-fourth as many yards of ribbon. How many yards of ribbon does she buy?

20. A man worked 20 days for \$80. If he spent \$3 per day how much a day did he save?

21. What will I have to pay for $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. of 80-cent tea and a pound of 30-cent coffee?

22. A man owns $\frac{3}{4}$ of a farm of 80 acres. How much has he left after selling 40 acres?

23. If 2 pigs are worth \$40, how much are 3 worth?

24. A man had \$60. He spent one-half of it for sheep at \$3 each. How many sheep did he buy?

25. Two boys divided 50 marbles equally. One of them gave $\frac{1}{3}$ of his share to his sister. How many did she receive?

26. A train goes 40 miles per hour. How long will it take to go 480 miles?

27. How many hours are there from half-past 8 in the forenoon to half-past 1 in the afternoon?

HALVES, FOURTHS, AND EIGHTHS.

309. Oral Exercises.

$\frac{2}{4} = ?$	$\frac{4}{4} = ?$	$\frac{8}{8} = ?$	$\frac{10}{2} = ?$	$\frac{5}{4} = ?$
$\frac{4}{4} = ?$	$\frac{7}{4} = ?$	$\frac{8}{4} = ?$	$\frac{9}{8} = ?$	$\frac{10}{8} = ?$
$1\frac{1}{8} = ?$	$1\frac{2}{8} = ?$	$1\frac{3}{8} = ?$	$1\frac{4}{8} = ?$	$1\frac{5}{8} = ?$
$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{7}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8} + \frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8} + \frac{5}{8}$
$\frac{3}{8} + \frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{7}{8} + \frac{7}{8}$	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{7}{8}$	$\frac{7}{8} + \frac{1}{2}$

310. Slate Exercises.

Add :

1. $19\frac{1}{2}$	2. $18\frac{1}{4}$	3. $25\frac{1}{8}$	4. $30\frac{1}{8}$	5. $56\frac{1}{4}$
$\underline{27\frac{1}{2}}$	$\underline{65\frac{1}{4}}$	$\underline{6\frac{1}{8}}$	$\underline{42\frac{1}{8}}$	$\underline{24\frac{3}{4}}$
6. $34\frac{3}{8}$	7. $27\frac{1}{2}$	8. $13\frac{1}{2}$	9. $49\frac{7}{8}$	10. $71\frac{7}{8}$
$\underline{34\frac{3}{8}}$	$\underline{10\frac{1}{2}}$	$\underline{6\frac{7}{8}}$	$\underline{20\frac{1}{2}}$	$\underline{11\frac{1}{4}}$
11. $1\frac{1}{8}$	12. $5\frac{1}{8}$	13. $9\frac{1}{8}$	14. $4\frac{1}{4}$	15. $46\frac{1}{8}$
$\underline{2\frac{1}{4}}$	$\underline{6\frac{1}{4}}$	$\underline{10\frac{1}{2}}$	$\underline{12\frac{1}{2}}$	$\underline{2\frac{1}{4}}$
$\underline{3\frac{1}{8}}$	$\underline{7\frac{1}{8}}$	$\underline{\frac{1}{8}}$	$\underline{\frac{1}{4}}$	$\underline{1\frac{1}{8}}$
16. $12\frac{3}{8}$	17. $23\frac{7}{8}$	18. $4\frac{3}{8}$	19. $3\frac{5}{8}$	20. $5\frac{5}{8}$
$\underline{5\frac{1}{4}}$	$\underline{6\frac{1}{8}}$	$\underline{4\frac{3}{8}}$	$\underline{3\frac{5}{8}}$	$\underline{7\frac{5}{8}}$
$\underline{8\frac{3}{8}}$	$\underline{1\frac{1}{8}}$	$\underline{4\frac{3}{8}}$	$\underline{3\frac{5}{8}}$	$\underline{9\frac{5}{8}}$

311. Subtract :

21. $10\frac{3}{4}$	22. $20\frac{3}{4}$	23. $30\frac{3}{4}$	24. $40\frac{1}{2}$	25. $50\frac{3}{4}$
$\underline{8\frac{1}{2}}$	$\underline{7\frac{1}{2}}$	$\underline{9\frac{3}{4}}$	$\underline{10\frac{1}{4}}$	$\underline{11\frac{3}{4}}$
26. $60\frac{1}{4}$	27. $60\frac{1}{2}$	28. $60\frac{1}{4}$	29. $60\frac{1}{4}$	30. $60\frac{7}{8}$
$\underline{59\frac{1}{8}}$	$\underline{50\frac{1}{8}}$	$\underline{50\frac{3}{8}}$	$\underline{50\frac{5}{8}}$	$\underline{50\frac{7}{8}}$
31. $98\frac{7}{8}$	32. $80\frac{7}{8}$	33. $65\frac{7}{8}$	34. $37\frac{5}{8}$	35. $42\frac{5}{8}$
$\underline{89\frac{1}{8}}$	$\underline{60\frac{5}{8}}$	$\underline{24\frac{5}{8}}$	$\underline{19\frac{1}{8}}$	$\underline{16\frac{3}{8}}$
36. $56\frac{7}{8}$	37. $74\frac{7}{8}$	38. $81\frac{7}{8}$	39. $59\frac{5}{8}$	40. $28\frac{5}{8}$
$\underline{25\frac{1}{2}}$	$\underline{7\frac{1}{4}}$	$\underline{62\frac{3}{4}}$	$\underline{58\frac{1}{2}}$	$\underline{9\frac{1}{4}}$

312. Review. Slate Exercises.

NOTE.—First perform the indicated operations on the quantities between the marks of parenthesis.

41. $43 + 74 + 68$

42. $(85 + 39) - 76$

43. $(25 + 33) \times 3\frac{1}{2}$

44. $(49 + 84) \div 7$

45. $\frac{3}{4}$ of $(68 + 52)$

46. $(40\frac{1}{2} - 25) + 13\frac{1}{2}$

47. $156 - (68\frac{1}{2} + 17\frac{1}{2})$

48. $(384 - 96) \div 72$

49. $\frac{4}{5}$ of $(783 - 248)$

50. $(789 - 65) \times 24$

51. $(65 \times 13) + 155$

52. $(14 \times 16) \times 25$

53. $14 \times (16 \times 25)$

54. $(18 \times 13) - 156$

55. $(42 \times 63) \div 21$

56. $42 \times (84 \div 21)$

57. $(8 \times 24) \times \frac{3}{4}$

58. $(\frac{3}{4} \times 8) \times 24$

59. $8 \times (\frac{3}{4} \times 24)$

60. $(144 \div 24) + 78$

61. $(8,820 \div 42) \div 21$

62. $8,820 \div (42 \div 21)$

63. $\frac{1}{4}$ of $(840 \div 14)$

64. $(\frac{1}{4} \text{ of } 840) \div 14$

65. $(992 \div 32) - 18$

66. $(\frac{2}{3} \text{ of } 84) + 144$

67. $(\frac{7}{8} \text{ of } 168) - 99$

68. $(376 \div 94) \times 15$

69. $(\frac{4}{5} \text{ of } 640) \div 16$

70. $\frac{1}{4}$ of $(\frac{2}{3} \text{ of } 360)$

313. Slate Problems.

1. A man bought $\frac{1}{4}$ of a flock of 120 sheep for \$150. How much did each sheep cost him?

2. John had 250 postage stamps. He gave away 64 and lost 36. How many had he left?

3. A farmer had 72 cows. How many had he after twenty-five had died, and he had bought 15?

4. If 72 hats cost \$288, how much will 4 hats cost?

5. A grocer sold 15 lb. 8 oz. of tea to one customer and 12 lb. 8 oz. to another. How much tea did he sell to both?

6. A boy had a piece of wire 4 yards long. He cut it up into pieces 1 inch long. How many pieces were there?
7. How much will a druggist receive for 2 gallons of cologne at 80 cents a pint?
8. How many boxes, each containing 8 ounces, will it take to hold 20 pounds of candy?
9. How many inches in 1 yard, 1 foot, 1 inch?
10. A boy had 20 dozen eggs to sell. If he broke $\frac{1}{4}$ dozen on the way to market, how many whole eggs would he have to sell?
11. A dealer bought 10 cows for \$500. How much apiece would he have to charge for them to gain \$10 on each cow?
12. A girl paid 90 cents for 6 packages of sugar, each containing 3 pounds. How many cents per pound did the sugar cost?
13. At 80 cents a pound, what will 3 ounces of tea cost?
14. A barrel of flour weighs 196 pounds. Find the cost of one-half of it at 3 cents a pound.
15. A newsboy sold 54 papers at 3 cents each. If the papers cost 95 cents, what is his profit?
16. How many 7-pound packages can be made from $\frac{1}{4}$ of a barrel of flour, if there are 196 pounds of flour in a barrel?
17. What will be the total cost of $\frac{1}{4}$ bbl. of flour at \$6 per bbl. and 2 pounds of tea at 75¢ per lb.
18. A ton of hay weighs 2,000 pounds. If a man buys $\frac{1}{2}$ ton, how many pounds will he have left after using 250 pounds?
19. Five dozen collars are sold for \$9.00. What is the price of one collar?
20. At 32 cents per pound, how much will be paid for 1 pound 7 ounces of butter?
21. What will $\frac{1}{8}$ of a yard of silk cost at the rate of \$25.60 for 16 yards?

22. A bag of coffee weighing 80 pounds is put into 20 packages. If it is sold for \$1.20 per package, what is the price per pound?

23. Four pieces of calico, each containing 30 yards, are used in making 24 waists. How many yards does it take to make a waist?

24. There are 24 pounds 8 ounces in a bag of flour. How many pounds in 8 bags?

25. 3 yards 1 foot of wire are cut up into 6-inch pieces. How many pieces are there?

MULTIPLIERS ENDING WITH CIPHERS.

314. Oral Exercises.

$$\begin{array}{lll} 100 \times 3 = ? & 100 \times 6 = ? & 100 \times 10 = ? \\ 100 \times 7 = ? & 100 \times 9 = ? & 100 \times 11 = ? \end{array}$$

315. Sight Exercises.

Give answers:

15×100	27×100	35×100	43×100
56×100	69×100	74×100	87×100
99×100	100×100	101×100	109×100
234×100	345×100	456×100	567×100
678×100	789×100	890×100	901×100
$16 \times 1,000$	$29 \times 1,000$	$33 \times 1,000$	$45 \times 1,000$
$92 \times 1,000$	$68 \times 1,000$	$76 \times 1,000$	$84 \times 1,000$
14×200	23×200	13×300	21×400
42×200	33×300	22×400	44×200

316. Slate Exercises.

1. 236×300	4. 69×700	7. $76 \times 1,300$
2. 178×400	5. 87×900	8. $65 \times 1,400$
3. 134×500	6. $82 \times 1,200$	9. $24 \times 3,000$

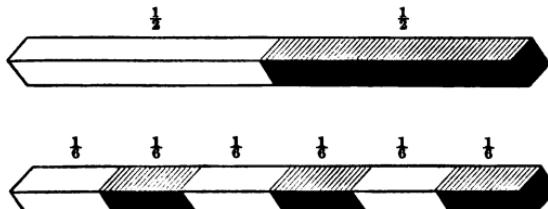
10. $45 \times 2,000$	15. $38 \times 2,500$	20. $42 \times 1,600$
11. $37 \times 2,400$	16. $43 \times 1,800$	21. 187×510
12. 187×450	17. $27 \times 3,100$	22. 158×630
13. $98 \times 1,000$	18. $33 \times 2,700$	23. 97×840
14. $4 \times 20,000$	19. $62 \times 1,500$	24. 112×790

HALVES, THIRDS, AND SIXTHS.

317. Oral Exercises.

When a thing is divided into *two* equal parts, what is each part called?

What is each part called when a thing is divided into *six* equal parts?



Which is greater, one-half or one-sixth? How many sixths of a pie are there in half a pie?

One-sixth of a foot is how many inches? One-half of a foot is how many inches? How many sixths of a foot are there in one-half of a foot? $\frac{1}{2} = ?$?

One-half + one-sixth = how many sixths?

One-half + two-sixths = how many sixths?

One-half + three-sixths = how many sixths?

One-half + four-sixths = how many sixths?

One-half + five-sixths = how many sixths?

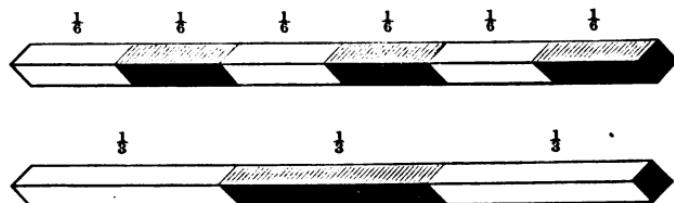
One-third = how many sixths?

Two-thirds = how many sixths?

One-half = how many sixths?

Two-sixths = how many thirds?

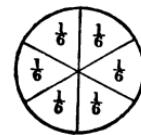
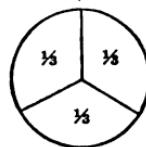
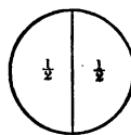
Three-sixths = what? Four-sixths = what?



One-half + one-sixth = how many thirds?

One-half + one-third = how many sixths?

One-third + one-sixth = what?



318. Sight Exercises.

Give answers:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \frac{1}{2} & 4\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{3} & 5\frac{1}{3} & \frac{5}{6} & 4\frac{5}{6} \\
 + \frac{1}{6} & + \frac{1}{6} & + \frac{1}{6} & + \frac{1}{6} & + \frac{1}{2} & + \frac{1}{2} \\
 \hline
 \frac{1}{2} & 4\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{3} & 5\frac{1}{3} & \frac{5}{6} & 4\frac{5}{6} \\
 - \frac{1}{6} & - \frac{1}{6} & - \frac{1}{6} & - \frac{1}{6} & - \frac{1}{2} & - \frac{1}{2} \\
 \hline
 3\frac{2}{3} & 6\frac{2}{3} & \frac{5}{6} & 8\frac{5}{6} & \frac{5}{6} & 1\frac{5}{6} \\
 + \frac{1}{6} & - \frac{1}{6} & + \frac{1}{3} & - \frac{1}{3} & + \frac{2}{3} & - \frac{2}{3} \\
 \hline
 \end{array}$$

319. Slate Exercises.

Add:

1. $\frac{4}{2}$ <u>$\frac{3}{4}$</u>	2. $\frac{5}{3}$ <u>$\frac{4}{3}$</u>	3. $\frac{6}{2}$ <u>$\frac{9}{6}$</u>	4. $\frac{10}{3}$ <u>$\frac{8}{2}$</u>	5. $\frac{12}{6}$ <u>$\frac{7}{3}$</u>
6. $\frac{13}{3}$ <u>$\frac{5}{6}$</u>	7. $\frac{18}{6}$ <u>$\frac{29}{6}$</u>	8. $\frac{30}{6}$ <u>$\frac{6}{6}$</u>	9. $\frac{20}{4}$ <u>$\frac{21}{4}$</u>	10. $\frac{29}{3}$ <u>$\frac{16}{3}$</u>
11. $\frac{63}{6}$ <u>$\frac{20}{3}$</u>	12. $\frac{18}{6}$ <u>$\frac{70}{6}$</u>	13. $\frac{6}{2}$ <u>$\frac{5}{3}$</u>	14. $\frac{20}{3}$ <u>$\frac{19}{2}$</u>	15. $\frac{41}{3}$ <u>$\frac{61}{2}$</u>
16. $\frac{1}{2}$ <u>$\frac{2}{3}$</u> <u>$\frac{3}{6}$</u>	17. $\frac{5}{2}$ <u>$\frac{7}{3}$</u> <u>$\frac{9}{6}$</u>	18. $\frac{4}{2}$ <u>$\frac{6}{3}$</u> <u>$\frac{8}{6}$</u>	19. $\frac{10}{6}$ <u>$\frac{10}{6}$</u> <u>$\frac{10}{6}$</u>	20. $\frac{20}{6}$ <u>$\frac{3}{6}$</u> <u>$\frac{12}{2}$</u>
21. $\frac{18}{3}$ <u>$\frac{9}{6}$</u> <u>$\frac{8}{6}$</u>	22. $\frac{15}{6}$ <u>$\frac{10}{3}$</u> <u>$\frac{1}{6}$</u>	23. $\frac{5}{6}$ <u>$\frac{4}{2}$</u> <u>$\frac{3}{6}$</u>	24. $\frac{21}{2}$ <u>$\frac{1}{2}$</u> <u>$\frac{11}{6}$</u>	25. $\frac{90}{6}$ <u>$\frac{35}{6}$</u> <u>$\frac{25}{6}$</u>
26. $\frac{10}{4}$ <u>$\frac{5}{2}$</u> <u>$\frac{1}{8}$</u>	27. $\frac{23}{8}$ <u>$\frac{17}{8}$</u> <u>$\frac{50}{8}$</u>	28. $\frac{8}{4}$ <u>$\frac{10}{8}$</u> <u>$\frac{12}{2}$</u>	29. $\frac{6}{8}$ <u>$\frac{15}{2}$</u> <u>$\frac{21}{8}$</u>	30. $\frac{49}{2}$ <u>$\frac{22}{8}$</u> <u>$\frac{16}{4}$</u>

320. Subtract:

31. $\frac{14}{2}$ <u>$\frac{5}{4}$</u>	32. $\frac{24}{3}$ <u>$\frac{3}{4}$</u>	33. $\frac{16}{6}$ <u>$\frac{9}{2}$</u>	34. $\frac{28}{6}$ <u>$\frac{6}{3}$</u>	35. $\frac{12}{6}$ <u>$\frac{7}{3}$</u>
36. $\frac{15}{2}$ <u>$\frac{4}{6}$</u>	37. $\frac{20}{3}$ <u>$\frac{5}{6}$</u>	38. $\frac{31}{6}$ <u>$\frac{17}{2}$</u>	39. $\frac{42}{6}$ <u>$\frac{26}{3}$</u>	40. $\frac{57}{6}$ <u>$\frac{40}{6}$</u>
41. $\frac{20}{6}$ <u>$\frac{1}{6}$</u>	42. $\frac{30}{6}$ <u>$\frac{1}{6}$</u>	43. $\frac{40}{6}$ <u>$\frac{1}{6}$</u>	44. $\frac{50}{6}$ <u>$\frac{25}{6}$</u>	45. $\frac{60}{6}$ <u>$\frac{10}{3}$</u>
46. $\frac{27}{6}$ <u>$\frac{18}{2}$</u>	47. $\frac{38}{6}$ <u>$\frac{9}{3}$</u>	48. $\frac{49}{6}$ <u>$\frac{27}{2}$</u>	49. $\frac{54}{6}$ <u>$\frac{46}{6}$</u>	50. $\frac{87}{6}$ <u>$\frac{86}{6}$</u>

LONG DIVISION DRILLS.

321. Give quotients at sight. Omit remainders when there are any.

$$160 \div 20 \quad 360 \div 60 \quad 450 \div 90 \quad 300 \div 50 \quad 270 \div 30$$

$$240 \div 30 \quad 490 \div 70 \quad 560 \div 80 \quad 360 \div 40 \quad 200 \div 40$$

$$280 \div 40 \quad 720 \div 80 \quad 350 \div 70 \quad 210 \div 30 \quad 350 \div 50$$

$$450 \div 50 \quad 360 \div 90 \quad 540 \div 60 \quad 180 \div 20 \quad 420 \div 60$$

$$160 \div 19 \quad 360 \div 59 \quad 450 \div 89 \quad 300 \div 49 \quad 270 \div 29$$

$$240 \div 29 \quad 490 \div 69 \quad 560 \div 79 \quad 360 \div 39 \quad 200 \div 39$$

$$280 \div 39 \quad 720 \div 79 \quad 350 \div 69 \quad 210 \div 29 \quad 350 \div 49$$

$$450 \div 49 \quad 360 \div 89 \quad 540 \div 59 \quad 180 \div 19 \quad 420 \div 59$$

$$160 \div 21 \quad 360 \div 61 \quad 450 \div 91 \quad 300 \div 51 \quad 270 \div 31$$

$$240 \div 31 \quad 490 \div 71 \quad 560 \div 81 \quad 360 \div 41 \quad 200 \div 41$$

$$280 \div 41 \quad 720 \div 81 \quad 350 \div 71 \quad 210 \div 31 \quad 350 \div 51$$

$$450 \div 51 \quad 360 \div 91 \quad 540 \div 61 \quad 180 \div 21 \quad 420 \div 61$$

$$449 \div 90 \quad 251 \div 49 \quad 149 \div 21 \quad 324 \div 62 \quad 546 \div 88$$

$$641 \div 80 \quad 242 \div 39 \quad 269 \div 31 \quad 583 \div 72 \quad 721 \div 78$$

$$559 \div 70 \quad 271 \div 29 \quad 364 \div 41 \quad 672 \div 82 \quad 351 \div 68$$

$$359 \div 60 \quad 143 \div 19 \quad 368 \div 51 \quad 846 \div 92 \quad 482 \div 58$$

$$301 \div 43 \quad 192 \div 24 \quad 585 \div 65 \quad 819 \div 86 \quad 423 \div 47$$

$$231 \div 33 \quad 270 \div 34 \quad 748 \div 75 \quad 325 \div 76 \quad 296 \div 37$$

$$184 \div 23 \quad 351 \div 44 \quad 757 \div 85 \quad 396 \div 66 \quad 243 \div 27$$

$$120 \div 13 \quad 432 \div 54 \quad 628 \div 95 \quad 392 \div 56 \quad 130 \div 17$$

322. Slate Exercises.

Divide:

1. $756 \div 14$	34. $6,055 \div 93$	67. $9,409 \div 97$
2. $810 \div 15$	35. $6,392 \div 94$	68. $9,996 \div 98$
3. $864 \div 16$	36. $9,025 \div 95$	69. $9,108 \div 99$
4. $918 \div 17$	37. $2,717 \div 19$	70. $9,450 \div 27$
5. $968 \div 22$	38. $9,738 \div 18$	71. $8,356 \div 36$
6. $736 \div 23$	39. $8,856 \div 27$	72. $4,880 \div 45$
7. $576 \div 24$	40. $6,048 \div 28$	73. $9,428 \div 54$
8. $858 \div 26$	41. $8,816 \div 29$	74. $8,763 \div 63$
9. $1,024 \div 32$	42. $9,756 \div 36$	75. $9,804 \div 72$
10. $1,485 \div 33$	43. $2,738 \div 37$	76. $9,716 \div 81$
11. $1,536 \div 34$	44. $5,434 \div 38$	77. $8,429 \div 64$
12. $1,575 \div 35$	45. $8,034 \div 39$	78. $4,832 \div 56$
13. $1,806 \div 42$	46. $8,464 \div 46$	79. $5,784 \div 48$
14. $2,408 \div 43$	47. $6,392 \div 47$	80. $6,609 \div 32$
15. $2,860 \div 44$	48. $5,184 \div 48$	81. $8,515 \div 28$
16. $3,510 \div 45$	49. $9,996 \div 49$	82. $7,218 \div 35$
17. $4,212 \div 52$	50. $9,072 \div 56$	83. $9,843 \div 42$
18. $4,558 \div 53$	51. $8,151 \div 57$	84. $8,764 \div 49$
19. $4,428 \div 54$	52. $8,816 \div 58$	85. $7,349 \div 63$
20. $3,630 \div 55$	53. $4,956 \div 59$	86. $6,528 \div 54$
21. $4,464 \div 62$	54. $9,450 \div 66$	87. $9,609 \div 24$
22. $5,544 \div 63$	55. $8,241 \div 67$	88. $8,735 \div 16$
23. $7,872 \div 64$	56. $9,216 \div 68$	89. $9,999 \div 18$
24. $8,970 \div 65$	57. $6,624 \div 69$	90. $8,875 \div 25$
25. $5,544 \div 72$	58. $9,234 \div 76$	91. $5,005 \div 55$
26. $9,709 \div 73$	59. $9,702 \div 77$	92. $9,230 \div 65$
27. $2,738 \div 74$	60. $8,034 \div 78$	93. $8,475 \div 75$
28. $5,775 \div 75$	61. $8,611 \div 79$	94. $9,600 \div 85$
29. $9,430 \div 82$	62. $9,632 \div 86$	95. $8,325 \div 95$
30. $8,051 \div 83$	63. $9,309 \div 87$	96. $4,984 \div 96$
31. $7,212 \div 84$	64. $8,580 \div 88$	97. $9,518 \div 92$
32. $8,262 \div 85$	65. $7,941 \div 89$	98. $9,030 \div 88$
33. $8,464 \div 92$	66. $5,184 \div 96$	99. $8,000 \div 77$

*DIVISORS ENDING WITH CIPHERS.***323. Oral Exercises.**

Divide :

$$\begin{array}{llll} 900 \text{ by } 100 & 1,000 \text{ by } 10 & 1,100 \text{ by } 100 & 1,200 \text{ by } 100 \\ 16 \times 100 = ? & 1,600 \div 100 = ? & 25 \times 100 = ? & 2,500 \div 100 = ? \end{array}$$

How do we multiply a number by 100? How can we divide by 100 a number that ends with two ciphers?

324. Sight Exercises.

Give answers :

$$\begin{array}{llll} 2,800 \div 100 & 9,000 \div 100 & 7,200 \div 100 & 12,900 \div 100 \\ 3,600 \div 100 & 5,900 \div 100 & 8,700 \div 100 & 18,700 \div 100 \\ 4,500 \div 100 & 6,100 \div 100 & 13,500 \div 100 & 20,000 \div 100 \\ \\ 2,800 \div 200 & 1,200 \div 600 & 66,000 \div 11,000 & \\ 3,600 \div 300 & 2,100 \div 700 & 39,000 \div 13,000 & \\ 3,200 \div 400 & 4,000 \div 800 & 48,000 \div 12,000 & \\ 2,500 \div 500 & 6,300 \div 900 & 28,000 \div 14,000 & \end{array}$$

325. Slate Exercises.

Divide 87,600 by 600.

600)87600

146 quotient.

Strike out the same number of ciphers in divisor and dividend.

1. $40,800 \div 300$	5. $78,300 \div 900$	9. $60,000 \div 2,400$
2. $12,800 \div 400$	6. $90,000 \div 1,200$	10. $98,000 \div 2,000$
3. $17,000 \div 500$	7. $72,000 \div 3,000$	11. $87,000 \div 1,000$
4. $85,400 \div 700$	8. $91,000 \div 1,400$	12. $80,000 \div 20,000$

326. Sight Exercises.

Give answers:

1. $806 \div 100$	6. $2,856 \div 700$	11. $2,817 \div 1,400$
2. $806 \div 200$	7. $3,025 \div 500$	12. $7,709 \div 1,100$
3. $806 \div 400$	8. $4,050 \div 800$	13. $4,235 \div 2,100$
4. $2,036 \div 400$	9. $3,675 \div 600$	14. $6,005 \div 1,200$
5. $1,896 \div 300$	10. $2,719 \div 900$	15. $9,393 \div 3,100$

327. $9,637 \div 300$

$$\begin{array}{r} 300) 96|37 \\ \underline{30} \\ 67 \end{array}$$

$8,975 \div 200$

$$\begin{array}{r} 200) 89|75 \\ \underline{40} \\ 49 \end{array}$$

$19,575 \div 1,600$

$$\begin{array}{r} 16|00) 195|75 \\ \underline{16} \\ 35 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 32 \\ \underline{32} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

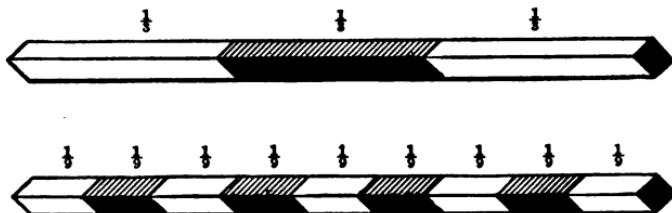
328. Slate Exercises.

1. $40,890 \div 300$	6. $72,194 \div 800$
2. $37,295 \div 400$	7. $83,416 \div 900$
3. $59,532 \div 500$	8. $88,635 \div 1,100$
4. $64,380 \div 600$	9. $98,320 \div 1,200$
5. $62,700 \div 700$	10. $11,002 \div 1,300$
11. $64,632 \div 14,000$	
12. $69,859 \div 15,000$	
13. $76,430 \div 16,000$	
14. $79,999 \div 17,000$	
15. $80,085 \div 18,000$	
16. $88,321 \div 19,000$	
17. $84,620 \div 22,000$	
18. $96,969 \div 23,000$	

THIRDS AND NINTHS.

333. Oral Exercises.

When a thing is divided into *nine* equal parts, each part is called a *ninth*.



One-third of a yard contains how many inches? How many inches in one-ninth of a yard? One-third = how many ninths? Two-thirds = how many ninths? One-third and one-ninth = how many ninths?

One-third + one-ninth = how many ninths?

One-third + two-ninths = how many ninths?

One-third + four-ninths = how many ninths?

One-third + five-ninths = how many ninths?

One-third + seven-ninths = how many ninths?

One-third + eight-ninths = how many ninths?

2 thirds + 1 ninth = how many 9ths?

2 thirds + 2 ninths = how many 9ths?

2 thirds + 4 ninths = how many 9ths?

2 thirds + 5 ninths = how many 9ths?

2 thirds + 7 ninths = how many 9ths?

2 thirds + 8 ninths = how many 9ths?

$$\begin{array}{r} \frac{3}{9} = ? \\ \frac{14}{9} = ? \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} \frac{6}{9} = ? \\ \frac{16}{9} = ? \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} \frac{10}{9} = 1\frac{1}{9} \\ \frac{17}{9} = ? \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} \frac{11}{9} = 1\frac{2}{9} \\ \frac{12}{9} = ? \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} \frac{13}{9} = 1\frac{4}{9} \\ \frac{18}{9} = ? \end{array}$$

334. Slate Exercises.

Add:

1. $18\frac{1}{9}$	2. $27\frac{7}{9}$	3. $16\frac{1}{9}$	4. $33\frac{1}{9}$	5. $66\frac{1}{9}$
$\underline{9\frac{4}{9}}$	$\underline{20\frac{4}{9}}$	$\underline{35\frac{4}{9}}$	$\underline{5\frac{1}{9}}$	$\underline{\frac{1}{9}}$
6. $42\frac{1}{9}$	7. $63\frac{1}{9}$	8. $75\frac{1}{9}$	9. $87\frac{1}{9}$	10. $54\frac{1}{9}$
$\underline{57\frac{4}{9}}$	$\underline{54\frac{4}{9}}$	$\underline{19\frac{4}{9}}$	$\underline{8\frac{1}{9}}$	$\underline{30\frac{8}{9}}$
11. $95\frac{1}{9}$	12. $54\frac{1}{9}$	13. $37\frac{1}{9}$	14. $141\frac{1}{9}$	15. $25\frac{1}{9}$
$\underline{37\frac{4}{9}}$	$\underline{17\frac{4}{9}}$	$\underline{6\frac{1}{9}}$	$\underline{55\frac{8}{9}}$	$\underline{1\frac{4}{9}}$
16. $37\frac{1}{2}$	17. $49\frac{2}{3}$	18. $87\frac{1}{6}$	19. $53\frac{2}{3}$	20. $8\frac{2}{3}$
$\underline{51\frac{1}{6}}$	$\underline{4\frac{1}{6}}$	$\underline{11\frac{1}{6}}$	$\underline{29\frac{5}{6}}$	$\underline{26\frac{5}{6}}$
21. $1\frac{1}{6}$	22. $6\frac{2}{3}$	23. $13\frac{4}{9}$	24. $6\frac{2}{3}$	25. $10\frac{1}{3}$
$\underline{2\frac{2}{3}}$	$\underline{5\frac{4}{9}}$	$\underline{8\frac{7}{9}}$	$\underline{21\frac{7}{9}}$	$\underline{10\frac{4}{9}}$
$\underline{3\frac{4}{9}}$	$\underline{11\frac{4}{9}}$	$\underline{\frac{5}{9}}$	$\underline{3\frac{8}{9}}$	$\underline{10\frac{4}{9}}$
26. $2\frac{1}{2}$	27. $1\frac{1}{2}$	28. $7\frac{1}{3}$	29. $10\frac{1}{3}$	30. $17\frac{1}{3}$
$\underline{4\frac{1}{2}}$	$\underline{3\frac{1}{2}}$	$\underline{9\frac{1}{3}}$	$\underline{5\frac{1}{3}}$	$\underline{20\frac{5}{6}}$
$\underline{6\frac{1}{3}}$	$\underline{5\frac{1}{3}}$	$\underline{11\frac{1}{3}}$	$\underline{\frac{1}{3}}$	$\underline{15\frac{1}{3}}$

335. Subtract:

31. $6\frac{8}{9}$	32. $30\frac{7}{9}$	33. $27\frac{5}{9}$	34. $93\frac{4}{9}$	35. $77\frac{7}{9}$
$\underline{3\frac{5}{9}}$	$\underline{4\frac{4}{9}}$	$\underline{6\frac{1}{3}}$	$\underline{89\frac{1}{9}}$	$\underline{33\frac{8}{9}}$
36. $77\frac{7}{9}$	37. 10	38. 20	39. 30	40. 40
$\underline{66\frac{4}{9}}$	$\underline{1\frac{1}{9}}$	$\underline{3\frac{1}{3}}$	$\underline{5\frac{2}{9}}$	$\underline{7\frac{1}{3}}$
41. 50	42. 60	43. 70	44. 80	45. 90
$\underline{9\frac{1}{3}}$	$\underline{11\frac{4}{9}}$	$\underline{13\frac{1}{2}}$	$\underline{15\frac{5}{9}}$	$\underline{17\frac{5}{6}}$
46. 99	47. $27\frac{1}{2}$	48. $32\frac{1}{2}$	49. $33\frac{1}{2}$	50. $87\frac{1}{2}$
$\underline{19\frac{8}{9}}$	$\underline{\frac{1}{6}}$	$\underline{15\frac{1}{2}}$	$\underline{4\frac{1}{6}}$	$\underline{25\frac{1}{4}}$

*SPECIAL DRILLS.***336.** Give sums:

30 + 80	300 + 600	130 + 60	275 + 10	70 + 60
20 + 90	500 + 400	240 + 30	183 + 9	80 + 90
80 + 70	200 + 700	370 + 20	672 + 8	60 + 50
90 + 50	400 + 300	410 + 80	477 + 7	90 + 70

337. Give differences:

150 - 90	900 - 600	190 - 130	285 - 10	100 - 30
160 - 70	800 - 300	270 - 40	192 - 183	170 - 80
140 - 60	700 - 400	390 - 360	670 - 8	130 - 60
120 - 50	600 - 200	450 - 20	484 - 477	110 - 20

338. Give products:

30 × 8	200 × 4	60 × 7	90 × $\frac{2}{3}$	111 × 5
20 × 9	300 × 3	80 × 2	80 × $\frac{3}{4}$	222 × 4
40 × 4	400 × 2	90 × 5	60 × $\frac{2}{3}$	333 × 3
70 × 3	200 × 3	50 × 6	70 × $\frac{6}{7}$	444 × 2

339. Give quotients:

240 ÷ 8	240 ÷ 30	800 ÷ 400	800 ÷ 2	666 ÷ 111
180 ÷ 9	180 ÷ 20	900 ÷ 300	900 ÷ 3	999 ÷ 3
160 ÷ 4	160 ÷ 40	800 ÷ 200	800 ÷ 4	888 ÷ 222
210 ÷ 3	210 ÷ 70	600 ÷ 300	600 ÷ 2	777 ÷ 7

340. Give results:

$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{5}$	$60 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$	$1 \div \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{5}$ of 50
$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4}$	$60 \times 1\frac{1}{3}$	$2 \div \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{6}$ of 80
$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{6}$	$60 \times 1\frac{1}{6}$	$3 \div \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$ of 90
$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{9}$	$60 \times 1\frac{1}{6}$	$4 \div \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$ of 80

*MULTIPLIERS OF MORE THAN TWO FIGURES.***341.** Multiply 249 by 397.

First multiply by 7, placing the first figure of the product under the 7 of the multiplier. Then multiply by 9, placing the first figure of the product under the 9 of the multiplier. Next, multiply by 3, placing the first figure of the product under the 3 of the multiplier. Draw a line, and add.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 249 \\
 397 \\
 \hline
 1743 \\
 2241 \\
 \hline
 747 \\
 \hline
 98853
 \end{array}$$

342. Multiply :

1. 426 by 234	14. 536 by 148
2. 697 by 123	15. 824 by 111
3. 347 by 276	16. 379 by 254
4. 702 by 135	17. 695 by 136
5. 615 by 153	18. 354 by 267
6. 383 by 234	19. 726 by 125
7. 723 by 134	20. 724 by 129
8. 806 by 119	21. 815 by 118
9. 809 by 123	22. 276 by 333
10. 519 by 176	23. 271 by 329
11. 352 by 246	24. 568 by 154
12. 495 by 196	25. 808 by 121
13. 634 by 148	26. 241 by 398

343. Divide :

27. 8,643 by 201	32. 7,891 by 607
28. 7,956 by 102	33. 9,884 by 706
29. 9,696 by 303	34. 9,684 by 807
30. 9,720 by 405	35. 9,988 by 908
31. 7,056 by 504	36. 8,199 by 911

37. 6,496 by 812	44. 9,225 by 123
38. 9,269 by 713	45. 7,326 by 222
39. 9,210 by 614	46. 7,326 by 333
40. 6,708 by 516	47. 9,872 by 1,234
41. 9,960 by 415	48. 9,380 by 2,345
42. 7,291 by 317	49. 8,142 by 1,357
43. 9,810 by 218	50. 9,872 by 2,468

344. Multiply 456 by 209.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 & 456 \\
 & 209 \\
 \hline
 & 4104 \\
 \text{Place, as before, the first (units') figure of the product by 9} \\
 \text{under the 9 of the multiplier, and the first figure of the product by} \\
 \text{2 under the 2 of the multiplier.} \\
 & 912 \\
 \hline
 & 95304
 \end{array}$$

345. Multiply :

NOTE.—Either number may be taken as the multiplier.

51. 635 by 108	63. 483 by 203
52. 903 by 107	64. 704 by 123
53. 959 by 101	65. 401 by 245
54. 691 by 140	66. 351 by 204
55. 772 by 120	67. 907 by 110
56. 827 by 103	68. 499 by 198
57. 271 by 306	69. 68 by 1,203
58. 314 by 206	70. 47 by 2,023
59. 724 by 105	71. 2,005 by 49
60. 808 by 121	72. 49 by 2,005
61. 128 by 709	73. 131 by 706
62. 671 by 105	74. 368 by 204

346. Find products:

75. $64 \times 1\frac{3}{8}$

83. $21 \times 4\frac{2}{7}$

91. $9 \times 11\frac{1}{8}$

76. $42 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$

84. $27 \times 3\frac{4}{9}$

92. $20 \times 10\frac{1}{4}$

77. $27 \times 3\frac{2}{3}$

85. $36 \times 5\frac{1}{6}$

93. $20 \times 12\frac{3}{4}$

78. $56 \times 1\frac{3}{4}$

86. $35 \times 4\frac{2}{5}$

94. $30 \times 10\frac{2}{3}$

79. $24 \times 2\frac{7}{8}$

87. $64 \times 3\frac{5}{8}$

95. $40 \times 11\frac{1}{6}$

80. $18 \times 3\frac{5}{6}$

88. $48 \times 7\frac{2}{3}$

96. $50 \times 13\frac{1}{2}$

81. $32 \times 5\frac{1}{4}$

89. $45 \times 6\frac{1}{5}$

97. $60 \times 14\frac{2}{3}$

82. $40 \times 2\frac{3}{8}$

90. $8 \times 12\frac{1}{2}$

98. $40 \times 15\frac{1}{8}$

CHAPTER V.

MULTIPLIERS AND DIVISORS OF THREE OR MORE FIGURES.

- ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION OF EASY FRACTIONS.
- MULTIPLICATION BY A MIXED NUMBER.— EASY DENOMINATE NUMBERS.

MULTIPLICATION.

347. Multiply 48 by $26\frac{3}{4}$.

$\begin{array}{r} 48 \\ \times 26\frac{3}{4} \\ \hline 288 \\ 36 \\ \hline 1244 \end{array}$	<p>To multiply by $\frac{3}{4}$, we can find one-fourth, and multiply the result by 3. $\frac{1}{4}$ of 48 is 12 $\frac{3}{4}$ of 48 = $12 \times 3 = 36$</p> <p>It will generally be found better to multiply first and then to divide. $48 \times 3 = 144$ $\frac{1}{4}$ of 144 = 36</p> <p>The units' figure of the product by 6 is placed under the 6. The first figure of the product by 2 is placed under the 2.</p>
--	---

$$\begin{array}{r}
 126 & 248 & 375 \\
 84\frac{3}{8} & 130\frac{7}{8} & 206\frac{3}{4} \\
 \hline
 3)252 & 8)1736 & 4)1125 \\
 84 & 217 & 281\frac{1}{4} \\
 504 & 744 & 2250 \\
 1008 & 248 & 750 \\
 \hline
 10,668 & 32,457 & 77,531\frac{1}{4}
 \end{array}$$

348. Multiply :

1. $27 \times 13\frac{1}{8}$	5. $75 \times 23\frac{3}{5}$	9. $328 \times 45\frac{5}{8}$
2. $36 \times 31\frac{1}{4}$	6. $64 \times 43\frac{3}{4}$	10. $468 \times 83\frac{5}{6}$
3. $48 \times 16\frac{3}{4}$	7. $126 \times 18\frac{1}{2}$	11. $295 \times 75\frac{2}{3}$
4. $32 \times 37\frac{1}{2}$	8. $252 \times 63\frac{3}{5}$	12. $154 \times 28\frac{4}{7}$

13.	$198 \times 33\frac{2}{5}$	25.	$360 \times 70\frac{2}{3}$	39.	$49 \times 25\frac{1}{4}$
14.	$540 \times 44\frac{3}{6}$	27.	$630 \times 80\frac{4}{5}$	40.	$51 \times 37\frac{1}{3}$
15.	$770 \times 56\frac{1}{11}$	28.	$720 \times 90\frac{5}{6}$	41.	$50 \times 33\frac{2}{3}$
16.	$720 \times 65\frac{5}{12}$	29.	$840 \times 100\frac{2}{7}$	42.	$69 \times 41\frac{3}{4}$
17.	$1,236 \times 14\frac{1}{2}$	30.	$960 \times 100\frac{7}{8}$	43.	$76 \times 24\frac{3}{4}$
18.	$2,454 \times 24\frac{3}{4}$	31.	$660 \times 120\frac{8}{11}$	44.	$85 \times 53\frac{5}{6}$
19.	$1,278 \times 60\frac{2}{3}$	32.	$244 \times 13\frac{9}{11}$	45.	$127 \times 49\frac{1}{2}$
20.	$1,456 \times 50\frac{7}{8}$	33.	$176 \times 240\frac{3}{4}$	46.	$258 \times 84\frac{3}{4}$
21.	$336 \times 20\frac{1}{2}$	34.	$324 \times 33\frac{9}{11}$	47.	$987 \times 40\frac{2}{3}$
22.	$448 \times 30\frac{1}{4}$	35.	$235 \times 410\frac{5}{6}$	48.	$876 \times 50\frac{2}{3}$
23.	$972 \times 40\frac{2}{3}$	36.	$576 \times 160\frac{5}{6}$	49.	$1,370 \times 30\frac{2}{3}$
24.	$1,024 \times 50\frac{5}{6}$	37.	$25 \times 13\frac{1}{2}$	50.	$620 \times 160\frac{5}{6}$
25.	$240 \times 60\frac{7}{8}$	38.	$47 \times 14\frac{1}{3}$	51.	$250 \times 260\frac{5}{6}$

LONG DIVISION

322. Slave Exercises.

52.	$88,851 \div 21$	69.	$87,963 \div 109$	86.	$98,196 \div 1,002$
53.	$97,712 \div 31$	70.	$98,172 \div 202$	87.	$96,048 \div 2,001$
54.	$98,605 \div 41$	71.	$98,475 \div 308$	88.	$99,066 \div 3,002$
55.	$81,600 \div 51$	72.	$99,788 \div 404$	89.	$96,072 \div 4,003$
56.	$99,008 \div 61$	73.	$95,445 \div 505$	90.	$95,076 \div 5,004$
57.	$92,755 \div 71$	74.	$98,930 \div 606$	91.	$96,080 \div 6,005$
58.	$99,954 \div 81$	75.	$97,566 \div 707$	92.	$98,084 \div 7,006$
59.	$94,185 \div 91$	76.	$99,384 \div 808$	93.	$96,084 \div 8,007$
60.	$73,760 \div 32$	77.	$99,081 \div 909$	94.	$99,088 \div 9,008$
61.	$87,978 \div 43$	78.	$86,478 \div 213$	95.	$98,196 \div 1,002$
62.	$89,262 \div 54$	79.	$99,792 \div 324$	96.	$95,961 \div 1,108$
63.	$91,520 \div 65$	80.	$88,305 \div 435$	97.	$92,550 \div 1,234$
64.	$99,180 \div 76$	81.	$92,820 \div 546$	98.	$77,385 \div 2,845$
65.	$92,220 \div 87$	82.	$95,922 \div 657$	99.	$79,488 \div 3,456$
66.	$98,294 \div 98$	83.	$94,464 \div 768$	100.	$91,827 \div 10,203$
67.	$94,635 \div 29$	84.	$90,195 \div 859$	101.	$81,216 \div 20,304$
68.	$91,607 \div 101$	85.	$99,944 \div 961$	102.	$98,760 \div 12,345$

*SPECIAL DRILLS.***350.** Give sums:

56 + 17	48 + 19	67 + 17	76 + 15	59 + 17
13 + 78	18 + 42	14 + 36	18 + 56	18 + 45
25 + 16	65 + 15	26 + 16	48 + 12	34 + 19
18 + 25	14 + 18	13 + 29	29 + 15	18 + 27

351. Give differences:

66 - 19	41 - 25	80 - 65	67 - 19	42 - 29
56 - 39	90 - 19	50 - 14	60 - 48	32 - 14
60 - 12	67 - 48	94 - 76	41 - 16	91 - 78
66 - 47	80 - 15	60 - 18	84 - 67	94 - 18

352. Give products:

13 × 4	5 × 15	14 × 6	8 × 81	18 × 4
19 × 5	4 × 19	31 × 7	7 × 14	16 × 5
24 × 4	5 × 17	90 × 8	6 × 16	15 × 6
15 × 3	4 × 23	14 × 3	5 × 18	13 × 7

353. Give quotients:

42 ÷ 3	42 ÷ 14	279 ÷ 31	92 ÷ 23	60 ÷ 4
91 ÷ 7	78 ÷ 13	427 ÷ 61	78 ÷ 26	98 ÷ 7
56 ÷ 4	75 ÷ 15	205 ÷ 41	56 ÷ 28	70 ÷ 5
90 ÷ 6	90 ÷ 18	568 ÷ 71	81 ÷ 27	48 ÷ 3

354. Give remainders:

4 - 3½	20 - 19½	8½ - 5½	17½ - 13½	16½ - 3½
25½ - 5½	80 - ¼	60 - ½	40 - ¾	80 - 11½
60 - 1½	40 - 1½	40 - 2½	40 - 3½	40 - 10½
4½ - 1½	6½ - 1½	7½ - 1½	8½ - 1½	9½ - 1½

355. Oral Problems.

1. If 3 yd. cambric cost 63 cents, what will be the cost of 4 yd.?
2. How much will I have to pay for 12 pounds of 6-cent sugar and a 15-cent bar of soap?
3. How many quarts of milk in 24 gallons?
4. A piece of cloth measures 45 feet. How many yards does it contain?
5. At 5 cents per ounce, what will be the cost of a pound of cinnamon?
6. Bought 6 pounds of 6-cent sugar. How much change from a half-dollar?
7. Gave five dollars in payment for 9 yd. silk, at 60 cents a yard. How much do I still owe?
8. If $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. of candy costs 10 cents, how much must I pay for 4 lb.?
9. Gave $\frac{1}{2}$ of a pie to John, and $\frac{1}{6}$ to Daniel. How much of the pie remained?
10. I divided 3 apples into quarters. How many pieces did I make?
11. What will be the total cost of three 50-cent balls and five 10-cent bats?
12. A conductor charges 84 cents fare for a ride of 28 miles. What is the rate per mile?
13. How many feet have 15 hens and 10 dogs?
14. Paid 15 cents for a quart of syrup. What is the price per gallon?
15. How much is received for a bushel of potatoes sold @ 15¢ per $\frac{1}{2}$ peck? (1 bushel = 4 pecks.)
16. I paid 21 cents for sugar, 15 cents for coffee, and 30 cents for tea. How much did I pay for all?

17. What will be the cost of 4 pounds of cheese, at 18 cents per pound?
18. When eggs are selling for 30 cents per dozen, how many eggs can be bought for 90 cents?
19. If a bushel of wheat weighs 60 pounds, how many bushels are there in 540 pounds of wheat?
20. A dealer paid \$96 for 16 sheep. What was the price of one sheep?
21. A boy had 35 postage stamps, and bought 16 more. How many had he then?
22. Find the cost of 36 two-cent stamps.
23. When muslin is 5 cents a yard, how many yards can be bought for 80 cents?
24. A store-keeper sold from a 10-pound box of candy $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. to one customer, and $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. to another. How much candy remained?
25. A boy pays 15 cents for 3 quarters of a pie. What is the cost of 1 quarter? How much does the whole pie cost?

356. Slate Problems.

1. Paid \$5.25 for 3 yards of silk. What will be the cost of 4 yards?
2. I bought 27 lb. of 6-ct. sugar, and 8 bars of soap at 15¢ per bar. What is my bill?
3. How many pints of milk in 24 gallons?
4. A piece of cloth measures 720 inches. How many yards does it contain?
5. At 3 cents per ounce, what would be the cost of 5 pounds of pepper?
6. Bought 16 pounds of 60-cent tea. How much change do I get from a \$10 bill?

7. Gave \$25 in payment for 16 yards of silk, at $\$1\frac{1}{4}$ per yard. How much do I still owe?
8. If $\frac{1}{4}$ yard of cloth costs 75 cents, what is the cost of $1\frac{1}{2}$ yards?
9. A piece of linen measures $12\frac{1}{2}$ yards. How much will be left after selling $5\frac{1}{2}$ yards and $4\frac{1}{4}$ yards?
10. How many quarters in \$27?
11. What will be the cost of 4 coats at \$15 each, and 5 hats at \$2.50 each?
12. Two towns are 150 miles apart. If the fare is \$4.50, what is the rate per mile?
13. How many feet have 17 hens and 13 dogs?
14. Paid 15 cents for a quart of molasses. What would be the cost, at the same rate, of 13 gallons?
15. How much is received for a barrel of potatoes, containing 3 bushels, sold at the rate of 10 cents per half-peck?
16. Find the cost of $7\frac{1}{2}$ lb. of sugar at 6 cents per pound, $1\frac{1}{4}$ lb. coffee at 28¢ per pound, and $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. of 60-cent tea.
17. How much must be paid for $24\frac{3}{4}$ yd. of muslin at 4 cents per yard?
18. When eggs are worth 25 cents per dozen, how many eggs can be bought for \$1? For \$3?
19. A bushel of corn weighs 56 pounds. How many bushels are there in a load weighing 2,240 pounds?
20. A farmer pays \$1,500 for 25 cows. What is the price of a cow?
21. A boy had 276 butterflies after 137 had been destroyed. How many had he at first?
22. Find the total cost of 18 one-cent stamps, 13 two-cent stamps, 10 three-cent stamps, and 5 five-cent stamps.

23. When muslin is 5 cents a yard, how many yards can be bought for \$6 $\frac{1}{2}$?

24. From a farm of 100 acres, 75 $\frac{3}{4}$ acres and 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ acres were sold. How many acres remain?

25. I paid \$5.25 for 3 quarters of a yard of velvet. What was the cost of 1 quarter of a yard?

MULTIPLICATION.

357. Slate Exercises.

Use either number as a multiplier.

1. 3,976 × 23	18. 126 × 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	35. 105 × 589
2. 3,456 × 25	19. 162 × 5 $\frac{1}{3}$	36. 166 × 597
3. 2,879 × 34	20. 168 × 6 $\frac{2}{3}$	37. 158 × 612
4. 2,508 × 36	21. 105 × 7 $\frac{1}{2}$	38. 149 × 624
5. 1,987 × 45	22. 108 × 8 $\frac{1}{4}$	39. 137 × 723
6. 1,893 × 47	23. 120 × 9 $\frac{1}{6}$	40. 127 × 735
7. 1,593 × 56	24. 136 × 9 $\frac{7}{8}$	41. 116 × 834
8. 1,427 × 58	25. 48 × 10 $\frac{1}{3}$	42. 105 × 846
9. 1,488 × 67	26. 72 × 20 $\frac{1}{6}$	43. 103 × 967
10. 1,060 × 69	27. 768 × 125	44. 101 × 985
11. 1,059 × 78	28. 779 × 128	45. 64 × 31 $\frac{1}{4}$
12. 1,190 × 84	29. 367 × 264	46. 63 × 44 $\frac{5}{6}$
13. 1,097 × 89	30. 388 × 256	47. 128 × 187 $\frac{1}{2}$
14. 1,036 × 93	31. 218 × 356	48. 112 × 218 $\frac{3}{4}$
15. 96 × 1 $\frac{7}{8}$	32. 306 × 325	49. 297 × 333 $\frac{1}{3}$
16. 80 × 2 $\frac{9}{10}$	33. 209 × 478	50. 144 × 666 $\frac{3}{4}$
17. 108 × 3 $\frac{3}{4}$	34. 207 × 463	51. 108 × 750 $\frac{1}{4}$

*MIXED NUMBERS.***358. Review. Sight Exercises.**

1. $\frac{4\frac{3}{4}}{-4\frac{1}{2}}$	2. $\frac{3\frac{3}{4}}{+5\frac{1}{8}}$	3. $\frac{4\frac{1}{2}}{+2\frac{3}{5}}$	4. $\frac{7\frac{1}{2}}{+\frac{1}{6}}$	5. $\frac{8\frac{5}{6}}{5\frac{1}{3}}$
6. $\frac{3\frac{1}{8}}{+4\frac{5}{9}}$	7. $\frac{7\frac{3}{4}}{-5\frac{5}{8}}$	8. $\frac{3\frac{7}{8}}{-3\frac{1}{2}}$	9. $\frac{7\frac{2}{3}}{+5\frac{4}{9}}$	10. $\frac{4\frac{5}{8}}{-3\frac{1}{2}}$
11. $\frac{1\frac{1}{8}}{+3\frac{1}{8}}$	12. $\frac{7\frac{1}{2}}{+2\frac{1}{2}}$	13. $\frac{5\frac{3}{4}}{+6\frac{1}{4}}$	14. $\frac{3\frac{7}{8}}{+7\frac{1}{8}}$	15. $\frac{2\frac{3}{8}}{+9\frac{5}{8}}$
16. $\frac{6\frac{1}{6}}{+3\frac{5}{6}}$	17. $\frac{4\frac{2}{9}}{+4\frac{7}{9}}$	18. $\frac{9\frac{4}{9}}{+1\frac{5}{9}}$	19. $\frac{3\frac{1}{6}}{+6\frac{8}{9}}$	20. $\frac{10}{-1\frac{1}{2}}$
21. $\frac{5}{-3\frac{1}{4}}$	22. $\frac{8}{-4\frac{3}{4}}$	23. $\frac{7}{-2\frac{1}{3}}$	24. $\frac{9}{-4\frac{2}{3}}$	25. $\frac{1}{-\frac{1}{6}}$
26. $\frac{3}{-2\frac{5}{6}}$	27. $\frac{6}{-3\frac{1}{8}}$	28. $\frac{12}{-11\frac{3}{8}}$	29. $\frac{2}{-\frac{5}{8}}$	30. $\frac{4}{-1\frac{7}{8}}$
31. $\frac{5}{-1\frac{1}{6}}$	32. $\frac{7}{-2\frac{2}{9}}$	33. $\frac{9}{-3\frac{4}{9}}$	34. $\frac{6}{-4\frac{5}{6}}$	35. $\frac{8}{-5\frac{7}{6}}$
36. $\frac{3}{-1\frac{8}{9}}$	37. $\frac{27}{+3\frac{3}{4}}$	38. $\frac{6\frac{1}{3}}{+5\frac{1}{6}}$	39. $\frac{3\frac{5}{6}}{+1\frac{1}{2}}$	40. $\frac{7\frac{2}{3}}{+1\frac{5}{6}}$

359. Slate Exercises.

Add:

1. $\frac{56\frac{3}{4}}{72\frac{1}{2}}$	2. $\frac{83\frac{3}{4}}{91\frac{1}{8}}$	3. $\frac{64\frac{1}{2}}{15\frac{3}{8}}$	4. $\frac{87\frac{1}{2}}{10\frac{1}{6}}$	5. $\frac{65\frac{1}{8}}{35\frac{1}{6}}$
6. $\frac{131\frac{1}{8}}{14\frac{5}{9}}$	7. $\frac{37\frac{3}{4}}{9\frac{5}{8}}$	8. $\frac{95\frac{1}{2}}{37\frac{3}{8}}$	9. $\frac{67\frac{2}{3}}{15\frac{2}{9}}$	10. $\frac{44\frac{5}{8}}{63\frac{1}{2}}$
11. $\frac{57\frac{3}{4}}{5\frac{8}{9}}$	12. $\frac{75\frac{1}{4}}{6\frac{1}{8}}$	13. $\frac{\frac{1}{2}}{29\frac{1}{8}}$	14. $\frac{23\frac{1}{3}}{8\frac{1}{9}}$	15. $\frac{6\frac{2}{3}}{15\frac{2}{3}}$
11. $\frac{57\frac{3}{4}}{5\frac{8}{9}}$	12. $\frac{75\frac{1}{4}}{6\frac{1}{8}}$	13. $\frac{\frac{1}{2}}{29\frac{1}{8}}$	14. $\frac{23\frac{1}{3}}{8\frac{1}{9}}$	15. $\frac{6\frac{2}{3}}{15\frac{2}{3}}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 16. \quad 75\frac{3}{4} \\ - 9\frac{3}{4} \\ \hline \frac{1}{4} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 17. \quad 72\frac{1}{8} \\ - 5\frac{5}{8} \\ \hline \frac{3}{8} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 18. \quad 26\frac{1}{2} \\ - 3\frac{3}{4} \\ \hline 18\frac{1}{8} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 19. \quad 50\frac{1}{9} \\ - 6\frac{1}{9} \\ \hline 27\frac{1}{9} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 20. \quad 3\frac{1}{6} \\ - 21\frac{1}{6} \\ \hline 63\frac{1}{6} \end{array}$$

360. Subtract:

$$\begin{array}{r} 21. \quad 70\frac{1}{4} \\ - 6\frac{1}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 22. \quad 37\frac{1}{2} \\ - 9\frac{5}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 23. \quad 45\frac{3}{4} \\ - 8\frac{5}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 24. \quad 59 \\ - 23\frac{7}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 25. \quad 63\frac{3}{4} \\ - 9\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 26. \quad 77\frac{3}{4} \\ - 8\frac{3}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 27. \quad 59\frac{3}{4} \\ - 29\frac{1}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 28. \quad 90\frac{1}{2} \\ - 9\frac{1}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 29. \quad 65 \\ - 64\frac{7}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 30. \quad 80\frac{1}{2} \\ - 5\frac{1}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 31. \quad 27\frac{1}{3} \\ - 19\frac{1}{9} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 32. \quad 16\frac{2}{3} \\ - 10\frac{1}{6} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 33. \quad 37 \\ - 18\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 34. \quad 79 \\ - 35\frac{1}{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 35. \quad 23 \\ - 10\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 36. \quad 15 \\ - 3\frac{1}{6} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 37. \quad 44 \\ - 19\frac{1}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 38. \quad 96 \\ - 77\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 39. \quad 56 \\ - 28\frac{1}{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 40. \quad 82 \\ - 41\frac{1}{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

361. Slate Exercises.

Divide:

1. $60,000 \div 21$	17. $18,589 \div 102$	33. $20,998 \div 813$
2. $97,168 \div 31$	18. $89,629 \div 207$	34. $36,533 \div 912$
3. $50,239 \div 41$	19. $46,187 \div 301$	35. $30,308 \div 1,009$
4. $82,767 \div 51$	20. $35,168 \div 408$	36. $76,536 \div 2,008$
5. $60,396 \div 61$	21. $91,074 \div 503$	37. $15,630 \div 3,007$
6. $38,268 \div 71$	22. $68,615 \div 604$	38. $51,238 \div 4,006$
7. $57,831 \div 81$	23. $73,490 \div 705$	39. $98,592 \div 5,005$
8. $25,691 \div 91$	24. $90,296 \div 809$	40. $86,833 \div 6,004$
9. $54,004 \div 33$	25. $63,630 \div 906$	41. $17,584 \div 7,003$
10. $49,165 \div 25$	26. $79,412 \div 112$	42. $56,773 \div 8,002$
11. $42,177 \div 52$	27. $48,000 \div 219$	43. $35,445 \div 9,001$
12. $33,868 \div 43$	28. $42,057 \div 318$	44. $21,506 \div 1,234$
13. $35,409 \div 74$	29. $17,691 \div 417$	45. $39,706 \div 13,235$
14. $13,776 \div 62$	30. $94,837 \div 516$	46. $92,698 \div 23,174$
15. $25,692 \div 92$	31. $96,693 \div 615$	47. $71,028 \div 11,838$
16. $60,512 \div 85$	32. $35,361 \div 714$	48. $48,615 \div 16,205$

362. Oral Problems.

1. A woman paid 46 cents for 2 yards of dress material. How many yards could she buy for 69 cents?
2. A girl had $\frac{1}{2}$ yard of ribbon. After using $\frac{1}{8}$ yard for a bow, how much had she left?
3. How many inches in $\frac{5}{8}$ yd.?
4. Find the cost of 2 lb. coffee at 20 cents per pound and $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. of 80-cent tea.
5. If the cost of two-thirds of a yard of silk is 60 cents, what is the cost of one-third of a yard?
6. How much must be paid for 1 yard, 1 foot, and 1 inch of wire at 1 cent an inch?
7. When candy is worth 40 cents a pound, how much can be bought for 60 cents?
8. A grocer puts up a pound and a half of tea into quarter-pound packages. How many packages are there?
9. How many pints are there in $\frac{7}{8}$ of a gallon?
10. Out of a flock of 75 sheep, 58 were sold. How many remain?
11. A girl gave a half-dollar in payment for a 15-cent doll. How much change did she receive?
12. When syrup costs 48 cents a gallon, find the total cost of a gallon, a quart, and a pint.
13. How many days will $10\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of butter last if $\frac{1}{2}$ pound is used each day?
14. How many gallons in 360 quarts?
15. How many pounds and ounces of tea will remain in a 10-pound package after 3 pounds, 5 ounces have been sold?

363. Dry Measure.

8 quarts (qt.) 1 peck (pk.)

4 pecks 1 bushel (bu.)

16. How many quarts in $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel?
17. How many bushels in 64 quarts?
18. How many pecks are there in a barrel containing $2\frac{1}{2}$ bushels?
19. At 5 cents per quart, what would be the cost of a bushel of chestnuts?
20. How many cents in $\frac{1}{4}$ of a dollar?
21. What will be the cost of a half dozen oranges at the rate of 2 oranges for 3 cents?
22. When butter is worth 16 cents a half pound, how much should be paid for 11 ounces?
23. If 3 pounds of sugar cost 18 cents, how many pounds can be bought for 72 cents?
24. Five men can do a piece of work in 15 days. How long would it take one man to do the same work?
25. When muslin costs 8 cents a yard, what part of a yard can be bought for 2 cents? For 4 cents? 6 cents? 7 cents?

364. Slate Problems.

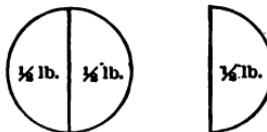
1. A barrel of flour contains 196 pounds. How many barrels can be filled from 6,076 pounds of flour?
2. From a piece of cloth containing $45\frac{1}{2}$ yards there are sold $14\frac{1}{2}$, $13\frac{1}{4}$, and $12\frac{1}{2}$ yards. How many yards remain?
3. How many inches are there in $10\frac{1}{4}$ yards?

4. A woman spends a dollar for $6\frac{1}{2}$ yards of calico at 8 cents a yard, and some ribbon at 32 cents a yard. How much ribbon did she buy?

5. A storekeeper charges 75 cents for 3 quarters of a yard of silk. How much does he charge for each quarter of a yard? What is the price per yard?

One yard			
$\frac{1}{4}$ yd. cost=?	$\frac{1}{4}$ yd. cost=?	$\frac{1}{4}$ yd. cost=?	

6. A grocer sells a pound print of butter and a half of a pound print for 48 cents. How much does the half-pound print cost?



7. Find the amount paid for 1 yard, 1 foot, 1 inch of ribbon at 72 cents per yard.

8. When candy is worth 20 cents a half pound, how much can be bought for \$1.40?

9. How many pints are there in $4\frac{1}{2}$ gallons?

10. Seventy-five sheep remain in a flock after 29 are killed and 41 are sold. How many sheep were in the flock?

11. A girl gave a \$5-bill in payment for four 75-cent dolls. How much change did she receive?

12. When milk costs 24 cents a gallon, find the cost of 3 gallons, 3 quarts, and 1 pint.

13. How many weeks will 21 pounds of butter last if $\frac{1}{2}$ pound is used each day?

14. How many gallons in 280 pints?

15. From a 40-pound box of tea 29 lb. 11 oz. have been sold. How many pounds and ounces remain?

16. How much does a grocer receive for a barrel of potatoes containing $2\frac{1}{2}$ bushels, which he sells for 5¢ a quarter of a peck?

17. Find the weight of 1 bu. 1 pk. 1 qt. of oats that weigh 32 pounds to the bushel.

18. What will be the cost of 240 pounds of wheat at 90 cents per bushel of 60 pounds?

19. Fifteen men finish a piece of work in 10 days. How long would it take 1 man? How long would it take 50 men?

20. Chestnuts are bought at \$1.15 a bushel. How much is gained on a bushel by selling them at 10 cents a quart?

21. A farmer raised $57\frac{3}{4}$ bushels of wheat. He used $10\frac{1}{4}$ bushels for flour and kept $8\frac{1}{2}$ bushels for seed. How much did he receive for the remainder at \$1 per bushel?

22. Find the cost of 12 overcoats at \$18.75 each.

23. I paid \$54 for 2 dozen hats. What did the hats cost apiece?

24. A tub of butter weighs, with the tub, $42\frac{3}{4}$ lb. The tub weighs $8\frac{1}{2}$ lb. How much is the butter worth at 24 cents per lb.?

25. Find the loss on 12 cows bought for \$700 and sold at \$55 each.

NOTATION AND NUMERATION.

365. Write in figures:

One hundred thousand. Two hundred thousand. Three hundred thousand. Four hundred thousand. Five hundred thousand. Six hundred thousand. Seven hundred thousand. Eight hundred thousand. Nine hundred thousand.

366. Read the following:

1. 100,000	4. 405,600	7. 756,400
2. 200,350	5. 550,000	8. 864,370
3. 304,000	6. 675,000	9. 999,999

367. Write in figures:

1. Eight thousand, three hundred twenty-five.
2. Eighty-eight thousand, three hundred twenty-five.
3. Eight hundred eighty-eight thousand, three hundred twenty-five.
4. Six hundred seven thousand, four hundred eleven.
5. Eight hundred sixty thousand, eighty-six.
6. Seven hundred nine.
7. Four hundred twenty thousand, nineteen.
8. Thirty-five thousand, six hundred one.
9. Two hundred thousand, five.
10. Five hundred eleven thousand, eighty.

368. Write in Roman numerals:

1. One hundred eighty.
2. Two hundred fifty-nine.
3. Three hundred seventeen.
4. One hundred ninety-nine.
5. Two hundred sixty-four.
6. Ninety-nine.

369. Read the following:

260,371	162,039	131,130	514,151	281,001
40,252	67,226	52,321	40,008	63,070
300,200	310,016	270,303	259,000	468,800
468,800	120,645	242,598	101,200	434,759
108,991	8,271	60,570	56,005	252,010
514,868	50,250	105,709	89,100	9,009
100,001	202,020	83,006	8,675	20,036
156,017	721,809	500,746	171,118	4,226
448,315	174,004	314,159	400,756	12,831
610,030	75	18,908	804	6,060
CCCIX	CLXXIV	XCVIII	LXXVII	CXLI

370. Slate Exercises.

Add across. Add down.

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 1+ & 2+ & 3+ & 4+ & 5=? \\
 20+ & 30+ & 40+ & 50+ & 60=? \\
 300+ & 400+ & 500+ & 600+ & 700=? \\
 4,000+ & 5,000+ & 6,000+ & 7,000+ & 8,000=? \\
 50,000+ & 60,000+ & 70,000+ & 80,000+ & 90,000=? \\
 \underline{100,000+} & \underline{200,000+} & \underline{100,000+} & \underline{200,000+} & \underline{100,000=} \\
 ? & + & ? & + & ? & + & ? & + & ? & =?
 \end{array}$$

371. Add down. Subtract across.

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 9- & 6=? & 8- & 3=? \\
 80- & 50=? & 70- & 20=? \\
 700- & 400=? & 600- & 400=? \\
 6,000- & 3,000=? & 9,000- & 5,000=? \\
 50,000- & 20,000=? & 50,000- & 10,000=? \\
 \underline{400,000-} & \underline{100,000=} & \underline{600,000-} & \underline{300,000=} \\
 ? & - & ? & =? & ? & - & ? & =?
 \end{array}$$

372. Multiply across. Add multiplicands and products.

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
 7 \times 5=? & 2 \times 8=? & 2 \times 10=? & 1 \times 12=? \\
 5 \times 5=? & \underline{10 \times 8=?} & \underline{10 \times 10=?} & \underline{10 \times 12=?} \\
 ? \times 5=? & ? \times 8=? & ? \times 10=? & ? \times 12=?
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
 1 \times 5=? & 3 \times 6=? & 3 \times 12=? & 5 \times 20=? \\
 10 \times 5=? & 20 \times 6=? & 10 \times 12=? & 20 \times 20=? \\
 \underline{100 \times 5=?} & \underline{100 \times 6=?} & \underline{100 \times 12=?} & \underline{300 \times 20=?} \\
 ? \times 5=? & ? \times 6=? & ? \times 12=? & ? \times 20=?
 \end{array}$$

373. Review.

Add:

1. 260,371	2. 161,003	3. 131,130	4. 400,756
40,252	39,062	52,321	71,318
30,009	67,226	270,303	8,888
46,880	310,016	99,999	77,777
123,456	20,645	42,598	12,831
80,991	8,271	60,570	6,954
14,868	50,250	5,709	4,226
5,617	21,809	83,006	52,010
<u>831</u>	<u>174</u>	<u>14,159</u>	<u>6,666</u>
5. \$1,234.69	6. \$3,085.94	7. \$2,345.00	8. \$2,400.00
576.88	783.26	684.37	789.86
85.98	1,508.77	25.94	548.54
6.47	654.35	8.75	1,436.25
.23	88.99	18.46	894.98
.09	6.54	250.09	69.75
1.50	38.04	43.77	732.80
23.87	275.80	876.54	2,469.68
<u>784.76</u>	<u>2,060.74</u>	<u>3,016.88</u>	<u>543.16</u>

9. $183,756 + 98,765 + 8,438 + 789 + 2,468 + 1,892 + 860 + 3,456.$

10. $95,438 + 264,838 + 124,606 + 88,776 + 9,543 + 32,685 + 18,943 + 250,608 + 27,655.$

374. Find answers:

11. \$260,371	12. -\$1,089.91	13. \$468,800
<u>-\$40,252</u>	<u>\$3,002.00</u>	<u>-\$108,991</u>
14. -100,001	15. \$610,030	16. -75
<u>514,868</u>	<u>-\$448,315</u>	<u>174,004</u>
17. \$3,141.59	18. -804	19. \$1,711.18
<u>-\$189.08</u>	<u>400,756</u>	<u>-\$86.75</u>

375. Multiply :

20. $10,345 \times 84$	30. $47,695 \times 19$	40. $12,847 \times 76$
21. $15,983 \times 56$	31. $84,588 \times 28$	41. $11,876 \times 78$
22. $19,876 \times 48$	32. $18,642 \times 65$	42. $10,635 \times 87$
23. $13,286 \times 75$	33. $18,395 \times 47$	43. $13,598 \times 63$
24. $24,680 \times 24$	34. $12,896 \times 73$	44. $9,876 \times 99$
25. $10,048 \times 86$	35. $24,966 \times 38$	45. $10,478 \times 92$
26. $33,465 \times 29$	36. $11,865 \times 82$	46. $16,428 \times 54$
27. $16,495 \times 57$	37. $11,898 \times 64$	47. $12,845 \times 49$
28. $27,654 \times 35$	38. $10,056 \times 95$	48. $13,295 \times 67$
29. $10,259 \times 93$	39. $10,209 \times 95$	49. $10,985 \times 85$

*DIVISION.***376.** Slate Exercises.

Divide :

50. $40,337 \div 19$	67. $286,638 \div 946$	84. $84,318 \div 38$
51. $33,684 \div 28$	68. $153,750 \div 1,025$	85. $100,295 \div 44$
52. $48,211 \div 37$	69. $828,402 \div 1,367$	86. $153,610 \div 49$
53. $55,338 \div 46$	70. $477,522 \div 2,151$	87. $172,819 \div 55$
54. $58,767 \div 57$	71. $774,038 \div 2,572$	88. $189,570 \div 63$
55. $156,130 \div 65$	72. $921,854 \div 3,006$	89. $200,300 \div 66$
56. $237,158 \div 79$	73. $876,438 \div 4,002$	90. $210,517 \div 69$
57. $251,490 \div 83$	74. $513,824 \div 5,041$	91. $230,329 \div 75$
58. $960,848 \div 92$	75. $934,829 \div 6,036$	92. $250,000 \div 124$
59. $112,360 \div 106$	76. $800,800 \div 7,102$	93. $316,051 \div 256$
60. $217,365 \div 215$	77. $909,090 \div 8,103$	94. $408,935 \div 361$
61. $827,888 \div 324$	78. $18,950 \div 22$	95. $573,217 \div 423$
62. $442,681 \div 437$	79. $20,000 \div 24$	96. $516,600 \div 1,025$
63. $574,248 \div 568$	80. $23,486 \div 26$	97. $616,284 \div 2,014$
64. $747,579 \div 679$	81. $27,509 \div 28$	98. $873,103 \div 4,301$
65. $841,928 \div 764$	82. $42,035 \div 32$	99. $630,525 \div 6,005$
66. $182,160 \div 828$	83. $76,892 \div 35$	100. $987,654 \div 9,023$

*MORE THAN ONE OPERATION.***377. Slate Exercises.**

101. $40\frac{1}{2} + 13\frac{1}{4} + 5\frac{1}{2}$	116. $(16 \times 15\frac{1}{4}) - 13$
102. $23 + 5\frac{1}{4} - 9\frac{1}{4}$	117. $16 \times (15\frac{1}{4} - 13)$
103. $63 \times 45 \times 3\frac{2}{5}$	118. $1944 \div (54 \div 18)$
104. $(72 \times 8\frac{1}{8}) \times 19$	119. $3\frac{1}{2} + (5\frac{1}{8} \times 8)$
105. $(48 \times 24) \div 12$	120. $(3\frac{1}{2} + 5\frac{1}{8}) \times 8$
106. $48 \times (24 \div 12)$	121. $(284 \times 42) + (18 \times 11)$
107. $100 - (63\frac{1}{2} + 24\frac{1}{4})$	122. $284 \times (42 + 18) \times 11$
108. $(100 - 63\frac{1}{2}) + 24\frac{1}{4}$	123. $(4\frac{1}{4} + 12\frac{1}{2} + 3\frac{1}{4}) \times 3\frac{2}{3}$
109. $100 + 24\frac{3}{4} - 63\frac{1}{2}$	124. $(14 + 18 - 19) \times 75$
110. $(\frac{4}{5} \text{ of } 100) \times 3\frac{3}{4}$	125. $(64 + 21) - (37 + 16)$
111. $\frac{4}{5} \text{ of } (100 \times 3\frac{3}{4})$	126. $(38 \times 13) - (64 \times 4\frac{1}{4})$
112. $\frac{1944 \div 54}{18}$	127. $\frac{36 \times 25 \times 34}{17 \times 72 \times 5}$
113. $\frac{(48 \times 7) - (11 \times 7)}{28}$	128. $\frac{(36 \times 5) + (96 \times 24)}{18}$
114. $\frac{(6 \times 18) + (9 \times 14)}{3}$	129. $(6 \times 18) + \frac{9 \times 14}{3}$
115. $\frac{6 \times 18}{3} + (9 \times 14)$	130. $\frac{6 \times 18}{3} + \frac{9 \times 14}{3}$

378. Oral Problems.

1. A piece of ground is 100 feet long and 25 feet wide. How many feet of fence will be needed to enclose it?
2. A spool of thread contains 200 yards. How many inches does it contain?
3. If three quarts of molasses cost 18 cents, how much must be paid for a gallon?
4. A customer pays 18 cents for three-fourths of a gallon of molasses. What is the price of a gallon?

5. A boy hires a sail-boat at 60 cents an hour and uses it from half-past 8 o'clock until 10. How much has he to pay?
6. A woman divides a dollar and a half between two children. What part of a dollar does she give to each?
7. A farmer had 25 sheep. He bought 42 and sold 16. How many sheep had he then?
8. At 3 cents a mile, what would be the fare from New York to Philadelphia, 90 miles?
9. The distance between New York and Albany is 140 miles, and the fare is \$2.80. What is the rate per mile?
10. If there are 60 matches in a box, how many are there in 8 boxes?

379. Slate Problems.

1. A field, in the shape of a rectangle, is 275 yards long and 105 yards wide. How many yards of fence will it take to enclose it?
2. How many half-pints are there in a 15-gallon keg of cider?
3. If 3 yards of silk cost \$1.80, what will be the cost of $5\frac{3}{4}$ yards?

4. A person pays \$186 for three-quarters of a plot of ground. What would he have had to pay if he had bought the other quarter also? (Mark in each quarter its price.)
5. A man rents a house for \$360 a year. How much rent does he pay from January 1 to August 1?
6. A grocer puts $9\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of coffee into two equal packages. How much is there in each package?
7. A gardener raised $98\frac{1}{2}$ bushels of potatoes. He ate $4\frac{1}{2}$ bushels and sold $53\frac{1}{2}$ bushels. How many bushels had he left?
8. At 2 cents per mile, what is the fare from Boston to New York, 249 miles?

9. If a train goes 40 miles an hour, how many minutes does it take to go one mile?

10. If there are 60 matches in a box, how many matches are there in two dozen boxes?

EASY FRACTIONS.

380. Oral Exercises.

How many inches in 1 foot? How many inches in $\frac{1}{2}$ foot?
How many inches in $\frac{1}{3}$ foot? How many inches in $\frac{1}{6}$ foot?

How many inches in $\frac{1}{3}$ foot and $\frac{1}{6}$ foot? What part of a foot is $\frac{1}{3}$ foot + $\frac{1}{6}$ foot?

381. Divide a line into thirds. Place a line of the same length underneath, and divide it into sixths. Which is longer, $\frac{1}{3}$ or $\frac{1}{6}$? How many sixths are there in one-third? $\frac{1}{3}$ = how many sixths? $\frac{1}{2}$ = how many sixths? $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}$ = how many sixths?

382. Slate Exercises.

1.	$2\frac{1}{2}$	2.	$5\frac{1}{3}$	3.	$6\frac{1}{2}$	4.	$9\frac{1}{3}$	5.	$18\frac{1}{6}$	6.	$24\frac{1}{6}$
$+ 3\frac{1}{3}$	$\underline{+ 7\frac{1}{6}}$	$+ 9\frac{1}{6}$	$+ 10\frac{1}{3}$	$+ 9\frac{1}{6}$	$+ 18\frac{1}{6}$	$+ 18\frac{1}{3}$					

7.	$23\frac{1}{2}$	8.	$47\frac{1}{2}$	9.	$34\frac{1}{2}$	10.	$50\frac{1}{2}$	11.	$81\frac{1}{3}$	12.	$33\frac{1}{3}$
$+ 14\frac{2}{3}$	$\underline{+ 8\frac{3}{4}}$	$+ 99\frac{5}{6}$	$+ 84\frac{3}{8}$	$+ 6\frac{5}{6}$	$+ 16\frac{2}{3}$						

13.	48	14.	54	15.	100	16.	29	17.	70	18.	213
$- 3\frac{1}{2}$	$\underline{- 27\frac{1}{3}}$	$- 63\frac{1}{4}$	$- 19\frac{1}{6}$	$- 23\frac{1}{8}$	$- 65\frac{2}{3}$						

19.	94	20.	83	21.	$34\frac{1}{2}$	22.	$62\frac{1}{2}$	23.	$120\frac{1}{2}$	24.	$57\frac{1}{2}$
$- 56\frac{1}{4}$	$\underline{- 9\frac{5}{6}}$	$- 27\frac{1}{4}$	$- 58\frac{1}{4}$	$- 34\frac{1}{8}$	$- 28\frac{1}{8}$						

25.	$62\frac{3}{4}$	26.	$73\frac{1}{2}$	27.	$81\frac{1}{2}$	28.	$45\frac{1}{2}$	29.	$33\frac{1}{2}$	30.	24
$- 28\frac{5}{8}$	$\underline{- 14\frac{3}{8}}$	$- 20\frac{1}{8}$	$- 26$	$- 16\frac{1}{8}$	$- 16\frac{5}{8}$						

31.	$24\frac{1}{3}$	32.	48	33.	$57\frac{2}{3}$	34.	$64\frac{2}{3}$	35.	90	36.	$89\frac{7}{8}$
$- 16\frac{1}{6}$	$\underline{- 29\frac{5}{6}}$	$- 8\frac{1}{3}$	$- 39\frac{1}{6}$	$- 15\frac{7}{8}$	$- 66\frac{3}{8}$						

*MULTIPLICATION.***383. Slate Exercises.**

Multiply :

1.	456 × 102	26.	107 × 4,060
2.	712 × 203	27.	456 × 103 $\frac{1}{2}$
3.	835 × 304	28.	456 × 103 $\frac{2}{3}$
4.	327 × 405	29.	456 × 103 $\frac{1}{4}$
5.	605 × 506	30.	456 × 301 $\frac{1}{4}$
6.	584 × 607	31.	456 × 130 $\frac{5}{6}$
7.	123 × 708	32.	456 × 130 $\frac{1}{2}$
8.	246 × 809	33.	456 × 301 $\frac{3}{8}$
9.	777 × 1,010	34.	375 × 208 $\frac{3}{5}$
10.	924 × 1,011	35.	1,024 × 204 $\frac{3}{4}$
11.	1,010 × 777	36.	208 × 4,060 $\frac{7}{8}$
12.	1,011 × 924	37.	9,236 × 106
13.	248 × 123	38.	10,848 × 92
14.	234 × 234	39.	634 × 27 $\frac{1}{3}$
15.	108 × 345	40.	576 × 102 $\frac{1}{5}$
16.	304 × 456	41.	1,876 × 405 $\frac{1}{4}$
17.	909 × 678	42.	123 × 3,001
18.	132 × 789	43.	683 × 25 $\frac{1}{7}$
19.	206 × 3,910	44.	375 × 80 $\frac{1}{2}$
20.	344 × 273	45.	279 × 3,050
21.	1,234 × 123	46.	842 × 113 $\frac{2}{3}$
22.	2,345 × 234	47.	4,365 × 215
23.	806 × 1,050	48.	2,888 × 324
24.	480 × 2,020	49.	5,681 × 137 $\frac{1}{2}$
25.	203 × 3,040	50.	604 × 1,580

*SHORT METHODS.***384. Blackboard Exercises.**

Write answers:

643

287 Beginning at the bottom say 12, 15, and 5 (writing it in its place)
 ? are 20. 4, 12, 16, and 4 (writing it) are 20. 4, 10.

25 The missing number is 45.

1,000

1. 293	2. 870	3. 315	4. ?	5. 699
64	?	487	208	87
712	54	?	63	208
?	387	95	5	?
<u>1,340</u>	<u>1,496</u>	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,402</u>	<u>997</u>

We see that the quotient figure is 4, which is

385. $\frac{134}{28} = 4\frac{1}{2}$. written. Four 8's are 32, and 2 (writing it) are 34. Four 2's are 8, 3 (carried from 34) are 11, and 2 (writing it), are 13. *Ans.* $4\frac{1}{2}$.

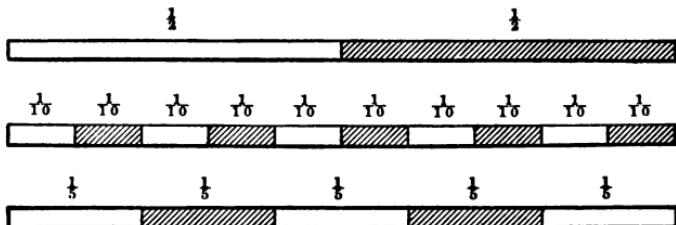
6. $32 \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 146$	12. $61 \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 360$	18. $19 \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 180$
$4\frac{1}{8}$	$5\frac{1}{6}$	$9\frac{1}{19}$
7. $21 \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 160$	13. $71 \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 490$	19. $51 \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 300$
$8. 280 \div 41$	$14. 720 \div 81$	$20. 180 \div 41$
$9. 450 \div 51$	$15. 540 \div 91$	$21. 210 \div 31$
10. $\frac{240}{31} = 7\frac{1}{31}$	16. $\frac{210}{71} = 2\frac{1}{71}$	22. $\frac{180}{21} = 8\frac{1}{21}$
11. $\frac{270}{91} =$	17. $\frac{560}{81}$	23. $\frac{320}{41}$

386. Do not place multiplier under multiplicand.

24. 183×4	29. 512×8	34. 919×20
25. 246×7	30. 892×12	35. 459×50
26. 734×11	31. 376×40	36. 999×3
27. 284×30	32. 483×6	37. 888×2
28. 376×5	33. 609×9	38. 734×60

*HALVES AND FIFTHS.***391. Oral Exercises.**

How many cents in one-fifth of a dime? How many cents in one-tenth of a dime? How many cents in one-half of a dime?



How many tenths in one-half? How many tenths in one-fifth? How many tenths in one-half plus one-fifth?

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \frac{1}{5} = \frac{?}{10} & \frac{2}{5} = \frac{?}{10} & \frac{3}{5} = \frac{?}{10} \\ \frac{2}{10} = ? & \frac{4}{10} = ? & \frac{5}{10} = ? \\ \frac{6}{10} = ? & \frac{8}{10} = ? & \frac{9}{10} = ? \end{array}$$

392. Slate Exercises.

1. $19\frac{1}{2}$	2. $23\frac{1}{2}$	3. $35\frac{1}{2}$	4. $64\frac{1}{2}$	5. $47\frac{3}{5}$
$\underline{+ 1\frac{1}{2}}$	$\underline{+ 2\frac{1}{2}}$	$\underline{+ 3\frac{3}{5}}$	$\underline{+ 5\frac{1}{2}}$	$\underline{+ 33\frac{3}{5}}$
6. $25\frac{1}{2}$	7. $50\frac{1}{2}$	8. $84\frac{3}{5}$	9. $92\frac{4}{5}$	10. 68
$\underline{- 16\frac{1}{2}}$	$\underline{- 29\frac{1}{2}}$	$\underline{- 77\frac{1}{2}}$	$\underline{- \frac{1}{2}}$	$\underline{- 10\frac{2}{5}}$

*FOURTHS AND FIFTHS.***393. Oral Exercises.**

When we add *halves* and *fifths*, we change both to *tenths*. To what must we change *fourths* and *fifths* when we wish to add them? Why will it not do to use *tenths*?

394. Slate Exercises.

11.	$\frac{1}{4}$	12.	$2\frac{1}{4}$	13.	$3\frac{1}{4}$	14.	$3\frac{3}{4}$	15.	$15\frac{4}{5}$
	$+\frac{1}{5}$		$+\frac{1}{5}$		$+1\frac{1}{5}$		$+1\frac{1}{5}$		$+3\frac{1}{5}$
16.	$26\frac{1}{4}$	17.	$38\frac{1}{4}$	18.	$49\frac{2}{5}$	19.	$97\frac{1}{5}$	20.	$18\frac{1}{4}$
	$+7\frac{2}{5}$		$+15\frac{3}{5}$		$+26\frac{3}{5}$		$+7\frac{1}{5}$		$+29\frac{4}{5}$
21.	$61\frac{1}{4}$	22.	$70\frac{2}{5}$	23.	$83\frac{3}{5}$	24.	$55\frac{4}{5}$	25.	$32\frac{4}{5}$
	$-52\frac{1}{5}$		$-9\frac{1}{4}$		$-20\frac{1}{4}$		$-48\frac{1}{4}$		$-17\frac{3}{4}$

395. Add:

26.	$15\frac{1}{4}$	27.	$23\frac{1}{4}$	28.	$17\frac{1}{2}$	29.	$49\frac{1}{2}$	30.	$52\frac{1}{2}$
	$9\frac{1}{4}$		$6\frac{1}{4}$		$9\frac{1}{4}$		$29\frac{1}{4}$		$20\frac{1}{4}$
	$8\frac{1}{2}$		$\frac{1}{2}$		$3\frac{1}{2}$		$3\frac{1}{2}$		$10\frac{1}{2}$

396. Subtract:

31.	25	32.	36	33.	47	34.	58	35.	69
	$3\frac{1}{2}$		$4\frac{1}{2}$		$5\frac{1}{4}$		$6\frac{1}{2}$		$7\frac{1}{2}$
36.	70	37.	81	38.	$92\frac{1}{2}$	39.	$88\frac{1}{2}$	40.	$75\frac{1}{2}$
	$8\frac{1}{2}$		$9\frac{1}{2}$		$8\frac{1}{2}$		$9\frac{1}{4}$		$10\frac{1}{2}$
41.	$64\frac{1}{2}$	42.	$99\frac{1}{2}$	43.	$87\frac{1}{2}$	44.	$15\frac{1}{2}$	45.	$20\frac{1}{2}$
	$5\frac{1}{2}$		$29\frac{1}{2}$		$49\frac{1}{5}$		$8\frac{1}{4}$		$11\frac{1}{2}$
46.	$13\frac{1}{2}$	47.	$81\frac{1}{4}$	48.	$93\frac{1}{4}$	49.	$47\frac{2}{5}$	50.	$86\frac{1}{4}$
	$5\frac{1}{2}$		$3\frac{1}{2}$		$38\frac{1}{2}$		$\frac{1}{2}$		$47\frac{1}{2}$

LONG DIVISION DRILLS.

397. Give quotients at sight. Omit remainders when there are any.

$840 \div 210$	$420 \div 210$	$960 \div 320$	$840 \div 420$
$860 \div 430$	$990 \div 330$	$440 \div 220$	$390 \div 130$
$930 \div 310$	$880 \div 440$	$630 \div 210$	$660 \div 330$
$260 \div 130$	$280 \div 140$	$680 \div 340$	$640 \div 320$

398.

$840 \div 211$	$420 \div 216$	$960 \div 327$	$840 \div 422$
$860 \div 432$	$990 \div 337$	$440 \div 226$	$390 \div 131$
$930 \div 313$	$880 \div 448$	$630 \div 215$	$661 \div 330$
$260 \div 134$	$280 \div 149$	$680 \div 344$	$641 \div 321$

399.

$840 \div 209$	$421 \div 203$	$960 \div 319$	$849 \div 420$
$860 \div 429$	$992 \div 327$	$440 \div 219$	$398 \div 129$
$930 \div 309$	$883 \div 436$	$630 \div 209$	$667 \div 328$
$260 \div 129$	$284 \div 135$	$680 \div 339$	$645 \div 317$

400.

$2,510 \div 499$	$2,420 \div 391$	$3,699 \div 411$	$1,610 \div 381$
$3,640 \div 510$	$1,743 \div 526$	$2,043 \div 482$	$3,682 \div 613$
$3,240 \div 620$	$4,821 \div 589$	$4,220 \div 693$	$5,834 \div 728$
$3,510 \div 679$	$2,033 \div 791$	$4,934 \div 816$	$7,215 \div 781$

401.

$750 \div 150$	$1,200 \div 150$	$910 \div 130$	$1,040 \div 130$
$1,260 \div 140$	$700 \div 140$	$980 \div 140$	$900 \div 150$
$780 \div 130$	$1,350 \div 150$	$1,170 \div 130$	$650 \div 130$
$1,120 \div 140$	$840 \div 140$	$350 \div 170$	$640 \div 160$

*DIVISION.***402. Slate Exercises.**

Divide:

1. $452,610 \div 141$	27. $497,961 \div 347$
2. $656,792 \div 152$	28. $187,365 \div 375$
3. $101,745 \div 133$	29. $612,172 \div 396$
4. $531,304 \div 154$	30. $305,340 \div 424$
5. $837,465 \div 155$	31. $956,903 \div 452$
6. $612,820 \div 136$	32. $824,827 \div 483$
7. $891,261 \div 147$	33. $853,568 \div 531$
8. $966,828 \div 138$	34. $907,830 \div 562$
9. $894,447 \div 149$	35. $708,000 \div 594$
10. $948,790 \div 158$	36. $678,579 \div 644$
11. $959,137 \div 137$	37. $694,734 \div 689$
12. $759,638 \div 146$	38. $636,902 \div 724$
13. $906,585 \div 135$	39. $839,243 \div 847$
14. $820,944 \div 144$	40. $588,640 \div 981$
15. $156,152 \div 153$	41. $627,652 \div 1,032$
16. $309,168 \div 152$	42. $998,171 \div 2,165$
17. $521,640 \div 161$	43. $999,477 \div 3,254$
18. $688,516 \div 172$	44. $800,034 \div 4,316$
19. $922,504 \div 183$	45. $832,336 \div 5,409$
20. $926,208 \div 194$	46. $165,273 \div 6,521$
21. $384,638 \div 215$	47. $535,068 \div 7,611$
22. $354,645 \div 235$	48. $268,395 \div 8,794$
23. $295,817 \div 256$	49. $317,324 \div 9,801$
24. $728,954 \div 277$	50. $412,644 \div 1,453$
25. $687,836 \div 293$	51. $470,493 \div 2,043$
26. $948,172 \div 318$	52. $777,349 \div 3,087$

403. Oral Problems.

1. A farmer had 42 bags of rye, each containing 2 bushels. How much rye did he have after selling 50 bushels?
2. I buy $1\frac{3}{4}$ lb. of 40-cent tea and hand the grocer a dollar. How much change does he give me?
3. If a man receives \$120 for three cows, how many would he have to sell to receive \$200?
4. Find the cost of 5 dozen oranges at a cent and a half apiece.
5. A boy sold some newspapers for 75 cents, on which he gained 18 cents. What did he pay for the papers?
6. Three girls divide equally among them 84 hickory nuts. What is the share of each?
7. A barrel of sugar contains 300 pounds. What is it worth at 5 cents a pound?
8. A man had 40 pigs and sold three-quarters of them at 3 dollars each. How much money did he receive?
9. A girl multiplied a number by 7 and her answer was 98. What number did she multiply?
10. A farmer exchanged 7 sheep worth \$12 each for cows worth \$42 each. How many cows did he get?
11. If a man walks 4 miles an hour for 5 hours a day, how many days would he take to walk 100 miles?
12. A man buys 2 pieces of ribbon for 90 cents, paying 10 cents per yard. There are $4\frac{1}{2}$ yards in one piece. How many yards are there in the other?
13. If 4 baseballs cost a dollar, how many dollars will 84 baseballs cost?
14. How many freight cars will there be in 4 trains of 41 cars each?

404. Slate Problems.

1. A farmer had 800 bushels of wheat. How much had he after selling 8 loads of 70 bushels each?
2. I buy $1\frac{3}{4}$ lb. of beefsteak at 24 cents a pound, and give the butcher a dollar. How much change should I receive?
3. If a person receives \$105 for 3 cows, how many cows would he have to sell to obtain \$175?
4. Find the cost of 5 dozen oranges at the rate of 2 oranges for 3 cents.
5. By selling a house for \$5,750, a man made a profit of \$250. How much did he pay for the house?
6. Three brothers divide equally among them 679 acres of land. What is the share of each?
7. Five barrels of flour contain 980 pounds. What is the value of one barrel, when flour is worth 3 cents a pound?
8. A man sells $\frac{3}{4}$ of his pigs at \$5 each. If he had 24 pigs at first, what did he receive for those he sold?
9. A girl multiplied a number by 7 and the answer was 2,814. What number did she multiply?
10. A farmer exchanges 12 sheep worth \$15 each for cows worth \$45 each. How many cows should he receive?
11. If a boy walks 2 miles an hour for 7 hours a day, how many days would he be in walking from Washington to New York, 224 miles?
12. A man buys 4 pieces of ribbon for 90 cents, paying 10 cents a yard. The first piece contains $1\frac{3}{4}$ yd., the second $2\frac{1}{2}$ yd., and the third $1\frac{5}{8}$ yd. How many yards are there in the fourth piece?
13. How many quarts are there in a barrel that contains $2\frac{1}{2}$ bushels?

MULTIPLICATION.**405. Blackboard Exercises.**

The pupils should write answers at sight to the following questions placed on the blackboard.

Find the cost of :

1. 21 lb. of raisins, at 13¢ per lb.
2. 22 hats, at \$1.30 each.
3. 14 sofas, at \$21 each.
4. 31 yards of ribbon, at 15¢ per yd.
5. 42 overcoats, at \$21 each.
6. 13 lb. of butter, at 32¢ per lb.
7. 31 yards of silk, at \$2.20 per yd.
8. 24 bu. of wheat, at \$1.02 per bu.
9. 32 horses, at \$203 each.
10. 15 cows, at \$42 each.
11. 120 bbl. of flour, at \$5.25 per bbl.
12. 41 pigs, at \$13 each.
13. $4\frac{1}{2}$ tons of hay, at \$14 per ton.
14. 33,000 stamped envelopes, at \$21 per thousand.
15. 400 lb. of sugar, at $5\frac{1}{2}$ ¢ per lb.
16. 12 hats, at \$2.25 each.
17. 16 hats, at \$2 $\frac{1}{4}$ each.
18. $12\frac{1}{2}$ yd. of silk, at \$3 per yd.
19. 21 sheep, at \$14 each.
20. $104\frac{1}{2}$ yd. of muslin, at 8¢ per yd.

*DIVISION.***406. Blackboard Exercises.**

Find cost of 1 pound, 1 gallon, etc. Write answers at sight:

21. \$2.94 for 14 lb. of coffee.
22. \$33 for 15 hats.
23. \$325 for 13 sofas.
24. \$882 for 42 overcoats.
25. \$5.25 for 105 bottles of ink.
26. \$37.20 for 31 yards of cloth.
27. \$9.92 for 32 lb. of butter.
28. \$25.50 for 25 bu. of wheat.
29. \$4,284 for 21 horses.
30. \$615 for 15 cows.
31. \$480 for 96 bbl. of flour.
32. \$574 for 41 pigs.
33. \$286 for 22 tons of hay.
34. \$93.20 for 4 thousand envelopes.
35. \$35 for 700 lb. of sugar.
36. \$33 for 12 hats.
37. \$35.20 for 16 hats.
38. \$144 for 48 yd. of silk.
39. \$225 for 15 sheep.
40. \$16.96 for 212 yd. of muslin.
41. \$18.00 for 15 dolls.
42. \$600 for 4 wagons.
43. \$33.60 for 30 yd. of carpet.

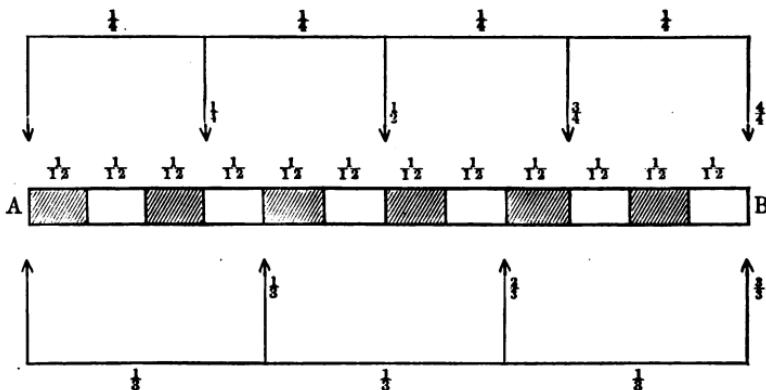
TABLE.

407. Find the total attendance of each day, the aggregate weekly attendance of each class, and the grand total.

	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Total.
1st class . . .	36	37	35	31	33	172
2d " . . .	38	40	36	32	37	
3d " . . .	40	41	40	37	39	
4th " . . .	42	42	43	41	42	
5th " . . .	44	41	45	43	44	
6th " . . .	46	45	45	44	42	
7th " . . .	48	45	43	47	46	
8th " . . .	50	49	49	49	48	
9th " . . .	52	53	50	49	50	
10th " . . .	54	55	56	55	54	
Totals.						

THIRDS AND FOURTHS.

408. Oral Exercises.



AB is divided into *twelfths*. How many twelfths in a fourth of AB? $\frac{1}{4} =$ How many twelfths? $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{?}{12}$? $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{?}{12}$? How many twelfths in $\frac{1}{3}$ of AB? $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{?}{12}$?

How many inches in $\frac{1}{4}$ foot? In $\frac{1}{2}$ foot? In $\frac{3}{4}$ foot? In $\frac{1}{3}$ foot? In $\frac{2}{3}$ foot?

How many inches in $\frac{1}{3}$ foot + $\frac{1}{4}$ foot? How many twelfths in one-fourth and one-third?

409. Slate Exercises.

1. $12\frac{1}{8}$	2. $15\frac{1}{4}$	3. $18\frac{1}{4}$	4. $25\frac{3}{4}$	5. $63\frac{3}{8}$
$+\ 6\frac{1}{4}$	$+ 9\frac{1}{8}$	$+ 27\frac{3}{8}$	$+ 40\frac{1}{8}$	$+ 15\frac{3}{4}$
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
6. $80\frac{1}{8}$	7. $37\frac{7}{8}$	8. $16\frac{3}{4}$	9. $75\frac{2}{3}$	10. $56\frac{3}{4}$
$- 5\frac{1}{4}$	$- 20\frac{1}{4}$	$- \frac{1}{8}$	$- 26\frac{1}{4}$	$- 18\frac{2}{3}$
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

410. Add:

11. $14\frac{1}{2}$	12. $20\frac{1}{2}$	13. $33\frac{1}{2}$	14. $5\frac{1}{2}$	15. $25\frac{1}{2}$
$3\frac{1}{2}$	$15\frac{2}{3}$	$20\frac{1}{2}$	$9\frac{2}{3}$	$25\frac{1}{3}$
$\frac{1}{4}$	$6\frac{1}{4}$	$11\frac{3}{4}$	$14\frac{3}{4}$	$25\frac{1}{4}$
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
16. $81\frac{1}{4}$	17. $27\frac{3}{4}$	18. $56\frac{1}{4}$	19. $65\frac{2}{3}$	20. $80\frac{2}{3}$
$30\frac{1}{4}$	$19\frac{1}{4}$	$8\frac{1}{3}$	$19\frac{2}{3}$	$5\frac{2}{3}$
$5\frac{1}{3}$	$3\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$7\frac{1}{3}$	$10\frac{2}{3}$
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
21. $22\frac{1}{2}$	22. $37\frac{1}{2}$	23. $9\frac{1}{3}$	24. $75\frac{1}{3}$	25. $84\frac{1}{3}$
$5\frac{1}{4}$	$16\frac{1}{3}$	$3\frac{1}{3}$	$20\frac{1}{4}$	$10\frac{1}{4}$
$1\frac{1}{8}$	$5\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$3\frac{1}{2}$	$2\frac{1}{6}$
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

411. Subtract:

26. $95\frac{1}{2}$	27. $87\frac{2}{3}$	28. $70\frac{1}{3}$	29. $62\frac{1}{3}$	30. $51\frac{2}{3}$
$70\frac{1}{6}$	$16\frac{1}{4}$	$24\frac{1}{6}$	$37\frac{1}{4}$	$48\frac{1}{4}$
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
31. $75\frac{1}{2}$	32. $87\frac{2}{3}$	33. $52\frac{7}{8}$	34. $40\frac{5}{8}$	35. $31\frac{5}{6}$
$61\frac{1}{3}$	$28\frac{1}{2}$	$14\frac{1}{8}$	$9\frac{1}{4}$	$13\frac{1}{3}$
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
36. 87	37. 62	38. 77	39. 56	40. 59
$55\frac{1}{2}$	$31\frac{1}{3}$	$54\frac{1}{4}$	$14\frac{1}{6}$	$21\frac{1}{8}$
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
41. 75	42. 16	43. 71	44. 93	45. 40
$61\frac{1}{9}$	$12\frac{2}{3}$	$43\frac{3}{4}$	$61\frac{7}{8}$	$26\frac{5}{6}$
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
46. $84\frac{1}{3}$	47. $22\frac{4}{5}$	48. $38\frac{5}{6}$	49. $46\frac{7}{8}$	50. $40\frac{3}{4}$
$52\frac{1}{9}$	$9\frac{1}{3}$	$24\frac{1}{2}$	$5\frac{3}{4}$	$20\frac{2}{3}$
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

*DENOMINATE NUMBERS.***412. Slate Exercises.**

1. Change 7 lb. 5 oz. to ounces.
2. Change 69 oz. to pounds and ounces.
3. 82 qt. to gallons and quarts.
4. 14 gal. 3 qt. to quarts.
5. 47 pt. to quarts and pints.
6. 28 qt. 1 pt. to pints.
7. 18 bu. 3 pk. to pecks.
8. 17 pk. 7 qt. to quarts.
9. 97 qt. to pecks and quarts.
10. 87 pk. to bushels and pecks.
11. 49 bu. to quarts.
12. 5 yards to inches.
13. 14 yd. 2 ft. to feet.
14. 13 ft. 3 in. to inches.
15. 119 in. to feet and inches.
16. 70 ft. to yards and feet.
17. Add 24 lb. 12 oz. and 19 lb. 4 oz.
18. 63 gal. 3 qt. + 24 gal. 1 qt.
19. 27 qt. 1 pt. + 37 qt. 1 pt.
20. 83 bu. 2 pk. + 67 bu. 2 pk.
21. 13 pk. 5 qt. + 29 pk. 3 qt.
22. From 98 ft. take 12 ft. 9 in.
23. 75 bu. - 14 bu. 1 pk.
24. 33 ft. - 19 ft. 11 in.
25. 135 gal. - 67 gal. 2 qt.

413. Oral Problems.

1. A girl receives 70 in arithmetic and 90 in reading. What is her average in the two studies?
2. A man paid \$30 each for two cows and \$60 for a third. What was the average price of the three cows?
3. Bought 2 lb. 8 oz. of meat at 16 cents per lb., and 1 qt. 1 pt. of molasses at 10¢ per qt. What was the total cost?
4. What will a bushel of chestnuts cost at 10 cents per quart?
5. If 12 tons of coal cost \$60, how many tons can be bought for \$75?
6. How long will it take 1 man to do a piece of work, if 12 men can do it in 12 days?
7. Six dozen collars cost \$6.60. What is the price of one dozen?
8. A farmer had eighty sheep. How many had he left after selling $\frac{1}{4}$ of them?
9. Sold 2 cows at \$30 each and 3 at \$40 each. How much was received for the five cows?
10. A grocer sold 25 lb. of tea on Monday, and 5 lb. more on Tuesday than on Monday. How much did he sell on both days?
11. 1,200 cabbage plants are to be placed in 4 rows. How many plants will there be in each row?
12. A train started with 100 passengers. If 65 got on and 40 got off, how many passengers would there be on the train?
13. A man sold a cow for \$60. How much did he pay for the cow if he lost \$20 on the sale?
14. Bought a cow for \$48. How much would be gained by selling her for \$60?
15. How old in 1891 was a boy that was born in 1880?

16. If a man saves \$40 per month, in how many months will he save enough to buy a lot worth \$480?
17. A man and his son receive \$50 for 10 days' work. The father's wages are \$3 per day. What wages does the son receive per day?
18. A dealer buys 15 pairs of shoes at \$2 per pair. How much does he gain if he sells them for \$3 per pair?
19. A farmer bought a cow for \$60, a sheep for $\frac{1}{2}$ as much, and a calf for $\frac{1}{3}$ as much. What did he pay for the three?
20. There were 24 boys present in a certain class on Monday, 22 on Tuesday, 20 on Wednesday. What was the average number present each day?
21. A woman gives two \$20 bills for two dresses. One costs \$10, the other \$10 more than the first. How much change does she receive?
22. What will be the cost of 4 loads of flour, 10 barrels to the load, at \$5 per barrel?
23. Henry buys 4 base balls for \$3. He gives \$1.25 for one, 50 cents each for two. How much does he pay for the fourth?
24. A man buys a piano for \$360. He pays \$300 cash. How long will it take him to pay the balance at \$12 per month?
25. A boy has $5\frac{1}{2}$ dozen eggs. How many will he have after selling 30 eggs?

414. Slate Problems.

1. A boy received 70 per cent in arithmetic, 80 in reading, 90 in spelling, 80 in penmanship. What is his average?
2. A man paid \$300 each for two horses, and \$200 each for three horses. How much did the five horses cost? What was the average price?
3. I bought 4 lb. 6 oz. meat at 16¢ per lb., 1 gal. 1 qt. molasses at 24¢ per gal. What was the total cost?

4. If chestnuts are sold at 5¢ per qt., how much will be received for $2\frac{1}{2}$ bushels?
5. If 23 tons of coal cost \$115, how many tons can be bought for \$145?
6. How long will it take 1 man to do a certain piece of work, if 26 men can do it in $7\frac{1}{2}$ days?
7. Six dozen collars cost \$9.36. What is the price of one collar?
8. A merchant had 936 yards of muslin. After selling $\frac{5}{8}$ of it, how many yards were left?
9. A farmer sold 2 cows for \$47 each, 3 for \$36 each, and 7 for \$29 each. How much did he receive for them all?
10. A grocer sold 86 pounds of sugar on Monday, 74 on Tuesday, 82 on Wednesday, 69 on Thursday, 58 on Friday, and as much on Saturday as on Monday and Wednesday together. How many pounds did he sell during the week?
11. 1,400 cabbage plants are to be planted in 40 rows. How many plants will there be in each row?
12. A train from New York to Philadelphia started with 265 passengers. 63 left the train at Newark, and 72 got on. 84 got on at New Brunswick, and 79 got off. 107 got on at Trenton, and 45 got off. How many were then on the train?
13. A man sold a house for \$2,650. What did the house cost him if he lost \$350 on the sale?
14. By selling a horse for \$175, I lost \$35. How much would I have gained or lost by selling the horse for \$190?
15. George Washington was born in 1732 and died at the age of 67. In what year did he die?
16. If a man saves \$25 per month, how many years will it take him to save enough to buy a lot for \$600, and to build upon it a house costing \$1,800?

17. A man and his son receive \$108 for 24 days' work. If the son earns $\$1\frac{1}{2}$ per day, what does the father receive per day?

18. A shoedealer buys 20 dozen pairs of shoes at \$1.75 per pair. What is the amount of his bill?

19. A farmer bought a horse for \$150, a cow for $\frac{2}{3}$ as much, and a pig for $\frac{1}{10}$ as much. What did he pay for the three?

20. There were 48 boys present in a certain class on Monday, 52 on Tuesday, 45 on Wednesday, 47 on Thursday, 38 on Friday. What was the average number present each day?

21. A woman gives three \$20 bills for two dresses, one costing \$24, and the other \$10 more. How much change does she receive?

22. What will be the cost of 4 loads of flour, 12 barrels to the load, at $\$4\frac{1}{2}$ per barrel?

23. Henry buys nine bats. He pays 25 cents for one, 15¢ each for two, and 5¢ each for three. If he pays a dollar for all, how much apiece does he pay for the others?

24. A man buys a piano for \$750, paying \$525 cash. How long will it take to pay the balance at \$25 per month?

25. A grocer has a box of eggs containing 30 dozen. How many will he have after selling two dollars' worth, at 80 eggs for a dollar?

415. Slate Exercises.

Multiply :

1. $6,793 \times 123$	7. $1,375 \times 656$	13. $478 \times 2,064$
2. $5,627 \times 135$	8. $1,286 \times 749$	14. $384 \times 2,506$
3. $3,798 \times 234$	9. $1,058 \times 809$	15. $269 \times 3,506$
4. $2,409 \times 361$	10. $1,054 \times 908$	16. $275 \times 3,025$
5. $1,789 \times 450$	11. $687 \times 1,025$	17. $177 \times 4,708$
6. $1,364 \times 547$	12. $572 \times 1,037$	18. $126 \times 4,009$

19. $143 \times 1\frac{1}{8}$	30. $192 \times 4,063$	41. $136 \times 25\frac{7}{8}$
20. $240 \times 2\frac{1}{12}$	31. $198 \times 5,009$	42. $192 \times 18\frac{5}{6}$
21. $132 \times 3\frac{2}{11}$	32. $158 \times 5,970$	43. $140 \times 43\frac{4}{5}$
22. $450 \times 4\frac{1}{10}$	33. $164 \times 6,002$	44. $124 \times 36\frac{3}{4}$
23. $189 \times 5\frac{2}{9}$	34. $143 \times 6,240$	45. $156 \times 61\frac{1}{8}$
24. $168 \times 6\frac{8}{9}$	35. $136 \times 7,003$	46. $198 \times 54\frac{1}{2}$
25. $217 \times 7\frac{7}{8}$	36. $127 \times 7,350$	47. $161 \times 109\frac{1}{4}$
26. $175 \times 9\frac{9}{10}$	37. $109 \times 8,034$	48. $189 \times 208\frac{1}{9}$
27. $252 \times 10\frac{1}{4}$	38. $119 \times 8,006$	49. $250 \times 307\frac{1}{10}$
28. $333 \times 11\frac{1}{3}$	39. $107 \times 9,067$	50. $240 \times 406\frac{1}{12}$
29. $328 \times 12\frac{1}{2}$	40. $106 \times 9,005$	51. $330 \times 209\frac{1}{11}$

416. Divide:

52. $64,347 \div 29$	69. $42,837 \div 987$	86. $92,518 \div 88$
53. $30,670 \div 39$	70. $495,869 \div 1,907$	87. $95,519 \div 98$
54. $79,323 \div 49$	71. $459,754 \div 1,971$	88. $20,367 \div 187$
55. $61,753 \div 59$	72. $819,676 \div 2,908$	89. $79,528 \div 286$
56. $71,290 \div 69$	73. $702,160 \div 3,907$	90. $32,525 \div 386$
57. $66,471 \div 79$	74. $814,972 \div 4,906$	91. $89,990 \div 489$
58. $54,283 \div 89$	75. $301,453 \div 5,905$	92. $529,429 \div 585$
59. $21,341 \div 99$	76. $740,183 \div 6,904$	93. $381,119 \div 687$
60. $42,897 \div 192$	77. $161,142 \div 7,908$	94. $748,137 \div 786$
61. $76,462 \div 293$	78. $451,099 \div 8,902$	95. $252,729 \div 885$
62. $35,441 \div 394$	79. $897,432 \div 9,901$	96. $142,705 \div 988$
63. $41,203 \div 495$	80. $16,225 \div 28$	97. $800,025 \div 974$
64. $24,120 \div 596$	81. $88,650 \div 38$	98. $170,460 \div 1,863$
65. $54,414 \div 697$	82. $36,826 \div 48$	99. $692,554 \div 2,864$
66. $64,671 \div 798$	83. $36,457 \div 58$	100. $919,155 \div 3,869$
67. $28,975 \div 891$	84. $95,120 \div 68$	101. $307,515 \div 4,867$
68. $99,685 \div 999$	85. $79,713 \div 78$	102. $987,654 \div 5,432$

103. $999,197 \div 10,301$	109. $984,410 \div 70,315$
104. $979,296 \div 20,402$	110. $962,952 \div 80,246$
105. $979,424 \div 30,607$	111. $999,999 \div 90,909$
106. $965,160 \div 40,215$	112. $543,180 \div 12,345$
107. $911,430 \div 50,635$	113. $774,048 \div 23,456$
108. $961,136 \div 60,071$	114. $760,474 \div 34,567$

THIRDS AND FIFTHS.

419. Oral Exercises.

When *halves* and *fifths* are to be added or subtracted, they must be changed to *tenths*. When we added or subtracted *fourths* and *fifths*, we changed both to *twentieths*. To what must we change *thirds* and *fifths* before we can find the sum of $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{1}{5}$, or the difference between them?

420. Sight Exercises.

1. $\frac{1}{6}$ $+\frac{1}{6}$ <hr/>	2. $5\frac{1}{5}$ $+3\frac{1}{5}$ <hr/>	3. $5\frac{1}{3}$ $-\frac{1}{3}$ <hr/>	4. $5\frac{1}{3}$ $-3\frac{1}{3}$ <hr/>	5. $\frac{3}{5}$ $+\frac{1}{5}$ <hr/>
6. $2\frac{2}{5}$ $+1\frac{1}{5}$ <hr/>	7. $\frac{2}{5}$ $-\frac{1}{5}$ <hr/>	8. $2\frac{2}{5}$ $-1\frac{1}{5}$ <hr/>	9. $\frac{2}{5}$ $+\frac{2}{5}$ <hr/>	10. $6\frac{2}{5}$ $+\frac{2}{5}$ <hr/>
11. $\frac{2}{3}$ $-\frac{2}{3}$ <hr/>	12. $1\frac{2}{3}$ $-1\frac{2}{3}$ <hr/>	13. $\frac{2}{3}$ $+\frac{2}{3}$ <hr/>	14. $7\frac{2}{3}$ $+\frac{2}{3}$ <hr/>	15. $\frac{2}{3}$ $-\frac{2}{3}$ <hr/>
16. $9\frac{4}{5}$ $-8\frac{4}{5}$ <hr/>	17. $9\frac{4}{5}$ $-8\frac{4}{5}$ <hr/>	18. $1\frac{4}{5}$ $+\frac{2}{5}$ <hr/>	19. 20 $-10\frac{4}{5}$ <hr/>	20. 16 $-8\frac{4}{5}$ <hr/>
21. $7\frac{1}{2}$ $+9\frac{1}{2}$ <hr/>	22. $8\frac{1}{2}$ $-3\frac{1}{2}$ <hr/>	23. $6\frac{1}{4}$ $+3\frac{1}{4}$ <hr/>	24. $5\frac{1}{2}$ $-1\frac{1}{2}$ <hr/>	25. $6\frac{1}{5}$ $-1\frac{1}{2}$ <hr/>
26. $2\frac{1}{4}$ $-2\frac{1}{4}$ <hr/>	27. $3\frac{2}{5}$ $+3\frac{1}{5}$ <hr/>	28. $6\frac{1}{2}$ $+2\frac{2}{5}$ <hr/>	29. $5\frac{3}{4}$ $-3\frac{3}{4}$ <hr/>	30. 10 $-8\frac{1}{4}$ <hr/>

421. Slate Exercises.

1. $1\frac{1}{3}$	2. $3\frac{1}{3}$	3. $5\frac{1}{5}$	4. $10\frac{2}{5}$	5. $25\frac{2}{3}$
$+\frac{1}{5}$	$+\frac{1}{5}$	$+\frac{21}{5}$	$+\frac{61}{5}$	$+\frac{124}{5}$
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
6. $18\frac{1}{5}$	7. $29\frac{2}{5}$	8. $37\frac{3}{5}$	9. $64\frac{4}{5}$	10. $91\frac{1}{5}$
$-5\frac{1}{5}$	$-18\frac{1}{5}$	$-6\frac{2}{5}$	$-56\frac{3}{5}$	$-20\frac{4}{5}$
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

422. Add:

11. $8\frac{1}{5}$	12. $11\frac{1}{5}$	13. $24\frac{4}{5}$	14. $64\frac{1}{5}$	15. $30\frac{2}{5}$
$3\frac{1}{5}$	$9\frac{1}{5}$	$28\frac{1}{5}$	$20\frac{1}{5}$	$30\frac{1}{5}$
$7\frac{1}{5}$	$6\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{1}{5}$	$14\frac{4}{5}$	$30\frac{2}{5}$
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
16. $6\frac{1}{2}$	17. $25\frac{1}{5}$	18. $47\frac{1}{2}$	19. $21\frac{1}{3}$	20. 32
$17\frac{3}{8}$	18	$23\frac{4}{5}$	$5\frac{1}{6}$	$9\frac{1}{2}$
20	$31\frac{3}{5}$	$6\frac{3}{4}$	8	$16\frac{3}{4}$
$3\frac{1}{4}$	$2\frac{1}{5}$	9	$16\frac{1}{2}$	$4\frac{7}{8}$
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
21. $16\frac{1}{8}$	22. 38	23. $60\frac{1}{8}$	24. $28\frac{5}{8}$	25. $25\frac{1}{2}$
$59\frac{4}{5}$	$47\frac{1}{2}$	$20\frac{1}{4}$	$27\frac{5}{8}$	35
$9\frac{1}{8}$	$12\frac{1}{4}$	10	$29\frac{5}{8}$	$15\frac{3}{4}$
3	$\frac{1}{8}$	$4\frac{1}{8}$	8	$5\frac{3}{8}$
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
26. $1\frac{3}{4}$	27. $14\frac{1}{2}$	28. $59\frac{1}{8}$	29. $87\frac{1}{2}$	30. $69\frac{1}{4}$
$2\frac{3}{4}$	$25\frac{3}{8}$	$23\frac{1}{8}$	$2\frac{1}{4}$	$15\frac{3}{8}$
$3\frac{3}{4}$	$36\frac{1}{4}$	$6\frac{1}{8}$	$5\frac{1}{8}$	$8\frac{1}{8}$
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

423. Subtract:

31. 90	32. 67	33. 84	34. 35	35. $48\frac{4}{5}$
$18\frac{4}{5}$	$63\frac{4}{5}$	$59\frac{2}{5}$	$16\frac{1}{5}$	27
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
36. $59\frac{1}{4}$	37. $72\frac{1}{8}$	38. $63\frac{3}{8}$	39. $22\frac{3}{4}$	40. $41\frac{5}{6}$
$16\frac{1}{4}$	$28\frac{1}{8}$	$44\frac{1}{8}$	$8\frac{1}{8}$	$6\frac{3}{4}$
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

*SIGHT DRILLS.***424.** Give sums:

130 + 80	360 + 200	131 + 62	3,000 + 6,000
20 + 290	200 + 790	245 + 30	5,000 + 4,000
380 + 70	150 + 600	372 + 23	2,000 + 7,000
50 + 490	400 + 540	411 + 84	4,000 + 3,000

425. Give differences:

210 - 130	1,500 - 600	193 - 62	9,000 - 6,000
320 - 90	1,100 - 700	193 - 131	8,000 - 3,000
450 - 380	1,400 - 800	275 - 245	7,000 - 5,000
540 - 60	1,700 - 900	275 - 30	6,000 - 2,000

426. Give products:

81 × 8	200 × 8	61 × 6	84 × $\frac{3}{4}$	121 × 4
21 × 9	300 × 7	84 × 2	39 × $\frac{2}{3}$	224 × 2
42 × 4	400 × 6	91 × 5	96 × $\frac{1}{2}$	321 × 3
73 × 3	500 × 5	71 × 7	78 × $\frac{1}{3}$	432 × 2

427. Give quotients:

248 ÷ 8	248 ÷ 31	4,200 ÷ 700	4,200 ÷ 6	188 ÷ 2
189 ÷ 9	168 ÷ 21	4,800 ÷ 600	4,800 ÷ 8	279 ÷ 3
168 ÷ 4	126 ÷ 42	2,700 ÷ 300	2,700 ÷ 9	284 ÷ 4
219 ÷ 3	219 ÷ 73	3,600 ÷ 900	3,600 ÷ 4	155 ÷ 5

428. Add:

$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{8}$
$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{3}{4}$
$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{8}$
$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{8}$

429. Oral Problems.

1. What two numbers are contained in 26 without a remainder?

A number that divides another exactly, is called a *factor* of it.

2. Find two factors of 34.
 3. What part of an hour is 15 minutes?
 4. When tea is 60 cents a pound, how much can be bought for 30 cents?
 5. Find two factors of 39.
 6. If dress goods are worth 20 cents a yard, what part of a yard can be bought for 15 cents?
 7. 16 hours is what part of a day?
 8. I have a gallon of milk. How many quarts and pints will I have after selling 2 quarts and 1 pint?
 9. Find two factors of 93.
 10. When cheese is 16 cents a pound, how many ounces can be bought for 10 cents?
 11. There are 60 seconds in a minute. How many seconds in $\frac{2}{3}$ of a minute?
 12. When ribbon is 60 cents a yard, what part of a yard can be bought for 40 cents?

437. Slate Exercises.

Multiply :

1. $9,304 \times 28$	7. $6,042 \times 88$
2. $2,898 \times 38$	8. $1,823 \times 98$
3. $8,063 \times 48$	9. $7,204 \times 27$
4. $4,093 \times 58$	10. $4,785 \times 37$
5. $7,435 \times 68$	11. $7,003 \times 47$
6. $7,624 \times 78$	12. $9,438 \times 57$

13. $7,508 \times 67$	32. 686×237
14. $4,605 \times 77$	33. 417×348
15. $4,001 \times 87$	34. 285×457
16. $8,057 \times 97$	35. 149×568
17. $8,924 \times 8\frac{1}{2}$	36. 893×647
18. $7,634 \times 8\frac{1}{3}$	37. 247×786
19. $7,837 \times 7\frac{1}{4}$	38. 918×879
20. $8,766 \times 9\frac{1}{5}$	39. 865×965
21. $4,259 \times 18\frac{1}{6}$	40. 706×987
22. $5,987 \times 19\frac{1}{7}$	41. $749 \times 123\frac{1}{2}$
23. $7,698 \times 28\frac{2}{3}$	42. $879 \times 234\frac{1}{8}$
24. $7,899 \times 39\frac{3}{4}$	43. $872 \times 345\frac{1}{4}$
25. $8,907 \times 48\frac{4}{5}$	44. $643 \times 456\frac{1}{6}$
26. $7,482 \times 59\frac{5}{6}$	45. $654 \times 607\frac{1}{8}$
27. $7,098 \times 68\frac{6}{7}$	46. $797 \times 708\frac{1}{7}$
28. $6,905 \times 79\frac{7}{8}$	47. $468 \times 809\frac{1}{5}$
29. $5,407 \times 89\frac{8}{9}$	48. $543 \times 901\frac{1}{5}$
30. $8,908 \times 98\frac{9}{10}$	49. $809 \times 706\frac{2}{3}$
31. 792×128	50. $698 \times 504\frac{3}{4}$

438. Divide:

51. $98,461 \div 27$	60. $35,186 \div 36$
52. $87,925 \div 37$	61. $99,328 \div 46$
53. $47,129 \div 47$	62. $17,441 \div 56$
54. $89,990 \div 57$	63. $76,370 \div 66$
55. $21,882 \div 67$	64. $81,552 \div 76$
56. $54,754 \div 77$	65. $90,139 \div 86$
57. $31,417 \div 87$	66. $30,190 \div 96$
58. $42,784 \div 97$	67. $17,363 \div 273$
59. $85,743 \div 26$	68. $64,071 \div 372$

69.	28,181 ÷	475	85.	925,182 ÷	4,756
70.	10,469 ÷	574	86.	669,100 ÷	5,747
71.	55,230 ÷	677	87.	368,325 ÷	6,774
72.	96,117 ÷	776	88.	529,492 ÷	7,765
73.	19,174 ÷	879	89.	258,865 ÷	8,792
74.	32,430 ÷	978	90.	748,137 ÷	9,783
75.	867,142 ÷	269	91.	364,570 ÷	2,692
76.	136,204 ÷	368	92.	840,910 ÷	3,683
77.	191,602 ÷	467	93.	137,971 ÷	4,674
78.	514,270 ÷	566	94.	678,457 ÷	5,665
79.	618,642 ÷	665	95.	317,857 ÷	6,656
80.	352,170 ÷	764	96.	745,000 ÷	7,647
81.	360,126 ÷	863	98.	439,955 ÷	8,638
82.	253,415 ÷	962	98.	607,050 ÷	9,629
83.	699,512 ÷	2,738	99.	197,952 ÷	27,387
84.	736,012 ÷	3,729	100.	200,000 ÷	37,298

439.*ROMAN NOTATION.*

1	I	10	X	100	C	1,000	M
2	II	20	XX	200	CC	2,000	MM
3	III	30	XXX	300	CCC	3,000	MMM
4	IV (⁽⁵⁻¹⁾)	40	XL (⁽⁵⁰⁻¹⁰⁾)	400	CD (⁽⁵⁰⁰⁻¹⁰⁰⁾)	4,000	<u>IV</u>
5	V	50	L	500	D	5,000	<u>V</u>
6	VI	60	LX	600	DC	6,000	<u>VI</u>
7	VII	70	LXX	700	DCC	7,000	<u>VII</u>
8	VIII	80	LXXX	800	DCCC	8,000	<u>VIII</u>
9	IX (⁽¹⁰⁻¹⁾)	90	XC (⁽¹⁰⁰⁻¹⁰⁾)	900	CM (⁽¹⁰⁰⁰⁻¹⁰⁰⁾)	9,000	<u>IX</u>

440. Write in Roman numerals:

101	125	147	169	184	199	214	238
256	279	304	328	345	372	386	399

441. Read:

XCIX	CXXI	CCIV	CCXXIX
CCCIX	LXXVIII	CCCXLIX	LXXXIV
CCCXXIX	CCLXXII	CCCLXXXV	CCXCVIII

442. Write in Roman numerals:

459	563	674	708	891	999	1,001
1,123	1,234	1,345	1,567	1,609	1,745	1,893

443. Read:

CCLXXXIV	MDCCXXV	DCXLIII
MDCLXV	CCCLXXXV	DCCCXCVI
MDCCXLVIII	CDXCVI	MDCCLXXXIX

444. A dash above a letter or combination of letters in Roman notation increases its value a thousand fold. $\overline{IV} = 4,000$, $\overline{X} = 10,000$.

445. NOTE.—Owing to its very limited application, time should not be spent unnecessarily on Roman notation.

446. Can you mention some uses? How is 4 expressed on the face of a clock? In which other way than the one given can 9 be written with Roman numerals? 40? 90? 400?

NUMBER.

White's Two Years with Numbers. Number Lessons for second and third year pupils. 40 cts.

Atwood's Complete Graded Arithmetic. Present a carefully graded course in arithmetic, to begin with the fourth year and continue through the eighth year. Part I. 200 pages. Cloth. 40 cts. Part II. 382 pages. Half leather. 75 cts.

Walsh's Mathematics for Common Schools. Special features of this work are its division into half-yearly chapters instead of the arrangement by topics; the omission, as far as possible, of rules and definitions; the great number and variety of the problems; the use of the equation in solution of arithmetical problems; and the introduction of the elements of algebra and geometry. Part I. 218 pages. 35 cts. Part. II. 252 pages. 40 cts. Part III. 365 pages. Half leather. 75 cts.

Sutton and Kimbrough's Pupils' Series of Arithmetics.

PRIMARY BOOK. Embraces the four fundamental operations in all their simple relations. 80 pages. Boards. 22 cts.

INTERMEDIATE BOOK. Embraces practical work through the four operations cancellation, factoring and properties of numbers, simple and decimal fractions, percentage and simple interest. 128 pages. Boards. 25 cts.

LOWER BOOK. Combines in one volume the Primary and Intermediate Books. 208 pages. Boards, 30 cts. Cloth. 45 cts.

HIGHER Book. A compact volume for efficient work which makes clear all necessary theory. 275 pages. Half leather. 70 cts.

Safford's Mathematical Teaching. Presents the best methods of teaching, from primary arithmetic to the calculus. Paper. 25 cts.

Badlam's Aids to Number. For Teachers. First Series. Consists of 25 cards for sight-work with objects from one to ten. 40 cts.

Badlam's Aids to Number. For Pupils. First Series. Supplements the above with material for slate work. Leatherette. 30 cts.

Badlam's Aids to Number. For Teachers. Second Series. Teachers' sight-work with objects above ten. 40 cts.

Badlam's Aids to Number. For Pupils. Second Series. Supplements above with material for slate work from 10 to 20. Leatherette. 30 cts.

Badlam's Number Chart. 11 x 14 inches. Designed to aid in teaching the four fundamental rules in lowest primary grades. 5 cts. each; per hundred \$4.00.

Luddington's Picture Problems. 70 cards, 3 x 5 inches, in colors, to teach by pictures combinations from one to ten. 65 cts.

Pierce's Review Number Cards. Two cards, 7 x 9, for rapid work for second and third year pupils. 3 cts. each; per hundred \$2.40.

Howland's Drill Card. For rapid practice work in middle grades. 3 cts. each; per hundred \$2.40.

For advanced work see our list of books in Mathematics.

**D. C. HEATH & CO., PUBLISHERS,
BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO.**

ENGLISH LITERATURE.

Hawthorne and Lemmon's American Literature. A manual for high schools and academies. \$1.25.

Meiklejohn's History of English Language and Literature. For high schools and colleges. A compact and reliable statement of the essentials; also included in Meiklejohn's English Language (see under English Language). 90 cts.

Meiklejohn's History of English Literature. 116 pages. Part IV of English Literature, above. 45 cts.

Hodgkins' Studies in English Literature. Gives full lists of aids for laboratory method. Scott, Lamb, Wordsworth, Coleridge, Byron, Shelley, Keats, Macaulay, Dickens, Thackeray, Robert Browning, Mrs. Browning, Carlyle, George Eliot, Tennyson, Rossetti, Arnold, Ruskin, Irving, Bryant, Hawthorne, Longfellow, Emerson, Whittier, Holmes, and Lowell. A separate pamphlet on each author. Price 5 cts. each, or per hundred, \$3.00; complete in cloth (adjustable file cover, \$1.50). \$1.00.

Scudder's Shelley's Prometheus Unbound. With introduction and copious notes. 70 cts.

George's Wordsworth's Prelude. Annotated for high school and college. Never before published alone. 80 cts.

George's Selections from Wordsworth. 168 poems chosen with a view to illustrate the growth of the poet's mind and art. \$1.00.

George's Wordsworth's Prefaces and Essays on Poetry. Contains the best of Wordsworth's prose. 60 cts.

George's Webster's Speeches. Nine select speeches with notes. \$1.50.

George's Burke's American Orations. Cloth. 65 cts.

George's Syllabus of English Literature and History. Shows in parallel columns, the progress of History and Literature. 20 cts.

Corson's Introduction to Browning. A guide to the study of Browning's Poetry. Also has 33 poems with notes. \$1.50.

Corson's Introduction to the Study of Shakespeare. A critical study of Shakespeare's art, with examination questions. \$1.50.

Corson's Introduction to the Study of Milton. *In press.*

Corson's Introduction to the Study of Chaucer. *In press.*

Cook's Judith. The Old English epic poem, with introduction, translation, glossary and fac-simile page. \$1.60. Students' edition without translation. 35 cts.

Cook's The Bible and English Prose Style. Approaches the study of the Bible from the literary side. 60 cts.

Simonds' Sir Thomas Wyatt and his Poems. 168 pages. With biography, and critical analysis of his poems. 75 cts.

Hall's Beowulf. A metrical translation. \$1.00. Students' edition. 35 cts.

Norton's Heart of Oak Books. A series of five volumes giving selections from the choicest English literature.

Phillips's History and Literature in Grammar Grades. An essay showing the intimate relation of the two subjects. 15 cts.

See also our list of books for the study of the English Language.

D. C. HEATH & CO., PUBLISHERS.

BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO.

GEOGRAPHY AND MAPS.

Heath's Practical School Maps. Each 30 x 40 inches. Printed from new plates and showing latest political changes. The common school set consists of Hemispheres, No. America, So. America, Europe, Africa, Asia, United States. Eyeletted for hanging on wall, singly, \$1.25; per set of seven, \$7.00. Mounted on cloth and rollers. Singly, \$2.00. Mounted on cloth per set of seven, \$12.00. Sunday School set. Canaan and Palestine. Singly, \$1.25; per set of two, \$2.00. Mounted, \$2.00 each.

Heath's Outline Map of the United States. Invaluable for marking territorial growth and for the graphic representation of all geographical and historical matter. Small (desk) size, 2 cents each; \$1.50 per hundred. Intermediate size, 30 cents each. Large size, 50 cts.

Historical Outline Map of Europe. 12 x 18 inches, on bond paper, in black outline. 3 cents each; per hundred, \$2.25.

Jackson's Astronomical Geography. Simple enough for grammar schools. Used for a brief course in high school. 40 cts.

Map of Ancient History. Outline for recording historical growth and statistics (14 x 17 in.), 3 cents each; per 100, \$2.25.

Nichols' Topics in Geography. A guide for pupils' use from the primary through the eighth grade. 65 cts.

Picturesque Geography. 12 lithograph plates, 15 x 20 inches, and pamphlet describing their use. Per set, \$3.00; mounted, \$5.00.

Progressive Outline Maps: United States, *World on Mercator's Projection (12 x 20 in.); North America, South America, Europe, *Central and Western Europe, Africa, Asia, Australia, *British Isles, *England, *Greece, *Italy, New England, Middle Atlantic States, Southern States, Southern States—western section, Central Eastern States, Central Western States, Pacific States, New York, Ohio, The Great Lakes, Washington (State), *Palestine (each 10 x 12 in.). For the graphic representation by the pupil of geography, geology, history, meteorology, economics, and statistics of all kinds. 2 cents each; per hundred, \$1.50.

Those marked with Star (*) are also printed in black outline for use in teaching history.

Redway's Manual of Geography. I. Hints to Teachers; II. Modern Facts and Ancient Fancies. 65 cts.

Redway's Reproduction of Geographical Forms. I. Sand and Clay-Modelling; II. Map Drawing and Projection. Paper. 30 cts.

Roney's Student's Outline Map of England. For use in English History and Literature, to be filled in by pupils. 5 cts.

Trotter's Lessons in the New Geography. Treats geography from the human point of view. Adapted for use as a text-book or as a reader. *In press.*

D. C. HEATH & CO., PUBLISHERS,
BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO.

SCIENCE.

Shaler's First Book in Geology. For high school, or highest class in grammar school. \$1.10. Bound in boards for supplementary reader. 70 cts.

Ballard's World of Matter. A Guide to Mineralogy and Chemistry. \$1.00.

Shepard's Inorganic Chemistry. Descriptive and Qualitative; experimental and inductive; leads the student to observe and think. For high schools and colleges. \$1.25.

Shepard's Briefer Course in Chemistry; with Chapter on Organic Chemistry. Designed for schools giving a half year or less to the subject, and schools limited in laboratory facilities. 90 cts.

Shepard's Organic Chemistry. The portion on organic chemistry in Shepard's Briefer Course is bound in paper separately. Paper. 30 cts.

Shepard's Laboratory Note-Book. Blanks for experiments: tables for the reactions of metallic salts. Can be used with any chemistry. Boards. 40 cts.

Benton's Guide to General Chemistry. A manual for the laboratory. 40 cts.

Remsen's Organic Chemistry. An Introduction to the Study of the Compounds of Carbon. For students of the pure science, or its application to arts. \$1.30.

Orndorff's Laboratory Manual. Containing directions for a course of experiments in Organic Chemistry, arranged to accompany Remsen's Chemistry. Boards. 40 cts.

Coit's Chemical Arithmetic. With a short system of Elementary Qualitative Analysis. For high schools and colleges. 60 cts.

Grabfield and Burns' Chemical Problems. For preparatory schools. 60 cts.

Chute's Practical Physics. A laboratory book for high schools and colleges studying physics experimentally. Gives free details for laboratory work. \$1.25.

Colton's Practical Zoology. Gives a clear idea of the subject as a whole, by the careful study of a few typical animals. 90 cts.

Boyer's Laboratory Manual in Elementary Biology. A guide to the study of animals and plants, and is so constructed as to be of no help to the pupil unless he actually studies the specimens.

Clark's Methods in Microscopy. This book gives in detail descriptions of methods that will lead any careful worker to successful results in microscopic manipulation. \$1.60.

Spalding's Introduction to Botany. Practical Exercises in the Study of Plants by the laboratory method. 90 cts.

Whiting's Physical Measurement. Intended for students in Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Surveying, Astronomical Work, Chemical Analysis, Physical Investigation, and other branches in which accurate measurements are required.

- I. Fifty measurements in Density, Heat, Light, and Sound. \$1.30.
- II. Fifty measurements in Sound, Dynamics, Magnetism, Electricity. \$1.30.
- III. Principles and Methods of Physical Measurement, Physical Laws and Principles, and Mathematical and Physical Tables. \$1.30.
- IV. Appendix for the use of Teachers, including examples of observation and reduction. Part IV is needed by students only when working without a teacher. \$1.30.

Parts I-III, in one vol., \$3.25. Parts I-IV, in one vol., \$4.00.

Williams's Modern Petrography. An account of the application of the microscope to the study of geology. Paper. 25 cts.

For elementary works see our list of books in Elementary Science.

D. C. HEATH & CO., PUBLISHERS.

BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO.

